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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXV NO. 270 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Roosevelt Plan To Fight Coming Crisis

GOVT.'S CALL TO PRESERVE PEACE

Serious Situation In Ahmedabad And Sholapur

Cr. Law Amendment Act To Meet Situation: Police To Be Reinforced

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Government of Bombay view with great concern the strike situation in Ahmedabad, where some eighteen mills are involved. It has been reported that peaceful and willing workers are being intimidated and that cases of rowdyism and violence are increasing. Grave breaches of the peace are apprehended.

In consequence Government have issued a notification under the Criminal Law Amendment Act declaring the offence of criminal intimidation committed within the municipal limits of Ahmedabad City to be cognizable and non-bailable and have directed that additional police should be despatched immediately. Government trust that all citizens will co-operate in maintaining peaceful conditions.

Having regard to conditions in Sholapur, as detailed in a press note issued on the 13th instant, Government have also issued a notification declaring the offence of criminal intimidation to be cognizable and non-bailable within the municipal limits of that City.

BAN ON WEAPONS IN MILL AREA

Ahmedabad Police Chief's Order

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 15

The weavers of two more mills struck work this afternoon. The District Magistrate, accompanied by the District Police Superintendent, went round the mill areas and later issued an order under the District Police Act prohibiting the carrying of any weapons in the Mill areas for a period of one month.

Meanwhile the Labour Association has succeeded in bringing about settlement in two mills, whose operatives resume work tomorrow.—A. P.

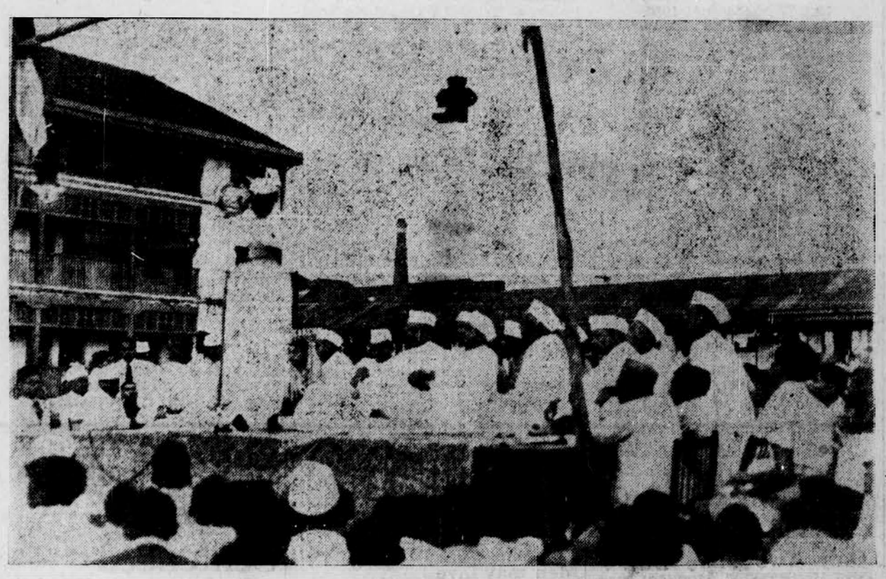
SEVENTEEN MILLS AFFECTED

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 15.

The strike situation is getting worse. Workers of five more mills have downed tools and joined the ranks of the strikers. There was tense excitement in the mill area. Additional police has been drafted to the mill area and lathi police are stationed in strategic centres.

The total number of mills affected is 17 and the total number of strikers 8,000.—United Press.

(EARLIER NEWS ON PAGE 12.)



Workers' reception to Bombay Ministers on Sunday at Delisle Road.

NANKING TO FALL BY X'MAS!

But China Prepares To Face Attack

LONDON, November 15.

The Japanese are converging from three sides on Soochow, China's Venice, which is now partly in ruins owing to terriffic bombardments. The next Chinese line of defence is expected to be based at Wusih, one of China's biggest manufacturing centres, where the Chinese hold a strongly fortified line.

It is now clear that the next big Japanese objective is Nanking which, a number of foreign observers predict, will be in Japanese hands by Christmas. Defences inside and outside the capital are rapidly being strengthened.—Reuter

JAPANESE OUT TO ANNEX NANKING

SHANGHAI, Nov. 15.

The Japanese, continuing their advance, are rapidly pressing on towards Quinsan from where the Chinese forces are withdrawing towards Soochow.

It is now clear that the Japanese objective is Nanking.

They are expected shortly to attempt to break the Yangtse boom in order to enable them to land further troops for flanking movements and allow their warships to sail up the river and bombard Nanking.

The Chinese are busily strengthening their defences at Nanking, but many foreigners predict that the Japanese will be in Nanking by Christmas.—Reuter.

JAPS NEAR CAPITAL OF SHANTUNG

PEIPING: Nov. 15.

The Japanese claim to have reached a point 15 miles from Tsinan, the Capital of Shantung, and captured Tsiyang on the left bank of the Yellow River to the East of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway.—Reuter.

SOOCHOW BOMBED TO RUINS

NANKING: Nov. 15.

The Japanese rained over 700 bombs on Soochow in the past 24 hours. The city is now in ruins.

The Japanese have thus fulfilled their threat of destruction.

Telegraphic and telephonic communications in Nanking are interrupted. Since the Government are determined to defend Nanking at all costs, a heavy exodus is progressing, chiefly to points up-river to which steamers and 'buses are crowded to full capacity, but the Government are remaining here. —Reuter.

Neel Statue To Be Removed

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

The following communique has been issued by the Ministry of Public Information "The Government of Madras have decided, in deference to public sentiment as expressed from time to time, to order the removal of the Neel Statue from its present site and its preservation within the precinct of the Government Museum, Madras."—A. P.

Bombing Frontier Villages

No New Policy In Use Of Air Force: Question In Commons

LONDON, November 15.

Lord Stanley replying to Mr. Haden Guest in the House of Commons said that no new policy was adopted in the use of the Air Force on the North-West Frontier, particularly in bombing villages.

Mr. Haden Guest asked if the Government thought that the bombing was justified by the expense in view of the fact that 1,260 hours were spent in flying and only 66 hours and 20 minutes in bombing.

Lord Stanley thought that the White Paper conclusively proved that it was justified.—Reuter.

No Reduction Of Cotton Freight Rates?

Serious Disturbance Of Budgetary Position Cited As Reason

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

Little hope of reduction of cotton freights is expected in spite of the telegraphic representations made to the Railway Board and the Viceroy by the East India Cotton Association and other commercial bodies with a view to relieve the slump in cotton prices.

Close and careful consideration is being given to a plethora of representations received, but when officials use such language in press inquiries, it is safe to conclude that there will be nothing doing.

It appears that the Railway Department feel that any reduction will seriously affect their budgetary position and since every effort is being made to make funds available to provinces under the Niemeyer Award, it is doubtful if the Central Government will take any risks by making changes, however, desirable in railway rates or freights—at least not till the end of the financial year.

ANGLO-U. S. TRADE PACT & BURMA RICE

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Sir Reginald Dorman-Smith asked Mr. Oliver Stanley in the House of Commons for an assurance that the Government of Burma would be consulted with regard to the effect of Burma's rice industry of any modification of preferences on rice, in connection with the proposed trade agreement with the United States.

Mr. Oliver Stanley said this would obviously be the case.—Reuter.

Jute Mills Start Work

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

The strikers of the Cheviot Mill, Budge Budge, resumed work today. The Caledonia Mill, also at Budge Budge, is working partially and it is expected that normal working will be restored to-morrow.—A. P.

Small Traders To Be Encouraged

PURCHASING POWER MUST BE MAINTAINED

Legislation To Banish Child Labour And Sweating

WASHINGTON, November 15.

A stimulating speech, promising encouragement for smaller business, was delivered by President Roosevelt at the opening of the special session of the Congress. While the recent trade recession had not reached serious proportions, it had the effect of decreasing national income. Therefore, it had become a matter of definite concern.

Wisdom Not Lost

From discussions he had, it was clear that there was sufficient wisdom in the country not merely to check the recession, but to lay the ground for a more permanent recovery. There was no reason for a prolonged recession, let alone a general paralysis.

Call For Private Capital

President Roosevelt added: "The immediate task is to increase the use of private capital. Private enterprise with Government co-operation can advance industrial activity to higher levels than in the earlier part this year. If private enterprise does not respond, Government must take up the slack".

The President foreshadowed modification of the incidence of taxation notably in favour of small businessmen who would thus be able to compete with more powerful competitors, and check the growing monopolistic practices. In recent weeks farmers were again facing acute surpluses and falling prices. Matters like railways and other public utilities were receiving renewed examination, but on account of unsound financing over many years, solutions would be difficult. If the new Farm Act provided an expenditure fund beyond the regular budget estimates, means should be provided to yield additional revenue.

The country realised the need of immediate congressional action if they were to maintain wage income and purchasing power of the nation. President Roosevelt foreshadowed legislation regulating interstate commerce and designed to banish child labour and protect workers against sweating. The President finally advocated Regional Planning Boards for conservation and development of national resources to avoid waste and give the nation its money's worth from the national funds they expend.—Reuter.

Expansion Of Rural Credit Facilities

RECOMMENDATIONS BY MESSRS. VAIKUNTH MEHTA AND BHANSALI

The Committee appointed by the Revenue Minister to enquire into the question of Rural Credit, has, it is understood, submitted their report to the Government. They have made recommendations, which when Government approve and implement would go a long way in giving greater facilities to agriculturists in getting credit.

In this connection, it is understood, that the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai has called a conference of about 20 well known and prominent Co-operators to meet at the Secretariat on the 21st instant, to discuss the recommendations of the Committee, before Government takes action, most of which will be Executive.

It might be remembered that about a couple of months ago, the Minister appointed Messrs Vaikunt Mehta and Bhansali, Registrar of the Co-operative Societies to go into the whole question of Rural Credit and make recommendations to increase facilities to the agriculturists to get credit through Co-operative Banks and Land Mortgage Banks. The Committee went through the whole question and after making a thorough study have made their recommendations.

In this connection it might be interesting to note that the Bombay Banking Enquiry Committee presided over by Mr. J. A. Madan estimated the Rural Indebtedness of the Province excluding Sind at 60 crores of rupees. Since then attempts have been made to see that the agriculturists get long term loans through Co-operative Banks and Land Mortgage Banks. It is through an Executive Order that the Government has provided that the interest on Loans should not exceed 9-3/8 per cent. In spite of these facilities the agriculturists have been finding difficulties in getting loans in time. There are several restrictions which hamper a needy agriculturist from getting the loan at the time he wants.

It appears that the Committee has recommended amendments of several bye-laws which act as impediments in getting the loans and attempts at removing several restrictions.

It has been reported that the Committee has recommended that the Provincial Co-operative Institute should be abolished. Enquiries show that there is absolutely no truth in it.

CAWNPORE LABOUR INQUIRY

Mazdoor Sabha And Employers Submit Memoranda

CAWNPORE, Nov. 15.

The Cawnpore Labour Enquiry Committee met this afternoon at Circut House. In the absence of Babu Rajendra Prasad on account of illness Prof. S. K. Rudra presided. The other members were Sir, Tracy Gavin-Jones and Mr. Hariharnath Sastri.

The Employers Association and the Mazdoor Sabha have submitted their memoranda, which will be considered to-morrow.

It is understood that the Mazdoor Sabha passed the question of settling the dispute in two mills, the workmen of which are at present on strike preliminary to holding meetings of the Committee, but the Employers Association have objected to this on the grounds that the question is outside the terms of reference of the Committee.

The Committee have postponed consideration on it and some other points.—A. P.

FITY-SIX ARRESTED

Sequel To Clash Amongst Almsmen

CAWNPORE, Nov. 15.

Lathis, stones, axes and other missiles were used in a scuffle between two sections of Gangaputra (Almsmen) at Ganga Ghat to-day, in which twelve persons were seriously injured A police force was rushed to the spot and restored order.

Fifty-six persons have been arrested.—A. P.

BATLIWALA APPEAL

Petition For Bail In High Court

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

An appeal was filed to-day in the High Court on behalf of Mr. S. S. Batliwala, against his conviction and the sentence passed on him by the Sessions Judge of Nellore.

A petition was also filed for his release on bail, pending the disposal of appeal petition, which will probably come up for hearing to-morrow.—A P

STOP PRESS

BRUSSELS ADOPTS DRAFT DECLARATION

BRUSSELLS, Nov. 15.

The Conference adopted the Draft Declaration.

Italy voted adversely while Norway, Sweden and Denmark abstained after explaining that they did not oppose the Declaration itself but did not wish to vote for it. The Conference adjourned until 3 p. m. on November 22.—Reuter.

BRITAIN AND AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Already Britain had a supply of gas masks for the civil population better than any other country in Europe, declared Sir Samuel Hoare in the debate on the Air Raid Precautions Bill in the House of Commons.

He urged that Britain had got to make aeroplanes as little dangerous to the British Empire as they had made the submarine. Already many local authorities had prepared comprehensive schemes for defence and 200,000 men and women had volunteered for air raid protections.—Reuter.

Figure Words Competition
Will Close
TO-MORROW, 17TH NOV.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted Suitable Match for an educated Rajput girl and for a boy reading in M.Sc., LL.B. final. Box No. 9375, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wealthy, Bombay Sunni bachelor highly educated, guaranteed character 25, desires marrying modern or orthodox girl of equal status. No Shia-Sunni restriction. Write Box No. 9353, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

The Hindustan Mutual Commercial Forests, Ltd., Delhi, invites applications from experienced respectable gentlemen in our Forest and Investment Branches for various positions on liberal pay and allowances ranging from Rs. 75 to Rs. 300, according to qualifications. (9377)

Wanted Matrics, Non-Matrics, Graduates, Lawyers, Engineers, Doctors, Overseers and Teachers to consult Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (9376)

Wanted—A smart nationalist Assistant Editor, News Editor, Sports Editor, Short-hand Reporter, Advertisement Representative for Bombay, for our English Daily "Advance". Apply stating qualifications, experience and lowest salary acceptable to Mr. M. C. Agrawalla, 14|1A, Shambhu Chatterji Street, Calcutta. (7237)

Wanted Candidates—"The Way to Big Pay" on sending addressed envelope.—Bombay Service Institute, 203, Hornby Road, Bombay. (9367)

Wanted Canvassers in all important towns for our superior quality hand-woven materials. Apply Ananda Vilas Wvg. Co., Kara, Eranhipalam Post, S. India. (9369)

Wanted—An energetic, experienced B.Ag., as Agricultural Superintendent for Idar State. Starting pay Rs. 100 with T.A. according to State Rules. A person well acquainted with propaganda methods for rural uplift work and co-operative societies in addition to practical knowledge of improved methods of agriculture would be preferred. Dewan, Idar State, Himatnagar. (7221)

174. BOOKS

Twenty per cent Discount—I have the pleasure to invite your attention to the fact that in the Blissful Advent of Glorious Ramazaan, it has been announced periodically for a month, for those beneficent lovers and tasteful Votaries of the best and true knowledge of the religious concern or interest, to allow on our all publications or the like:—(1) Twenty per cent discount to those, who are pleased to avail of this opportunity, with requisitions of at least Ten Rupees at once stock despatch. (2) In addition to this, no extra expenditure like freight, postage, packing or the like will be charged from those, whose remittance will be received in advance for Twenty Rupees to purchase our own published works. The list of our publications can be had free of charge. "Al-Hilal Book Agency," Faarooque Gunj Road, outside Sheranwala Gate, Lahore. (7295)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Sydenham College of Commerce, Bombay: Shorthand Classes (Pitman's System) are being held at the College from 8-30 to 10 a.m. every day except Saturdays. Fees: Rs. 20 and Rs. 16 per term for Elementary and Speed Classes respectively. Admissions are made daily. For admission and other particulars apply to the Principal. (7229)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion ..	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ..	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ..	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ..	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

The 47TH EXHIBITION WILL BE HELD at the TOWN HALL, Bombay, in January, 1938. For prospectus apply to the Hon. Secretary, Bombay Art Society, Secretariat, Fort, Bombay. 7239

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of one MEDICAL OFFICER the grade of which is Rs. 60-7-150 for an L.C.P.S. and Rs. 75-5-200 for an M.B.B.S. and for the post of one nurse possessing the diploma of B.P.N.A. in the grade of Rs. 45-3-70. The selected candidate will be on one year's probation. Applications stating age, caste, previous experience and accompanied by copies of testimonials, should reach the undersigned, on or before the 2nd December 1937.

THE SELECTED CANDIDATE WILL BE DEBARRED FROM PRIVATE PRACTICE.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Public Health Department,
Ahmedabad Municipality,
13th November, 1937.
7236.

THE MERCANTILE PRESS CO LTD.,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HARIDAS VALLABHDAS one of the trustees of the Debenture Trust Deed of the above company dated 20th May, 1926, who had been appointed by the debenture holders, having died on 21st August 1937, a meeting of the debenture holders will be held on Wednesday the 24th day of November 1937 at 4 P.M. at the Registered office of the Company at No. 12-14, Mangesh Senoi St. Fort, Bombay for the purpose of appointing a new trustee of the debenture holders in place of the said Haridas Vallabhdas deceased.

Dated 14th day of November, 1937.

VASANJEE NARANJEE BHIMJEE,
Debenture Trustee.
7240.

Public Notices

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA. CENTRAL OFFICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Registers of the Bank shall be CLOSED and the registration of transfers shall be suspended from the 15th December, 1937, to the 7th January 1938 (both days inclusive).

J. B. TAYLOR,
Governor.
Calcutta, the 30th October, 1937.
7234.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation, No. 9, Wallace Street, Fort, on *Wednesday*, 8th December 1937 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st May 1937.

II.—To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

III.—To elect a Director in place of Sir Cowasji Jehangir Bart., K.C.I.E., O.B.E., M.L.A., who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.

IV.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers

THE BOOKS of the Corporation are open for the inspection of the shareholders at the Office of the Corporation between 12 and 4 p.m. (S. T.) in accordance with Section 108 of the Articles of Association.

Bombay, 15th November, 1937.
7242.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED ITEM RATE TENDERS are invited for the following works:

	Approximate cost. Rs.
(I) Laying C. I. Gravitation Main in connection with Improvements to Chiplun Water Supply.	21,402
(II) Laying additional town Distribution Mains to Khed Water Supply.	8,700

2. Earnest money required, Rs. 215 and Rs. 90 respectively.

3. Tender forms and conditions of contract may be obtained from the office of the Undersigned, on application before 2 P.M. on 10-12-1937, and 3-12-1937, and on payment of Rs. 4 and Rs. 3 respectively.

4. Tenders sealed and superscribed with the name of work will be received by the Undersigned upto 12 noon on 17-12-1937 and 10-12-1937 respectively and opened on the same day.

5. Drawings may be seen in the office of the Undersigned during office hours on any working day.

6. The Undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders without assigning any reason therefor.

7. The tender should be accompanied by a solvency certificate from the Collector of the District, or by a Banker's certificate of financial stability.

(Sd.) O. D. O'Sullivan.
Executive Engineer, R. Dn.
Ratnagiri, 13-11-1937.
7235.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for the supply and erection of one Dust Extraction Plant for Stone Crushers at Sewri as per the specification attached to the form of contract will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of January, 1938.

Tenders should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for one Dust Extraction Plant," addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Municipal Chief Accountant with a deposit of Rs. 450.

Forms of contract, specification and Blue Print can be had from the Office of the Mechanical Engineer, Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 each form which will, on no account, be refunded.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Dated, 11-11-1937. TM4.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
IN INSOLVENCY.
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the Insolvents.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	300 of 1932.	Meghji alias Manilal Jethabhai Vardhman.	First.
2.	376 of 1935.	Oscar Eric Denzil Neilson.	"
3.	87 of 1936.	Patric Oscar Myers.	"
4.	93 of 1936.	Ramchandra Balwant Lad.	"
5.	123 of 1936.	Samuel Judah.	"
6.	226 of 1936.	Dagdooram Radhakison Sha & Ors.	"
7.	235 of 1936.	Antonio Piedade Fonseca.	"
8.	291 of 1936.	Mahomed Siddiq Quereshi.	"
9.	321 of 1936.	Sydney Walter Stoneham.	"
10.	331 of 1936.	Alfred George Craige.	"
11.	332 of 1936.	Robert Wilfred Phillips.	"
12.	350 of 1936.	Joseph Ridonat.	"
13.	393 of 1936.	Brook Joseph.	"
14.	10 of 1936.	Pandoo Rama Kumbhar and his wife.	First & final
15.	220 of 1936.	Hurtle Gerald Hatchins.	"
16.	290 of 1936.	Haji Azim Mulla Haji Nabibux.	"
17.	304 of 1936.	Hansell de Mowbrey Pells.	"
18.	377 of 1936.	Nuruddin Abdulhussein Vora.	"
19.	468 of 1936.	Baboolal Tricumji Ghaswala traded as The Progressive Pharmacy Relex Corporation and Orient Trading Agency.	"
20.	497 of 1933.	Patric Vivian Archer.	Second.
21.	691 of 1932.	Rupchand Kison Gowli & anr.	Second & final.
22.	460 of 1936.	Abdul Habib Noormahomed Haji Moosa.	Preferential distribution.

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, this 13th day of November, 1937.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
(7241)

NEW EMPIRE
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Only Two More Days!
THE MIGHTIEST MOTION PICTURE DRAMA OF THE YEAR!
SAMUEL GOLDWYN
presents
"DEAD END"
Starring:—
SYLVIA SIDNEY
JOEL McCREA
HUMPHREY BOGART
WENDY BARRIE
CLARE TREVOR
ALLEN JENKINS
Released thru' UNITED ARTISTS
BY PUBLIC DEMAND!
Commencing Thursday 18th November
RONALD COLMAN
in
THE MOST ROMANTIC ADVENTURE STORY OF ALL TIME!
THE PRISONER OF ZENDA
with
MADELEINE CARROLL
MARY ASTOR
DAVID NIVEN
C. AUBREY SMITH
and
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS (Jr.)
Produced by
DAVID O. SELZNICK
who gave you "DAVID COPPERFIELD" and "A STAR IS BORN".
Released thru' United Artists.

THERE'S DRAMA
IN
DOMESTIC LIFE!
See PRABHAT'S
GREAT MARITAL MELODRAMA
"THE UNEXPECTED"
Hindi—"Duniya-na-Mane?"
Starring THREE Great Performers
SHANTA APTE
KESHAVRAO DATEY
VASANTEE
6TH SUCCESSFUL 6TH WEEK
Daily at 5, 8, 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA
TALKIES:— —:CHARNI RD.

-TO-DAY-
Men may love
and go on loving
for ever and ever
But women will never
learn to appreciate
"PREETAM" found a way
out
IN
Premveer
—A HUNS' COMEDY—
Now at
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 5-15, 8 and 10-30
Matinee at 2-30 on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays.

MAJESTIC
CINEMA:—:GIRGAON.
Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p m
TOLSTOY'S
"RESURRECTION"
in 'HINDI' as
"DUNIYA KYA HAI?"
WITH
LALITA PAWAR,
Acclaimed as the GREATEST CHARACTER-ACTRESS of India.

Help Kidneys
Clean Out Poisonous Acids
Your Kidneys have nine million tiny tubes or filters which are endangered by cheap, irritating drugs or neglect. Unknown to you, weak Kidneys may be the real cause of your Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Swollen Ankles, Bladder Trouble, Headaches, Backache, Rheumatism, Leg Pains, Circles Under Eyes, Dry, muddy Skin, Acidity, Burning, Smarting or Lost Vigour. Don't take chances. Your life may be in danger. Get the Doctor's guaranteed prescription Cystex (Siss-tex). $1,000 deposited with Westminster Bank, London, backs up Cystex Guarantee to bring new health and vitality in 48 hours make you feel 10 years younger and to end troubles in 8 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for Cystex.

Indore Labour Leader Sentenced

(From Our Correspondent.)
INDORE, (By Mail).

After three months prolonged trial, Mr. Riyaz Ahemad a prominent local Labour Leader was sentenced to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 150 or default to undergo further imprisonment for ten days, for instigating general strike in Indore mills in the month of July 1937, by the District Magistrate Indore.

Messrs. Samvatsar and N. M. Karandikar preferred his appeal in the Session Court. He was therefore released on bail.

Thousands of the local mill workers had gathered in the evening at the Central Jail gate where Messrs Riyaz Ahemad, N. M Karandikar, and M. K. Karnik, the President of the Indore Textile Labour Association, were garlanded.

VETERAN EDUCATIONIST TO BE HONOURED

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, (By Mail.)

Sjt. Gijubhai Bhagwanji Badheka, retiring Principal of Dakshina Murti Montessory will be honoured by the teachers of the institution at a meeting of prominent men and patrons of children's education, to be held on Nov. 21. A purse will be presented to him.

To Sjt. Gijubhai Gujarat owes its new orientation in Children's Education. About 350 teachers trained under him in the Montessory method now conduct nearly 60 schools in Gujarat, Calcutta, Rangoon and Africa. He is also the first Gujarati writer of children's books. He is the Editor of the "Shikshana Patrika" the most widely circulated monthly magazine of Gujarat. Its Hindi Edition is published from Indore. He has written about 25 books on different aspects of Primary Education. On his retirement his students have decided to express their gratefulness to him by honouring him with a purse. Rs. 12,000 have been collected. It is understood that Sjt. Gijubhai declined to accept the purse for himself but has agreed to use it for the cause of Children's Education in Gujarat.

FOR RELEASE OF POLITICALS

Hindi Weekly To Be Published At Lucknow

LUCKNOW, Nov. 13.

For the exclusive purpose of getting all political prisoners released, a Hindi Weekly named "Kaidi" is shortly going to be published by some ex-Kakori and ex-Lahore conspiracy Case prisoners from Lucknow.—United Press.

NIZAM AND FEDERATION

Peoples' Convention Demands Reforms

(From Our Correspondent.)
SECUNDERABAD, Nov. 13.

From the time Sir Akber Hydari returned to Hyderabad from London. Regular propaganda is being carried on in the local press demanding views of Government with regard to Hyderabad's attitude towards entering the All-India Federation, including publication of the long promised Yellow Book. Though Sir Akber had assured a deputation which waited on him during last December that a Yellow Book would be issued, so far it is not made available for criticism.

NEWSPAPER CHALLENGE.

"Rahberi Deccan," an influential local daily in its editorial to-day challenges Government to come out with the Yellow Book and stand public criticism and points out that if they are not prepared to issue the same to say through a communique that nothing would be discussed with the Viceroy regarding Federation or allied subjects, when he visits Hyderabad early next January.

CONVENTION MEETS.

A Convention of representatives of all sections of people of Hyderabad was convened last evening, about fifty attending, including Muslims who are in minority in the State but wield great influence, as they belong to the ruling class. The Convention was held under the presidency of Mr. Abul Hasan Syed Ali, Advocate, and it appointed a Committee of 23 with powers to co-opt. with Mr. Madpati Hanumanthrao as Chairman to prepare a scheme of Constitutional Reforms. The Committee divided itself into three Sub-Committees.

It is learnt that the proceedings of these committees will be open to press and it is expected that these committees will be submitting their proposals to the Convention within two months.

Dohad Ry. Workers Meeting

(From Our Correspondent.)
DOHAD, (By Mail.)

A huge meeting of the Railway workers was held on Nov. 13 presided over by Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya. A resolution congratulating Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas Bar-at-Law, Mr. B. H. Jhabwala and Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, for espousing the Workers' cause and carrying on propaganda on their behalf for the redress of their just and legitimate grievances was passed.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and his Union came in for vehement criticism at the hands of workers was condemned by the bureaucratic attitude.

Jain Society's Office-Bearers' Election

In a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Youngmen's Jain Society held on October 11 at Ahmedabad, the following were unanimously elected office-bearers for the ensuing three years:

Sheth Keshavlal Moholabhai—President; Bakubhai Manilal—Vice-President; Sjt. Chimanlal Keshavlal Kadia and Sjt. Fulchand Kalidas Shah—Secretaries; Sjt. Bapalal Chunilal Jhaveri and Sjt Bhogilal Bhuderbhai—Jt. Secretaries and Sjt. Maganlal Chhaganlal as Treasurer.

Ban On Ayyar's Books To Be Lifted?

MADRAS, Nov. 13.

It is learnt that Government will shortly pass orders cancelling the ban on the following books written by Mr. M. S. Subramanya Ayyar:

Frontier Gandhi, Congress Charitram, Bharata Jyoti, India Kadansumai, Sardar Patel, History of the warriors of Satyagraha and Vinayak Savarkar.

It is further understood that Government are not willing to cancel the ban on the remaining two books—Sardar Bhagat Singh and Cawnpore Riot or Prof. Sankarar.—United Press.

KARACHI'S DRIVE AGAINST "BAD CHARACTERS"

KARACHI, November 14.

In pursuance of the drive against the bad characters from the city, the District Magistrate of Karachi has passed orders directing 10 criminals, who are shortly to be released from jails, to remove themselves from the limits of Karachi and Drigh Road, within 24 hours and not to re-enter again before 2 years are over.—United Press.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Trades Union Federation Session At Calcutta

Labour Programme Under New Constitution And Trade Union Unity To Be Discussed During December

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

Mr R. R. Bakhale, General-Secretary of the National Traders' Union Federation, has issued the following circular letter to members of the General Council of the Federation:—

"In accordance with the decision taken by the General Council in March, 1937, it was decided to hold the 3rd session of the National Traders' Union Federation at Calcutta. On my return from abroad I put myself in touch with our Calcutta friends, and I am glad to inform you that the Bengal Federation of the National Trade's Union Federation has now agreed to hold the session on December 18 and 19, 1937. Mr. B. Shiva Rao, who was elected President of the Federation in 1936, will preside over its 3rd session at Calcutta.

"The Federation is meeting at Calcutta after two years. Questions like the Trade Unions unity, labour programme under the new Constitution and other questions of equal importance will come up for discussion at Calcutta. It is therefore, necessary that the affiliated unions and members of the General Council should muster strong at Calcutta and make the session a success. The affiliated unions should make it a point to send a full quota of their delegates. It is earnestly requested that they and the members of the General Council should help to make the Calcutta session of the Federation a thoroughly representative gathering.

MR. BUTLER'S VISIT

"Mr. Harold Butler, Director General of the International Labour Office at Geneva, will land in India on December 13 and sail from India on January 8. He is expected to be in Calcutta between December 17 and 21. As the Director of the I.L.O. is coming to India for the first time to see the working class conditions for himself it is highly necessary and desirable in our own interests that we should meet him in as large a number as possible.

"Our Calcutta friends have decided to hold the session of the Federation at Calcutta nearly a week earliar than the ordinary time. It is, however, believed that the Christmas concession will be available from December 14, so that our delegates will get their advantage.

"I request earnestly all the affiliated unions and the members of the General Council to meet Mr. Butler at Calcutta so as to enable him to have some idea of our organisation and the difficulties from which we suffer."—United Press.

FOR JOINT MEETING OF LEFTIST GROUP

Masani's Letter To Ruiker

NAGPUR, Nov. 13.

Mr. M. R. Masani, Joint Secretary, All-India Congress Socialist Party, in the course of a letter to Mr R. S. Ruiker, Vice-President, All-India Trade Union Congress, says that his proposal for a joint meeting of the various leftist groups was placed before the Central Executive of the Party, which met at Calcutta in the last week of October and the Party has decided to participate in a meeting called for the purpose of exploring the possibilities of joint work and better understanding between various groups and organisations of the left, provided it was a small business-meeting of accredited representatives of such groups and organisations, Mr. Masani has further suggested that the convening of such a meeting should be undertaken by an organisation like the All-India Trade Union Congress.

Mr. Ruiker is now in correspondence with Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, President of the A.I.T.U.C., and has written to him to take necessary steps for convening the conference.—United Press.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Three persons were, it is stated, seen by the police early this morning at about 2 a.m. loitering under suspicious circumstances. They were challenged and questioned by the police. It is alleged they could not satisfactorily explain their presence. They were then arrested by the police. Their names are:—C C. Naidu, C. S. C. Venkatsumaya and Subaya Mataya.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be remanded to police custody till November 29.

Races Bets.

One man was arrested on Saturday afternoon in the First Enclosure at Mahaluxmi. Pranjiwandas Ratanji, the arrested person is said to have been accepting race bets and three chits are alleged to have been seized from him.

Of the other arrested persons, six were from a chawl at Kolsa Galli, nine from Erskine Road, eight from De Lisle Road, seven from Albert Road, eight from Dhaku Prabhu Wadi and so on.

All the arrested persons were enlarged on bail for various periods.

Accident Verdict Over Child's Death

Last evening a child of 12 months was standing on the knees of his mother, who was sitting on a chair by the side of the railings in the gallery on the 2nd floor of Dalal Building.

Suddenly he got over-balanced toppled over the railing and fell down. The child was removed to the hospital where he died. The Coroner recorded a verdict of death due to an accidental fall.

John Smith, alias James, suspected to be a military deserter, was arrested by the military police on November 13 under the European Vagrancy Act. He was found near the Town Hall. The military police handed him over to the local police.

As the police wanted time to make inquiries regarding the antecedents of the accused the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, directed the accused to be remanded to police custody till November 29.

Rly. Constable Fined

"It is a very hard case. You are sure to lose your job as a police constable after this conviction and in these days of unemployment, it is hard to get a job. I, therefore, think a sentence of fine will meet the ends of justice," observed the Chief Presidency Magistrate in convicting Muhamad Yusuf Shaik Kassam, a railway police constable, on a charge of receiving a stolen rolled gold watch.

The accused was find Rs. 150 or, in default, to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

GRIEVANCES OF WESTERN COAST PASSENGERS

Karnatak Association's Efforts To Secure Concessions

Referring to the handicaps experienced by steamer passengers on the Western Coast, Mr. H. Shanker Rao, President of the Karnatak Association, observed, at the annual social gathering, on Sunday at Muzaffarabad Hall, that his Association would do its best to redress their grievances.

CONCESSIONS ON STEAMERS

He further referred to the mass petition sent to the authorities of the only steamer company plying on the Western Coast and said that it had been remarked by some people that to attempt to secure concessions from the Company would be like butting one's head against a hard wall. If the Association succeeded in achieving one-tenth of their object in that regard, after realising their difficulties, he felt that they had done a great service to the members and their friends, who mostly hailed from the Western Coast.

ASSOCIATION'S WORK.

Mr. Rao said that their Association was poor like their country. With regard to the work done by the Association, he referred to the service done by them to the Karnatak night schools within limited means, to the first-aid and nursing classes started by them, and to the work done by the Karnatak Ambulance Workers' League, which had been affiliated to the Association.

Sir P. R. Rao, Accountant-General of Bombay, felicitating the Association on behalf of the guests, hoped that it would grow in strength from year to year.

At the outset members of the Association and their guests, who included a large number of Catholic ladies and gentlemen, were treated to light refreshments.

The Saraswat Volunteers were in-charge of the arrangements. They were complimented by the president for the arrangements.

The function terminated with vocal music by Kumar Vivek Balsokar.

POPULAR BANK OFFICER DEAD

Mr. Sonji Ganpatrao Satam, B.A., C.A.I.B. born from a respectable Maratha family, who recently died joined the Imperial Bank as an assistant in 1923. He worked at Hubli and Amraoti Branches of the Bank. For the last three years he had held charge

of the Jalgaon Branch of the Bank. He was a very popular officer amongst those with whom he worked. He died at Santa Cruz on 10th November, 1937.

He was the son-in-law of Rao Bahadur R. N. Tawde, I. S. O. J. P. He leaves a wife, three daughters and a son to mourn him and a host of friends.

Bombay Legislature Congress Party

The Secretary of the Bombay Legislature Congress Party writes:

The adjourned meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Legislature Congress Party was held in the Select Committee Room in the Council Hall on Sunday the 14th at 8 a.m.

The Committee considered proposals for Legislation from the Members of the Party. It also discussed several suggestions received from Congress Committees and other local organisations.

It was decided to hold the next general meeting of the Party on 18th December at Bombay. The Executive Committee will meet on the same day at 8-30 a.m.

New Minister Of Sind And His Portfolios

KARACHI, (By Mail).

Dr. Hemands R. Wadhwani, the Hindu Minister has now been also given the portfolio of Public Health in addition to Public Works Dept. It is likely that he may be given the portfolio of Local Self Government which is now in charge of the Premier.

Diwan Bahadur Hirnand Khemsingh, former advisor to the Governor, it is understood, has been appointed as his Parliamentary Secretary.—A.P.

At a special meeting of the Sibsagar Local Board it was decided by six votes to five to present an address of welcome to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, on the occasion of his coming visit to Sibsagar.

KHER TO VISIT WORLI CHAWLS

In response to an invitation extended by the G Ward Congress Committee to take part in a meeting held on Sunday, for the purpose of honouring the Bombay Ministry, the Worli Young Men's Association organised a procession of the Worli Chawl Tenants from Worli to DeLisle Road. The procession terminated near the Maidan opposite the Bawla Masjid.

The procession attracted much attention on account of the placards and banners carried by it, "End or Mend the Worli Chawls," "Close the Gutter," "Give us Lights," "May the Kher Ministry be Successful," are some of the placards worth mentioning.

As the bearers of the Placards stood in a row, the Ministers had a good opportunity of reading every one of them. A reference to these placards was made by the Hon. Mr. Kher in his speech when he promised not to end ~ out to mend the chawls. Mr. Kher also promised the processionists a visit to Worli Chawls in which local officials of Worli chawls would be excluded, thus giving the tenants an opportunity of a heart-to-heart talk with the Prime Minister.

Chuda State Forges Ahead

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Nov. 12.

The Chief of Chuda — a fourth class state in Kathiawar, is following the noble lead provided to him by Wankaner and Lalti States in the matter of Harijan uplift and the amelioration of the State subjects.

He announced the inauguration of a state bank, to stimulate agricultural activities writing off old debts of the farmers to the aggregate of Rs. 10,000/- concessions in land revenue and the opening of a Harijan school in the state, and the appointment of a committee of farmers and merchants to devise ways and means for the success of such measures and the provision of water supply to the state's people.

WELL-KNOWN HINDI POET DEAD

BENARES, Nov. 15.

Sjt. Jayashankar Prasad, a well-known Hindi poet, dramatist and novelist, passed away this morning after protracted illness at the age of 48.—A.P.

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Dr. T. A. Ellis

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.

If your Chemist cannot supply you, write Muller Maclean, Bombay.

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Bombay Programme

VUB 244 metres. 1,231 kc/s
A. M.
8-30 Instrumental Duets By AIR Artists 8-40 Talk (Hindustani): "Indian Dancing." No. 1 Its Evolution By Jitendra Bajpeyi 8-55 Krishnarao Chonkar.
12-0 noon "Film Music".
P. M.
1-0 Available Market Rates and Announcements European Music 2-0 Talk (English) "Tea Growing in India" By Major C. W. Holland Relayed from the Rotary Club 6-0 "For Children" Arranged by Auntie Marion 6-30 The News in Marathi 6-35 To the Bhumijan A programme arranged for the villager 7-30 Leo Martniz and his Band "The Cocktail Hour" From the Taj Mahal Hotel 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi 9-0 Talk (English): "As It was" By W. W. Russell 9-15 The News 9-30 C. Subramanya Ayyar A recital of South Indian Music 10-0 Shivarani Ghosh.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres. 882 kc/s.
A. M.
8-0 Shrimad Bhagwad Gita (Text and Translation) By Pandit Ratan Piya 8-15 Shiv Dayal Batish 8-35 AIR Orchestra — Lalit 9-10 The News (English) 9-20 The News (Hindustani) 9-30 S. Ahmed 9-50 Shiv Dyal Batish 10-10 Radha Rani.
P. M.
12-30 "Ham Bhi Hain" A programme for women In the Women's World—News in Hindustani 12-35 Kumari Kamla Devi—Geet 12-45 Talk (Hindustani): "House Decoration" By Miss Ashfaq Ali 12-55 Manohar 1-0 Indian Music 1-30 A Programme of Light Operas 5-0 Shiv Dayal Batish 5-25 Sabiri—Sri Rag on Sarangi 5-30 Radha Rani 5-55 S. Ahmed 3-5 Alla Rakha 6-25 AIR Artist 6-35 S. Ahmed 6-55 P. S. Mukerjee—Bhopali on Sarod 7-0 "For Villagers Only" (Market Rates at 7-30 p. m.) 8-0 Zauq Day Talk (Hindustani): "Zauq — as I understand him" By Prof. Raghpat Sahai Firaq 8-15 Recitation of Zauq's Poems 8-25 Afzal Hussain 8-30 Recitation of Selections from Zauq's qasida Composed on the recovery of King Bahadur Shah 8-38 Zauq—A dramatic sketch AIR Artists 9-3 Rodha Rani 9-15 The News and Weather Report (Hindustani) 9-30 The News and Weather Report (English) 9-45 European Music Paul Strauss and His Masters of Rhythm of the Hotel Marina A short session of dance music 10-0 Talk (English): "Queer People of Indian History." No. 3 Eliza Draper By Dr. Adrian Duarte 10-15 European Music Paul Strauss and His Masters of Rhythm of the Hotel Marina A programme of 'live' dance music

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on Vuc 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s and 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/c (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).
P. M.
12-36 Lunch Hour Programme By the Grand Hotel Orchestra Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft 1-36 Selection of Indian Music 2-6 Religious Talk Raghunath Bhattacharjee 2-21 Vocal Music Nalini Behari Roy 2-36 Kalyani Mukherjee Kavya Sangit 2-51 Instrumental Music Chammu Misra 3-6 Football Match Islington Corinthian vs. Mohun Bagan Relayed from the C. F. C. Grounds Commentator. Bertie Meyer 5-6 for the children 6-6 Violin Solo Haripada Chatterjee 6-16 Kheyal (Pooria) Romesh Chandra Banerjee 6-36 A Musical Variety By the Bani Sangha 7-51 Talk: "Momentous Experiments" No. 1. Chloroform By Sachi Kante Guha 8-6 The News and Weather Report (Bengali) 8-21 A Variety of Light Hindustani Songs By The Bani Sangha 9-1 Commercial News and Weather Report (English) 9-6 The News and Announcements 9-21 Talk: "Water for Bengal." No. 5 By T. A. Curry, Chief Engineer to the Government of Bengal Communications and Works Dept. 9-36 Light Orchestra Selections By Sydney Pearch and His Orchestra.

Mysore Programme

Wavelength: 49.3 & 310 M. Fre. 968 & 6085.
6 to 8 p. m. I Karnatic Vocal Music II. Mysore news. (7-45 p.m.)

BURMA-CHINA AIR LINK

Air Minister Undertakes Survey Flight

RANGOON, Nov. 11.
(By Air Mail).

The "Associated Press" understands that vis-a-vis the Empire Air Mail Scheme the Air Ministry of His Majesty's Government is now engaged in surveying the possibility of an air route via the Southern Shan States in Burma to China. The purpose of the proposed air route, it is believed, is to establish a quicker means of communication between the British Empire and the British interests and colonies in China. The present Imperial Air Route does not afford facilities for speedy communication with the British interests in China. Under the proposed scheme a Burma-China link is contemplated by establishing at least one aerodrome and a few landing grounds in the Southern Shan States so that 'planes from Rangoon can fly via the proposed aerodrome direct to Hongkong.

In this connection the Air Ministry sent to Burma Lieut Commander J. A. L. Drummond who accompanied by a party will make an aerial survey of certain areas in the Southern Shan States.—A.P.

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40 MORE BEDS FOR T. B. PATIENTS

Additional Buildings At Turner Sanatorium

Although there was some opposition, the Municipal Corporation passed on Monday plans and estimates for constructing additional buildings in the compound of Turner Sanatorium at Bhoiwada for increasing the accommodation for tubercular patients by 40 beds which will cost about Rs. 98,300.

Mr. Sunderdas Morarji, Chairman of the Works Committee moved to approve of the estimates.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker opposed the proposition as the municipal funds were already depleted and there was no room for additional expenditure.

Dr. A. J. Collaco also opposed the resolution and said there was no necessity to raise the buildings at present as the budget estimates for the ensuing year showed a total deficit of Rs. 20 lacs.

Dr. M. C. Javle also pointed out the neglected condition of Bombay north where the drainage scheme required the first attention.

Dr. J. N. Choksy in supporting the resolution said the landlord councillors would naturally oppose such schemes which gave some amenities and medical relief to the citizens as they were afraid of one per cent. additional tax which was proposed to be imposed shortly.

The Municipal Commissioner pointed out that the plans and estimates were prepared at the instance of the Municipal Corporation who passed a resolution six months ago requesting him to take up this matter. If they thought that the time was not ripe for the additional expenditure they could drop the matter from the budget estimates when the question came before the Corporation. He advised the House to pass the plans and estimates only for the present.

Prof. S. R. Davar opposed the proposition as the Municipal budget revealed a huge deficit.

Mr. H. A. Lalji also thought that it was essential that provision be made for 40 beds. It was a service to humanity.

The amendment of Dr. Collaco was put to vote and declared lost. The original proposition was carried.

The House then adjourned till Thursday when the question of draft address to the Prime Minister and his colleagues of the provincial cabinet will be considered.

REVENUE MINISTER ENTERTAINED

BOMBAY, Monday.

Availing themselves of the presence in Bombay of the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, the Revenue Minister to the Government of Bombay, a few Anavil friends arranged a party last evening at Gopal Bhuvan, Pedder Road, to congratulate him on his appointment as a Minister of Government. Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai presided. The compound of the palatial bungalow of Seth Gopalbhai was gaily decorated with flowers and buntings. Besides Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, several prominent members of the community were present. Amongst outsiders were Seth Devjibhai, the Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa and Mr. Gulam Hussain Sonawala.

Mr. Desai in welcoming the guest of the evening offered his congratulations to him on his Ministerial appointment and advised those assembled to get over the narrow sectarian sentiments and look to the wider things of life. He added that he was there to congratulate Mr. Desai more as a servant of the Congress than as an Anavil.

The Hon. Minister in replying thanked the friends for their kindness. He said that he had ceased to be an Anavil for all practical purposes long back but he could not ignore that he was born an Anavil and was prepared to fulfil his obligations to the community to which he belonged by birth. He then dealt with the Congress work and expressed his desire to exchange views on the work lying before them.

Mr. Nanubhai Desai thanked the Hon. Minister for accepting their invitation.

The guests were then led to the tables spread in the garden. After refreshments the party dispersed.

A Drowning Tragedy

(From Our Correspondent.)
ANDHERI, Monday.

A drowning tragedy occurred here last evening when the dead body of a male was found in a well in Bhardawadi.

The deceased was identified as one Mr. Gupte having a house in Ram Baug. A letter signed by Mr. Gupte was found near the well stating that he was drowning himself as he could no longer bear the miseries that had fallen to his lot.

MAHATMA REVIVES BUDDHIST DOCTRINE

Subedar On Pali And Indian Culture

The P.E.N. India Centre on Thursday evening devoted its first public lecture of the season to "The Contribution of Pali to Indian Culture". Mr. Manu Subedar presided. Prof. N. K. Bhagwat the Honorary Secretary of the writers' club, declared that a study of the background of our classic literatures is essential to an understanding of the Indian literatures of our own day. Pali literature was the literature of the Buddhist reform and it has profoundly influenced Indian institutions and developments.

Buddhism threw its weight on the side of popular participation in Government. He declared that the marvels of Ajunta, Ellore, Karla and Sanchi bear eloquent testimony to the fact that Buddhism did not make its followers pessimists and hence inactive. Nor was its Ahimsa, he averred, the outcome of weakness but of nobility of outlook and strength of will.

Mr. Subedar upheld the spiritual theory of culture. Himself a student of Dnyeshwar and the translator of his 'Dnyeshwari' into English, the President agreed with the lecturer upon how closely the youthful teacher's doctrines had agreed with those of Gautama, the Buddha. History, he declared, repeats itself. The problems of today are not very different from those of 3,000 years ago, and human nature has not greatly changed, though the opportunities for exercising a grasping tendency are probably greater to-day than ever before. Gandhiji's efforts for the Harijans, Mr. Subedar said, are nothing if not a revival of the Buddha's doctrine that individuals cannot progress without taking others forward with them.

The Chairman announced that the next P.E.N. Public Lecture would be held at the International Book House, Ash Lane, Esplanade Road, on Monday the 6th December at 6-30 p.m., when Dr. Sudhin N. Ghose of the Information Section of the League of Nations will speak on "Modern Trends in International Literature."

'PINDI SIKH'S DECISION

Nanak's Birthday Procession To Be Dropped

RAWALPINDI, Nov. 14.

A Guru Singh Sabha meeting attended by representatives of other Sikh organisations resolved to abandon the procession in honour of Guru Nanak's birthday as a protest against the authorities' refusal to allow it to pass through the old route.

Bakshi Gurcharan Singh, who presided, intimated the result of a deputation that waited on behalf of the Sabha on the Punjab Premier and the Chief Secretary, adding that the Deputy Commissioner of Rawalpindi had assured him that the demand for opening some Jhatka shops would be fulfilled.

The Sabha's decision has caused great resentment among Sikh public, which found expression this morning at a Dewan, where the majority voted against it.

It will be recalled that last week an All Sikh Parties' meeting decided to take out a procession through the old route in direct contravention of the Sikh-Muslim agreement.—A. P.

ANDHRAS DEMAND SEPARATE PROVINCE

Demonstrators March To Madras Congress House

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

The Andhra section of Madras population was agog to-day in connection with the observance of "Andhra Province Day".

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, was given a rousing reception this morning on arrival here, on behalf of the Madras District Andhra Congress Committee, the Madras Andhra Mahasabha and the Madras Andhra Association.

In the afternoon a huge procession with flags and placards embodying Andhra's demand for a separate province, was taken out from Napier Park and terminated at Congress House, where a public meeting was held with Dr. Pattabhi presiding.

Dr. Pattabhi, Messrs. K. Koti Reddi, M.L.A., Gadde Rangia Naidu M.L.A., K. Subba Rao, M.L.C., and others addressed the gathering. A resolution demanding the creation of a separate Andhra province was unanimously passed.—United Press.

PATNA.—A resolution requesting the Government to raise a loan of Rs. one crore for supplying long term capital by the Co-operative Movement was passed by a meeting of the Divisional Co-operative Federation Board held at Dumka to-day.—A. P.

"DUFFERIN'S" BEST CADET

Robert Ottley Awarded Viceroy's Gold Medal

The lusty, shouting company of cadets caught hold of the screaming Robert S. Ottley and flung him into the pond. He had no doubt, just won the Viceroy's Gold Medal for the best Cadet of the year; yet it is no soft job to be ducked repeatedly in a tank of cold water.

Ottley was voted the best Cadet on the "Dufferin" on Sunday morning. The Viceroy awards every year a gold medal to the Cadet on the "Dufferin" who shows the qualities likely to make the finest sailor.

The ceremony of selecting the Cadet who is to be awarded the medal was held on board the ship on Sunday in the presence of Mr W. Greive, Director of Public Instruction, Bombay, and other distinguished visitors.

The procedure was by election by the cadets themselves Five men Cadets N. Krishanan, P. C. Martin, M. Anwar A.S.M. Shahid-Zaman, and Robert S. Ottley, were selected by the staff of the Training ship and the Cadets were to cast their votes for one of these.

Captain Digby Best addressing the Cadets said that they had a responsible task before them, because the holder of the medal had to carry with him the tradition of the "Dufferin." He advised them to give their votes to a man with character because that was the one quality that counted in a seaman.

The result of the election was that Cadet Ottley was elected for the Award of the gold Medal and Cadet Krishnan stood second to be awarded the extant to be presented by the Governing Body.

Mr. Greive took the salute and congratulated them on their spirit of sportsmanship.

With the bonds of discipline, once loosened, the cadets broke out with a yell and ducked the prize-winners into the water tank.

LEGISLATIVES ACTIVITY IN ASSAM

Local Boards Elections To Be Postponed

SHILLONG, Nov. 13.

The Governor of Assam has given his assent to the Assam Ministers' Salaries Act, 1937, by which the Chief Minister will receive a salary of Rs. 2,500 and each of the other four Ministers Rs. 1,500 per month.

The Governor has also given his assent to the Assam Deputy Speakers Salary Act, 1937, the Assam Local Rates (Amendment) Act, 1937, the Assam Deputy Presidents Salary Act, 1937, the Assam Speakers Salary Act, 1937, and the Assam Presidents Salary Act, 1937.

The Government of Assam propose to introduce in the Assam Legislative Assembly a Bill called the Assam Local Boards (Postponement of Elections) Bill, 1937, with a view to providing for the postponement of Local Board elections which, according to the previous Local Board Elections (Emergency Provisions) Act, 1936, could be postponed only for a year from April 1, 1937.

The present Bill empowers the Governor to order further postponement of the elections as may appear to him to be necessary or desirable.

It is stated that it is proposed to take power to postpone the elections up to the end of February, 1939. If this becomes necessary and that the Government are considering the introduction of a Bill to abolish the system of nominations to Local Boards and in its place to give representation by election to certain minor communities such as backward tribes and scheduled castes.—A.P.

INSUFFICIENT SCOPE FOR MINISTRY UNDER NEW ACT

Mr. Kakalbhai B. Vakil a prominent share and stock broker was 'at home' to Hon. Mr. A. B. Lathe Finance Minister of Bombay.

Welcoming the Minister Mr. Vakil said that though the Government of India Act did not allow the Ministers sufficient scope to put into effect all measures for banishing poverty and illiteracy of the people, still, he was confident that the Congress Ministries would do all in their power to effect every possible reform that was conducive to the progressive realisation of the goal set forward by the Congress under the guidance of Mahatma Gandhi.

Proceeding Mr. Vakil said that due to the fall in price of money crops, the revenue would be considerably reduced. And on the other hand there would be a phenomenal rise on expenditure side on account of the nation building activities on which the Congress Ministries have embarked. To balance such a budget, he remarked, was indeed a difficult task but he was confident that Hon. Mr. Lathe would find a way out and hoped that next budget would be more satisfactory.

A Revelation for Stomach Distress

The Right Way and Quickest Way to Relieve the Cause, Excess Acidity

If you are one of the many thousands who suffer from Sour Stomach, Gas on the Stomach, Distress after Meals—here's good news for you! There is now a sure, safe, and easy way for you to get quick, lasting relief!

Medical Science has at last discovered the cause of most common stomach troubles and has also developed a remedy which gives almost instant relief from the pain and discomfort—and also corrects the cause of the trouble.

The name of this remarkable product, which has brought grateful relief to so many thousands of sufferers, is Alka-Seltzer. This amazing preparation is most remarkable in the way in which it quickly relieves Headaches, Sour Stomach, Flatulence, Neuralgic and Rheumatic pains, Lumbago, and other common ailments caused by an excess-acid condition of the system.

To get relief from these troubles, you simply drop an Alka-Seltzer Tablet in a glass of water. It immediately bubbles up and dissolves, making a sparkling, pleasant-tasting solution. You drink it and your pain and discomfort will vanish so quickly that you'll be agreeably surprised. But Alka-Seltzer does more than just give you relief—it also corrects the excess acid condition of your system which causes your trouble. It's a DOUBLE-ACTING remedy—it relieves the pain and is also a corrective.

There is nothing else on the market like Alka-Seltzer or equal to it. It is so easy and pleasant to take—children as well as older folks like it. It is not a laxative, so can be taken freely at any time.

At all Chemists in two convenient sizes. Try it today.

If unobtainable at your Chemists send Rs. 2 for large size, or Re. 1 for small size, with your chemist's name to Dodge & Seymour Ltd., 3, Wittet Road, Bombay.

A grateful Sanatogen user writes:
"I am like new-born with plenty of energy and new vitality. It is as if I were now on a new road to health. I regard Sanatogen as a real tonic for those living in the tropics"

New Vitality and Strength for you, too

Many thousands have taken Sanatogen with the result that tiredness and weakness disappeared after a short time For Sanatogen gives new strength and energy to the run-down cells of body, blood and nerves Buy a bottle to-day. Your fatigue and listlessness will soon be driven away. You will feel fit and fresh again full of energy and cheer

Sanatogen will feed your nerves, and put fresh blood into your veins. Give it a trial. You will be astonished at the wonderful improvement in your health.

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The True Tonic Food
Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars
Not touched by hand.

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Made of
FRESH & FULL GROWN GRAINS

Recommended by
PHYSICIANS and USED IN EMINENT HOSPITALS

The Lily Biscuit Co., Calcutta.
Bombay Depot: MANGALDAS MARKET.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu Kartak 13, 1994.
Muslim: Ramzan 12, 1356.
Parsi: Khoroad 12, 1307.
Right de: 19-29; 25-32.
Low tide: 4-36; 16-42.
Sunrise: 6h. 46m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.

Wednesday, November 17.

A Special Meeting of the Standing Committee 2-30 p.m. (B. T.), for the consideration of the Budget Estimates for the year 1938-39.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the B. S. Union will take place at its office at 6 p.m. to-day (Tuesday.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The Clan Line steamer "Monroe" arrived at Suez on the evening of Friday, November 12. Steamer "Berwickshire" left Liverpool on the evening of Friday November 12.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and Unregistered Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra s.s. "Hatarana" via Madura, and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday, the 16th instant.

BOMBAY-KATHIAWAR AIR MAIL

Air Services of India's 'plane left Juhu Aerodrome on Monday morning with full load of passengers to Kathiawar to Schedule and arrived on the same evening with full load of passengers to Schedule.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed unregistered Mails for Italy and Austria per s.s. "Conte Verde" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 10-30 a.m. on Tuesday the 16th instant.

SARASWAT DEEN VATSAL SANGH, BOMBAY

The 28th annual report of the Saraswat Deen Vatsal Sangh is now ready and is being sent to members. The Hon. Secretary requests that members who have not received it yet should please inform him immediately.

RAM NAMA ADHARA MANDAL

Shri Ram Nama Adhara Mandal at its annual gathering will honour its Honorary Secretary and Treasurer Mr. Laxmidas Keshavlal Kshatriya in the Magan Bagh Hall to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.). Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate will preside.

SARASWAT DEEN VATSAL SANGH

The 28th annual general meeting of the Saraswat Deen Vatsal Sangh will be held on Sunday next at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), in the Saraswat Brahman Samaj Hall (264 Charni Road, Girgaum). Members are requested to attend.

WORLI YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Worli Young Men's Association, a lecture on 'Rat Menace' will be delivered by Mr. C. K. R. Panikker of the Bombay Sanitary Association, illustrated with cinema films, to-day (Tuesday) at 8 p.m. (S. T.), at the open space near Chawl No. 62, Worli.

ENGLISH MAILS

The Outward P. and O. Mail steamer "Strathaird" with the Mails from London of 4th instant, arrived at Aden at 9 a.m. on the 14th idem and left there at 1 p.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 2 p.m. on Thursday, the 18th instant.

The "Strathaird" will sail from Ballard Pier for Australia at midnight the same day.

CLAIRVOYANT DEMONSTRATION IN BOMBAY

Under the auspices of the Indian Spiritualist Society Miss Lilian Corri, representative of the Greater World Spiritualist League, London, delivered an interesting address on "Severing of the Silver Cord" in the Blavatsky Lodge on Sunday.

Mr. V. D. Rishi introduced the lecturer and described his experiences with clairvoyant mediums in England. He pointed out that the dead are eager to communicate with the living and make their presence felt to them.

The address was followed by the demonstration of clairvoyance when the medium described several spirit forms known to the persons in the audience.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"That Certain Woman" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Dead End" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Secret Lives" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Mandir" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The Unexpected" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Toofani Tarzan" Daily at 5-15, 8-15 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Duniya Kya Hai" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Jeevan Prabhat" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Premveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"High Wide and Handsome" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Premveer" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Road Back" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kokila" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
THE BROADWAY—"Anthony Adverse" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Way Out West" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Flame of Love" Time as usual.

FAREWELL TO EX-HONS. OF K. E. M. HOSPITAL

The students of the Seth G. S. Medical College have arranged a farewell address to Drs. Deshmukh, M.D.F.R.C.S., A. P. Bacha, F.R.C.S., A. S. Erulkar, M.D., Dewan Bahadur Nerurkar, Rai Bahadur J. P. Modi, N. A. Purandare, M.D., and Khan Bahadur A. K. Turner.

His Worship the Mayor of Bombay has kindly consented to preside over the function which will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 7 p.m. (S. T.), in the R. M. S. Bhatt High School, Opposite K. E. M. Hospital.

YOGIC FEATS IN BOMBAY
(From A Correspondent.)

Some Yogic feats and performances were exhibited by one Prof. K. G. Sharma, before a large gathering of friends in Kashmere Hotel, Dhobi Talao, Bombay on Saturday night.

He kept audience spell-bound by easily munching up Safety Razor Blades and broken glass pieces. He also walked over fire and kept a heavy stone on his chest and asked the audience to hammer it.

Mr. Sharma, who hails from upcountry is a youngman, still in his teens and desires to give a few performances in Bombay.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY

An Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay, on Wednesday, 17th November 1937, at 6 p.m. (S. T.)

PAPERS TO BE READ

1. "Offering of Human Blood to the Goddess Kalika for securing Good Fortune."

2. "Parallelism between the Mahabharata Legend about Datakarna's Sacrifice of Brishaketu and the Old Testament Tradition about Abraham's Sacrifice of Isaac".

By Mr. Sarat Chandra Mitra, M.A., B.L.

Members and friends are invited to attend.

FREE DAIRY LITERATURE AT PRICE OF POSTAGE ONLY

Messrs. D. K. Parvate & Bros. of 627, Sadashiv Peth, Poona City wish to make it known to the Public that they have recently received some English and American literature on the subject of Dairying and Dairy farming, for free distribution in this country. This can be had on application, and upon sending them 2 ans. worth of postal stamps to cover postage charges.

SION DISPENSARY

The Vurjeevandass Madowdass Charitable Dispensary at Sion during the month of October 1937 the total number of patients treated in this Dispensary was 898 among them the number of new admissions was 223 being classified as stated below, Hindus 154, Musulmans 44, Parsees' nil, Christians 25 and other class nil. The average daily attendance was 36.

BACHOOALLY FREE OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL

The total number of Patients that attended the Hospital during the month of October, 1937 was 5,184 out of which the new Patients number was 1,133 only.

According to the caste out of new patients number Hindus 676, Muslims 318, Parsees 59, Christians 55 and Jews 25 only.

According to the Sex:—Males 641, Females 342, Boys 91 and Girls 59 only.

In the Ear, Nose and Throat Department the total number of Patients that attended the Hospital was 722 out of which the new Patients number was 221 only.

NOTHING CLEANS TEETH SO WELL AS POWDER

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder cleans twice as well as tooth paste, contains no destructive grit and outlasts tooth paste 2 to 1 — costs less.

Start using Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder from today!

Ranee Rajwade (3rd from left) of Gwalior presided over the annual constituent conference of the Bombay Women's Association at the Blavatsky Hall, on Saturday evening.

FILM CENSORSHIP

Deputation Waits On Home Minister

The Hon. Secretary A. I. League of Film Censorship writes:—

A deputation of All-India League of Films' Censorship including Mr. R. G. Gyani, Pandit Ramapati Mishra, Sjt. Kanaialal Kalyantari, Mr. M. K. Agarwala, among others waited upon the Home Minister on Monday afternoon and drew his attention to the vilification of the Hindu points of view by a number of films that are being screened and pressed the necessity of having such members on the Censor Board as would be able to see that no ridicule of Hindu religious, social or cultural points is allowed to be shown to the public as they are likely to misrepresent the state of affairs and injure the feelings of the Hindu community.

The Hon. Minister gave a patient hearing and said that it may not be possible just at present to make a change in the personnel of the Board, but all the same he would do what he could to redress this grievances as far as possible.

New Holders Of Indian Dairy Diploma

The following have successfully passed in the Indian Dairy Diploma Examination held at the Imperial Dairy Institute, Bangalore, in October 1937:—

G N Mehta (with Honours), B G Advani, M G Aggarwala, R C Agarwal, P Bhattacharya, E D Chinoy, J C Das, G K Dharmadhikari, H H W B Fernando, G F Fernandez, P T George, M S Gharekhan, J C Ghosh, J M L Gupta, M Iqbal, H J Kutar, D K Pal Chowdhury, J D Patel, G L Patel, G M F Rahman, R N Roy, L N Saraf, and S D Sharma.

First Day Of Ramzan Fast

Qazi Mahomed Hasan Murghay, Chief Qazi of Bombay writes:—

On the statement of some highly respectable Mussalmans of Bombay, who claim to be eye-witnesses, I am authorised to declare that the New Moon of the holy month of Ramzan was seen on the evening of the 29th Shaban corresponding to the 4th November 1937 and, therefore, the first day of fasting fell on Friday, the 5th November 1937.

LECTURE BY DR. DHALLA

Under the auspices of the Co-ordinating Council of Zarathoshti Religious Bodies, a public lecture will be delivered by Shams-ul-Ulema Dastur Dr. Manekji N. Dhalla, M.A., Ph.D., today (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m. in the Compound of the Seth Framji Kavasji Banaji Fire-Temple (opposite Charni Road Station), on "The Pazand Ideal of Expiation".

The Hon. Mr. Justice N. P. Engineer will preside.

INTERNATIONAL BOOK HOUSE

The Honourable Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, will give the opening address at the Inauguration of the International Book House, specializing in the literature of all countries in all languages of India and Europe, at Ash Lane, Esplanade Road to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m.

"CHOGLE BROTHERS CRICKET SHIELD" ANNUAL TOURNAMENT

Under the auspices of H. P. Mitra Samaj, Borivli.

The above Tournament will be held this year as usual to be played on the Ghodbunder ground, Borivli. It is left open this year to all the Clubs from Bandra to Virar (both inclusive). The entry will be closed on Saturday the 20th day of the current month.

JOLLY CRICKET CLUB

At a meeting of the members of the Club held on Wednesday the 27th Oct. 37, the following office-bearers and members of the Committee were elected for the year ending 31st Dec. 1938.

President: Mr. Gangadas M. Sethna.
Vice President: Mr. M. M. Amersy.
Secretary: Mr. Bapoobhai B. Desai.
Treasurers: Mr. Narandas Purshotam, and Mr. Jamnadas H. Pitamber.
Members: Mr. Thakordas M. Shroff, Mr. Motilal N. Dalal, and Mr. Mohanlal H. Chandarana.

It was also resolved to hold a social gathering of the Club before the 30th Nov. 1937.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

During the last week-end, very few cricket matches were played in the suburbs. The second round of the Marol Tournament played on St. Andrew's High School ground, Bandra, drew quite a crowd of cricket fans.

The game was played between Kole-Kalyan Athletic Club, Santa Cruz, and the Ban-Tan Club, Dadar, which ended in a draw.

Kole-Kalyan Athletic Club, batting first put up a big score of 299 runs for 5 wickets. R. D'Souza, J. Abreo and C. Mendonza contributed 87, 99 and 52 runs respectively.

Ban-Tan opened their innings pretty well, but the tail refused to wag and had it not been for time, they would have lost the game. They put up 129 for 8 wickets, H. Mendonza and J. Pinto, contributing 66 and 29 runs respectively.

This, incidentally is a second drawn game, of the two games played of this tournament and I would suggest that the organisers extend the time limit to 6 p. m. instead of 5-30 p. m., which would give half an hour's extra play.

SUBURBAN BADMINTON

Badminton has become a craze in the suburbs. Nearly every village has its own badminton court.

Since there is so keen interest evinced in this game, there is now a need for a Club Tournament, because the one that is being conducted by the Bandra Gymkhana is an open Bombay and Suburban Badminton Tournament and gives very little scope for beginners.

RAJAN SWING CLUB

Talking about badminton reminds me of the function to be organised by the above club on Saturday, November 20.

This Club, though it has been in existence for over ten years, has a small membership of 22.

To meet the Club's needs, the Club's Honorary Secretary, Miss Dolly Pereira, with the help of the members, has organised a dance, which is to be held on their badminton court, on Carter Road, Bandra.

This dance promises to be a huge success, the admission being very moderate and a good dance band is to play for the occasion.

BATLIWALA'S CONVICTION

Sentence For Sedition Rouses Public Protest

A resolution of protest against the sentence of six months' simple imprisonment, awarded to Mr. S. S. Batliwalla in the Madras Presidency, was passed at a public meeting held at Chowpatty on Monday. Mr. Yusuf Meherally presided. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party and the Youth Association.

The resolution offered its felicitations to Mr. Batliwalla. It also stated that the "meeting views with grave concern the use of Criminal Law Amendment Act against Mr. Ranchod, Patel and five other Socialist workers of Ahmedabad and considers this to be contrary to the spirit of the Congress Election Manifesto and as an infringement of civil liberties envisaged in that document."

Mr. Yusuf Meherally observed that the A.-I.C.C. meeting, held recently at Calcutta, had thrashed out this question. He could not see how the Congress Ministries of Madras and Bombay strengthened their struggle against British Imperialism by indulging in such actions.

Mr. Meherally asked what would the Punjab and the Bengal Governments say when criticism was levelled against them by the Congress? Bengal was now trying to tackle the problem of the detenus and even if they failed to placate public opinion which he hoped would assert itself ultimately, they might, perhaps, reply why had the Congress Governments disregarded public opinion?

In Ahmedabad the Criminal Law Amendment Act was in force. The Sholapur tension had not yet been eased. Mr. Batliwalla had been convicted. Mr. Pillai had been arrested and raids had been carried out in the house of Mr. Namboodripad. How would the Congress Governments, he asked, justify themselves?

Mr. N. M. Gandhi, moving the resolution, observed that Pandit Jawaharlal had said that a personal approach should be made and the Congress Governments in Madras and Bombay had failed to do so. If Congressmen had spoken sedition about Congress Ministers, then Congress would be the proper authority to take disciplinary action against such men. But if sedition was against British Government, then Congress Ministers should realise that they had been wedded to such a policy before Congress accepted office.

Mr. M. L. Shah, Mr. Jotish Parikh and Mr. Natwar Modi supported the resolution.

The meeting terminated after the resolution was passed.

WORKERS GET INCREASED WAGES

Bombay Cotton Mill Dispute Settlement

The General Secretary of the Girni Kamgar Union writes:—

On the 10th instant the workers of the weaving shed of the Bombay Cotton Mill got an increase of Rs. 7 to Rs. 8 as a result of successful negotiations carried on by Mr. G. L. Kandalker, General Secretary, Girni Kamgar Union.

It will be recalled that the Weaving Department of this Mill was greatly dissatisfied with the small wages though the amount of work they were bringing out was more than before. In September last this wages reached the lowest possible level; but instead of resorting to a strike, the workers simply refused to receive the wages and continued working in accordance with Mr. Kandalker's advice. The matter went to the Conciliation Court, where it was argued very strongly both by Mr. Pryde, the Labour Officer, and Mr. G. L. Kandalker, on behalf of the workers. The Court decided in favour of the workers and according to its decision every worker was to receive an increase of Rs. 3-2-0. The workers received their wages according to the new scale on October 13 and now there has been an increase in the basic rates in the workers wages so that this month they received an increase of Rs. 7 to Rs. 8.

The Union is now busy negotiating in regards to complaints of other departments in the Mill.

INDORE: Maharajah Shree Yeshwant Rao Holkar has arrived here on Sunday after over two years' absence. He is proceeding on a shooting tour to Rampura Dist.

SHAREHOLDERS WARN SCINDIA BOARD

"Present Policy Attended With Risk In Most Lucrative Line"

Under the auspices of the Bombay Shareholders' Association an informal meeting of shareholders of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company Limited was held in the Association's Office on Monday evening to consider certain questions affecting the interests of shareholders arising out of the policy of the Directors. Mr. Sohrab R. Davar, presided.

The Secretary Mr. J. J. Kapadia read out the correspondence between Messrs. A. D. Shroff and Jagmohandas J. Kapadia, Shareholders of the Scindias and the management of that Company. They pointed out that they had learnt that the Directors had by a majority resolved to acquire the Managing Agency rights and controlling interest in the Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Company Ltd. and that in their opinion the Directors' action was tantamount to embarking upon a new branch of business which, in view of the prevailing circumstances, might involve the Scindia Company into an acute and severe rate war with the other companies engaged in the same line of business.

The Managing Agents replied that they had not initiated any rate war, that various considerations affecting the present and the future of the Company had to be carefully weighed in settling the Company's policy and that the Board would do all that was necessary to maintain the position of the Scindia Company.

According to their information, Messrs. Shroff and Kapadia pointed out, their objective would be more easily achieved by the conference method with the Bombay Steam. At the same time they warned the directors that the policy on which they were embarking was risky.

The following resolution was passed and carried unanimously by the shareholders:—

"This informal meeting of the shareholders of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company Limited, convened under the auspices of the Bombay Shareholders' Association having considered the Directors' Report for the year ended 30th June, 1937, and the correspondence that has passed between Messrs. A. D. Shroff and J. J. Kapadia, on the one hand, and the Scindia Company, on the other approves of the point of view outlined by the shareholders in the said correspondence and urges the shareholders of the Company to attend the annual general meeting of the Company on the 18th instant and impress upon the Directors that the policy adopted by them is calculated to cause grave complications and involve the Company in serious risk in its most lucrative field of business."

The President then spoke a few words after which the meeting terminated.

CLOSE TODDY SHOP

Lalbaug Chawl Residents' Demand

A new toddy shop has been opened on November 1 in the Harharwala Building in Lalbaug area. The location of this shop is causing nuisance to the residents of the neighbouring chawls and shops. They, therefore, complained to the Excise Minister, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, the Commissioner of Police and the Collector. A complaint to the same effect was also lodged at the Kalachowki Police Station, the authorities of which visited the toddy booth and the residents of the chawls, to the latter of whom an assurance has been given that police licence would not be issued to the booth.

It is further learnt that as a resolution of further investigations, a police report is being sent to the Commissioner of Police that police licence should not be issued to the booth.

G. I. P. Workers' Annual Conference

It was decided at an Executive Meeting of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union to hold its Annual General Meeting at Itarsi.

Mr. D. S. Vaidya Assistant Secretary of the Union was deputed to go forthwith to Itarsi to make the arrangements for the session.

Government House News

BOMBAY, Monday.

Lady Lumley visited the Bombay European Relief Association's Women's Work Room at Caxton House, Frere Road.

Mr. J. H. Garrett and Mr. J. A. Madan lunched at Government House.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley visited the Natural History Section of the Prince of Wales Museum.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice and Mrs. C. P. Blackwell, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice and Mrs. B. J. Wadia and Sir Cowasji Jehangir dined at Government House.

The Acid in Your Stomach Would Burn a Hole in the Carpet

Chemists have proved this by pouring a few drops of Hydrochloric Acid (same as stomach acid) on to a thick pile carpet; it burned a six-inch hole, as shown above.

Imagine what that acid does to you! Excess of stomach acid causes painful indigestion and dangerous stomach ulcers. Avoid those complaints! Get rid of that acid simply by sucking a Digestif Rennie Pastille after meals — or whenever you feel pains of indigestion.

Rennie is a pleasant type of lozenge which dissolves in the mouth; it mixes with the saliva and becomes active at once. Its various ingredients absorb and neutralise acid; they give active aid to digestion and so prevent excess acid from forming again.

Digestif Rennie is untouched by hand. Each pastille is wrapped in paper, individually, by a machine. Obtainable of Chemists, Stores and Bazars—packed in hermetically sealed tins.

Wholesale Stockist:
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CAPITOL
TO-DAY . . . LAST DAY
at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
BETTE DAVIS
HENRY FONDA
in WARNER BROS.' Dramatic Hit
"THAT CERTAIN WOMAN"
You'll THRILL to her ... be stirred by her ... live her ... as see this ...
:: TO-MORROW ::
"THE STORY OF LOUIS PASTEUR"
with PAUL MUNI

REGAL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
YOU FORGOT DREARY PATROLS IN GAY, LAUGHING ESCAPADES!
ROAD BACK
A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
Mighty Successor to Eric Remarque's "ALL QUIET on the WESTERN FRONT."

THE EXCELSIOR
AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
A Thrilling Drama of a WOMAN SPY
"SECRET LIVES"
Starring:
BRIGITTE HORNEY
NEIL HAMILTON

DEVIKA RANI
Surpasses previous achievements in BOMBAY TALKIES'
JEEVAN PRABHAT
TODAY AT
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Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1937

AHMEDABAD SITUATION

The strike situation in Ahmedabad is getting serious and for that very reason calls for a serious state of mind on the part of the millowners and the Government. The millowners have represented to the Government that the strikers are getting violent and are intimidating loyal workers. Government, too, in a communique just issued by them, state: "It has been reported that peaceful and willing workers are being intimidated and that cases of rowdyism and violence are increasing. Grave breaches of the peace are apprehended." We have no doubt Government have not merely relied on others' reports but have also convinced themselves that rowdyism and violence are really increasing. In any case, while violence must be prevented or punished duly, the measures taken should be such as are obviously just and reasonable. The District Magistrate has, quite properly, issued an order under the District Police Act prohibiting the carrying of any weapons in the mill areas for a period of one month. Such a preventive measure is justifiable, particularly because it is under the normal law of the land.

Lawless Law

But the measures taken by Government under the Criminal Law Amendment Act are open to objection. Under that Act, properly called a lawless law, Government have declared the offence of criminal intimidation committed within the municipal limits of Ahmedabad City to be cognizable and non-bailable. The mere conversion of a non-cognizable offence into a cognizable one is not a serious affair in an emergency, as the offence has got in either case to be proved in a Court of law. The same may be said, though with less confidence, about the offence being made non-bailable. But resort to odious repressive legislative measure is a serious matter in its implications. It means that the Congress Government want the law to stand on the Statute Book for use in emergencies. That view is inconsistent with the declared policy of the Congress to repeal all repressive laws. Moreover, if Congress Government help to retain a repressive law, there is no hope of other Governments repealing it. They will point at the offending Congress Government, who will thus be a help in perpetuating an obnoxious law.

Appeal To Premier

It will, perhaps, be argued that a Congress Government will make only a most judicious use of the objectionable Act and that, too, in a grave emergency. But that plea is untenable. Other Governments will put forward the same excuse and thereby justify the retention of all repressive laws and even the making of new ones. A vicious weapon, it is well said, may tempt even a saint; and a Congress Government, under the influence of a panic, may unwittingly make an improper use of a dangerous law like the one in question. This is essentially a matter of principle and admits of no compromise. The Bombay Cabinet has often assured the public that the repressive legislation will either be repealed or remain a dead letter. The present resort to it is contrary to that assurance. Moreover, we do not think that the use of it is indispensable. The welcome report that the Labour Association has by itself succeeded in bringing about a settlement in two mills encourages the hope that by concentrating their efforts on peaceful negotiations Government can do much more to bring about a general settlement. On the other hand resort to repressive laws may make a lasting settlement more difficult than it might be otherwise. We fully appreciate the difficulties of the Government, in view of the attitude adopted by some millowners as well as some Communist agitators. Nevertheless we plead for firm but level-headed action on the part of Government as we also urge the millowners to adopt a conciliatory attitude. We trust the Premier, who is also Minister for Labour, will realise the soundness of our view. We would appeal to him to visit the scene of the trouble at once and take steps to concentrate all attention on negotiations for an amicable settlement.

Section 124-A

An appeal has been filed on behalf of Mr. Batliwala against his conviction under Section 124A of the Indian Penal Code. As the case is *sub judice* we do not wish to make any comment on the judgment. But, the case brings into prominence a very vital question as to how far a Congress Ministry can sanction a prosecution under the Section as it stands. As every Indian knows the law of sedition as it stands is totally anachronous in the present circumstances of India and must and will be taken by the people as non-existing. The Congress Ministries, at any rate, till they are able to secure a repeal of the Section or its amendment so as to limit its application only to incitement to violence must treat it as non-existent, as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had recently suggested. Congressmen have always demanded that "Disaffection"—which one English judge in India had gone to the extent of interpreting as "want of affection!"—against the Government, whether it be a "British Government" or an Indian Government, shall no longer be deemed a criminal offence in India, if no incitement to violence accompanies it.

Incitement to violence, however, stand on a different footing. The Congress is committed to Non-Violence as one its primary articles of faith and every Congress Ministry will feel bound to see that violence in any manner whatever is not tolerated. Cases, however, may arise in which prosecution may be launched under Section 124A against a speaker or writer for using language likely to be interpreted as incitement to violence. The judge may find no trace of incitement to violence and yet he may be compelled, under the law as it stands, to convict the accused because the speech as a whole or parts of it tended to create disaffection against Government. Congress Ministers, therefore, should strictly follow the policy of not resorting to prosecution under Section 124A unless incitement to violence can clearly be proved. However, this involves a corresponding obligation on the part of Congressmen in general. As we have had to observe on a previous occasion, if Congressmen have any grievances against the Congress Ministries, the spadework of the agitation must be carried out first in the Congress Committees concerned. Direct frontal attacks on Congress Ministries by avowed Congressmen can only result in lowering the prestige of the Congress as a whole and in unduly embarrassing the Congress Ministries, who cannot afford to reply to such attacks, some of which will be entirely impossible, without derogation to their self-respect. The trial of Batliwala has lessons to teach both to the Congress Ministries and to Congressmen in general. The former must take measures to amend the law of sedition to confine the "offence" only to provocations to violence, while the latter must strictly guard against indulging in their speeches in any form of violence, since their creed is as Congressmen is Non-Violence in word, deed and thought.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(BY OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.)

Sir Stanley Jackson went back to South African War days for a cricket story at the Farrets Club dinner. As an officer on active service Sir Stanley, doing visiting rounds with a sergeant, stopped before a sentry and asked him if there were anything to report.

The man said "No, Sir," and daringly asked if it were true that Somerset had beaten Yorkshire. Sir Stanley told him that was so—"but forget it and think of your duty."

The sentry turned to the sergeant. "I told the captain there was nothing now to report," he explained. "There is. Tell him I've lost my—half-crown!"

Question Of Colonies

The "Berlin Lokal Anzeiger" says "We want from England the first step towards the practical clearing-up of the colonial question. England cannot shove it off on others and make exceptions for herself and her Dominions."

The Milan "Popolo d'Italia" Mussoloni's newspaper) says: The old British Empire is really becoming an aged Empire.

"Colonies are getting rare, men are getting scarce, children are rewer. The young men's Empire of a century ago is becoming an Empire with fading traditions with its memories stored in drawers."

Prohibition In India

Letter in the "Spectator", London:—

Sir,—I am surprised to see in last week's issue of "The Spectator" (Oct. 22) a letter from Mr. H. Tempest Reilly, in which he deprecates the idea of Prohibition in India.

Apart from the fact that the religion of both Hindu and Mussalman forbids the use of intoxication, my own eighteen years of experience of Indian village life confirms me in the belief that toddy-drinking is harmful to the agricultural labourer.

Mr. Reilly says: "Prohibition of toddy would entail . . . the cutting down of all the palm trees and consequently depriving several hundreds of thousands of Indians of their means of livelihood. "This is absurd, as the very juice, which is now used as toddy, if not allowed to ferment, can be made into sugar in the villagers, and in fact is being so used in some parts of the country. In the case of one experiment . . . for . . . which I saw statistics, the making of sugar was found to be more profitable than toddy, and the result would almost certainly be to employ more people rather than causing unemployment.—Yours, truly,

F. MARY BARR.

9, Lodmoor Avenue,
Weymouth, Dorset.

Divorce

The Supreme Islamic Court at Sarajevo has given a decision prescribing that persons submitting to Islam, and married persons of other faiths, shall divorce their partners in accordance with the laws of the faith under which they married, if they wish to marry under Islamic laws.

The decision has become necessary in view of the number of persons in Yugoslavia who have of late years submitted to Islam merely with a view to obtaining easy divorce

Television

Television through the medium of the ordinary cable used for the telephone is the latest invention announced by the Research Department of the German Post Office

Experiments carried out in Berlin have proved successful. Pictures sent to a house a mile away through the ordinary telephone cable came out clearly and without the disturbance usually found in districts where there are tramcars. Another experiment was made with Nuremberg several hundred miles from Berlin, also through the medium of the telephone cable, and again the picture was extremely good

Military Education for Turkish Girls

So marked in recent times has been the process of equalising both sexes that very little attention has been aroused in Constantinople by the news that all pupils in intermediate and his schools for girls, as well as all girl students at the University, will henceforth be given lessons in military science. The same regulation applies to professional schools of equivalent degree. A circular has already been sent by the Board of Education to all schools concerned.

In the first course the girls will be taught the elements of conscription and mobilisation, military discipline, and martial law; they will be trained in the use of arms and maps, in anti-aircraft defence, in medical work, and in the giving of military history.:

The second year programme includes the use of machine-guns, the study of shells and artillery, topography, lessons in strategy and tactics, and instruction qualifying for service behind the front.

INDIA IN CENTRAL EUROPE

A Tourist's Impressions

By GAGANVIHARI MEHTA

I.

To an Indian travelling abroad, it is encouraging to see that his countrymen in some of the principal cities of the Central European countries have organised themselves in one form or another. Such organisation is all the more essential as the Government of India practically takes no interest in students and merchants and professional men residing in countries like Germany, France, Italy or Czecho-Slovakia, except, of course, that they are spied upon occasionally for "subversive" activities. On the other hand, our national institutions have not yet attained a stage where they can look after Indian students and residents abroad. In the circumstances, Indians on the spot have to mobilise their local resources for what they are worth in order to establish a point of contact and mutual aid.

Students' Association

Berlin, for instance, has got an Indian Students' Association where there are indoor games, a reading room and a tea-room. Occasionally, prominent Indians visiting the city are invited there. The Association is not "political" in the normal sense but it sees that the prestige of India and Indians does not suffer in a foreign land. For instance, it protested vigorously to the German Government and the British Embassy against some disparaging remarks about India and Indians made by General Goering, the Minister-President and second-in-command of Herr Hitler's Government.

Business Contacts

Berlin has a representative of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Dr. K. L. Ganguly. The Federation has had a representative of theirs in Berlin for the last five years. This is a step in the right direction because Indian industry and commerce must seek to develop direct contacts with foreign interests. But the Berlin office needs to be consolidated and developed and similar centres should be formed in, say, Paris and Prague and New York. There was some talk in Berlin regarding the formation of an Indian Chamber of Commerce through the initiative or assistance of some German interests having or seeking relations with India. Unless such a body is constituted under the auspices of the Federation of Indian Chambers, it cannot have a representative capacity and it is, therefore, essential to watch closely developments in this connection.

Indians And Nazi Regime

Germany under the Nazis is, I fancy, a far less pleasant place for Indian students and residents than the Germany of old. The fantastic racial theories of Hitler and his colleagues are not exactly conducive to amity between the white and the coloured peoples although the Japanese have, I gather, been made "Honorary Aryans"—no doubt owing to their being bulwarks against Bolshevism in the Far East and their "Might Politics" in China! Moreover, Herr Hitler is inclined to be pro-British, as evinced by the occasional boquets thrown to British imperialism by him and General Goering. While, therefore, any ill-treatment of Indians by the Italian Government (such as, for instance, the closing of the Mohamed Ali Stores) immediately receives publicity in order to evoke Indian feelings against Mussolini who is deadly against Britain, we hear nothing of the condition of treatment of Indians in Germany. This is not to deny the inequity of the treatment meted out to the Indian firm in Abyssinia nor to contend that Indians are ill-treated in Germany. On the other hand, the ordinary German citizen is nothing but friendly and courteous and helpful to foreign tourists and visitors. But the attitude of the German man or woman is one thing and the political outlook or policy of the Nazi Government is another. In other words, Indian organisations have to remain all the more vigilant about the prestige of India and the rights of Indians owing to the pro-Nazi tendencies of the British Government and the British Embassy.

Indian Propaganda

Nevertheless, a sense of proportion is essential in countering such propaganda. To begin with, Gandhiji was fundamentally sound in deprecating counter-propaganda in foreign countries on the part of the Indian National Congress. After all, we can never hope to match the influence and resources of the British Government who have enormous ramifications and subtle forms of pressure. We have more important work at home. By far and away the best single advertisement of our nationalism is a healthy and successful movement in India itself. Moreover, these countries have their own worries and problems and in some cases their own bias regarding imperial or international relationship; they have their own connections, economic and political, with England to consider and some of them, like France or Belgium, Holland or Italy, have their own colonial territories and questions. Most of the Western Powers live in glass-houses and cannot afford to throw stones at others. It is also necessary not to be too "ideological" in our publicity meant for foreign consumption. It is good to remember in our enthusiastic fervour that the time of even those few foreigners or Indians living abroad who read such literature is limited. Nor is that all. Progressive and liberal-minded persons who are anxious to learn something about Indian condition and aspiration are frequently confused by criticisms of the Congress and of Gandhiji indulged in by some of our "advanced" stalwarts. In fact, I was told that when a Congress leader was going through Poland and was casually asked by a Polish fellow-passenger, a lawyer, regarding Hindu-Muslim differences, he seriously began to explain his own differences with Dr. Moonje (whose name, of course, the poor Pole had never heard!) about the right approach to inter-communal questions! To the

(Continued on Page

FRANKLY SPEAKING

JUST RESTORATION

The decision of the Bombay Government to restore to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee the sum of Rs. 40,000 which had been expropriated by the Government in 1932 during the Civil Disobedience movement is an act of elementary justice. Indeed the amount ought to have been returned at the same time that the ban on the Committee was removed and its buildings were restored. As regards the proposal to restore the lands confiscated during the movement and sold, it is said that some of those who purchased them decline to sell them for cost price and demand the present price, and some others refuse to sell at all. If influential local leaders intervene the present owners are more likely to be reasonable. In any case the dispossessed men should be given fair compensation in the event of their own lands being irrecoverable.

WELL DONE!

The Congress Ministry in Madras deserves to be heartily congratulated on ordering the removal of that eye-sore to every self-respecting Indian in the capital, the statue of Col. Neil, with its insultingly poised pen and inscription "would you be governed by the pen or the sword?", to the limbo of the local museum. The pre-Congress Governments of Madras had not the decency to realise that such an outrageous piece of statutory could have no place in a country where Englishmen and Indians were expected to live on a footing of brotherliness and equality. The statue should have been removed from its place soon after the public agitation was started against it. But the authorities chose to keep it there with police "boundobust". It, however, goes at last into the eternal oblivion, it fully deserves—thanks to a Congress Government.

RIGHT LEAD.

The question whether the All-India Women's Conference should deal with politics or not has been seriously considered by that body for some time past, especially since the advent of the new Constitution. The Central Branch of the Conference, meeting at Lahore on Saturday, unanimously adopted a resolution recommending to the annual session of the Conference so to amend its constitution that, "while specifically owing allegiance to no political organisation or party, it shall lend its support to all activities for national welfare." This is a right lead and deserves to be followed by all constituent conferences and finally by the All-India Conference. To ignore politics in the present position of the country is to ignore its subjection and its struggle for freedom, an attitude unworthy of a body like the Women's Conference.

A DESERVING INSTITUTION.

The Society for the Protection of Children in Western India, which the Hon. Mr. Kher aptly compared to an oasis in a desert, is one of the least known but most deserving institutions in this city. The Society, which soon enters upon the twenty-first year of its existence, has ever since its inception served as a haven of refuge and hope to destitute, delinquent and neglected children, and during the last score of years it has sheltered and reclaimed for society nearly three thousand children, who would have otherwise been roaming the streets to-day as beggars or criminals. The Society is handicapped by want of funds, and the organisers are desirous of instituting an endowment fund to celebrate its coming of age. Mrs. Blackwell, the chairman of the celebration committee, has issued a public appeal for help, which we most heartily endorse.

UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG THE EDUCATED.

An index to the grievous extent of unemployment prevailing among the educated classes as well as to the wrongly directed system of education obtaining in the country is furnished by the fact that as many as 2000 persons came forward as candidates for 30 posts of "temporary" guards recently advertised by the E. I. Railway Company. The Labour Officers of the various Provincial Governments and the Universities ought to bestir themselves to get in touch with employers of all kinds, and set up employment bureaus to enable the unemployed to find jobs suited to their talents and qualifications. The situation in all provinces is getting more and more acute every day and unless tackled betimes in an effective manner, it may get out of hand.

STUPID ORTHODOXY

It is often said that in Bengal untouchability is very little in evidence. Yet it is reported that for the "offence" of having taken a very prominent part in the Harijan movement in Sylhet, the relatives of Mr. Asutosh Bhattacharya, a young Brahmin, who died in his country home at Ghaghutiya, refused to cremate his body. This unnatural conduct of the relatives is perhaps exceptional and due to the fact that Mr. Bhattacharya had been excommunicated by the local Brahmins for the same "offence" and was even forbidden to perform the "shraddha" ceremony on his parent's death. Probably the relatives feared that they too might be excommunicated. But nothing can justify their scandalous conduct towards a dead relative. It is something that the body of Mr. Bhattacharya was cremated with due solemnity by the local Congress Committee. The Congress and other Harijan workers should take due note of the persistence of old stupid prejudices and should carry on vigorous educative propaganda to end them for good and all. It may often be good for them to work in concert and challenge the orthodox to excommunicate them all.

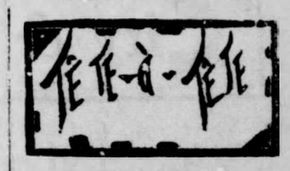
Wrestling Tournament Queries

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—It is announced that the present wrestling tournaments in Bombay are being held for the All-India International Professional Wrestling Championship. I should like to know how International and All-India Championship can go together. (2) Are these fights really international? If it is so, are these tournaments recognized by any authorised body constitutionally? (3) On what principle are the matches fixed; or is it a question of the Manager's choice? (4) How is it possible to select a World Champion when the wrestlers go in contract with the Manager to give a number of fights per month on monthly wages system? Why are the defeated wrestlers often given chances to come in the ring and give fights when they are the loosers? (5) When Western system is lodged on the Indian wrestlers, Indian system should be compulsorily accepted by the Western guests. Why this unequality? (6) It is understood that on the expiry of the Bombay season, the tournaments will be held in the different prominent cities of India. I question why? Are these serious competitive tournaments to be treated as a carnival? (7) If really the nature of the tournament is for the World Championship, why are the Great Gama, and other famous Indian wrestlers not taking part in these? I hope the Organiser of this show will satisfy the public by his explanation to my above questions.—Yours etc.,

"ONE WRESTLER"

Poona, Nov. 12.



It is authoritatively denied in political circles in Rome that there is a likelihood of a meeting between Count Ciano and Mr. Eden in the near future.

What a disappointment—to poor Mr. Eden.

* * *

"But in the meantime we must, like Cromwell's soldiers, trust in Providence and keep our powder dry. The only hope for the British Commonwealth in a world where blatant and cynical aggression is an every day feature is to find strength in unity and preparedness. If we do not help ourselves no one else will. We are the custodians of our own future of our own systems of freedom and democratic government."

The above piece of platitudinous sermonizing (believe it or not!) is not from a school-boy essay on "Our Imperial Heritage." It is from a leading article in the Bori Bunder journal on "Peace And India's position".

* * *

Says Bori Bunder—

"The lesson of recent events including the Abyssinian war and the Sino-Japanese conflict, is a plain one for the British Commonwealth of Nations."

The plainest lesson seems to be that no such thing as the British Commonwealth of Nations exists.

* * *

"We all know", Bori Bunder continues, "the tragic sequel to the British people's devotion to the League of Nations and disarmament in the last decade."

We certainly know the tragic sequel even if we have been unaware of Britain's devotion to the League of Nations and disarmament

* * *

Speaking of the "good ship Reform", Sir Hyde Gowan, the Governor of C. P. declared that dangers no doubt still lay ahead of them, and storms might gather and break at any moment; but they might take it that so far as it lay in them, "those who manned the vessel would not relax their vigilance until she had been brought safely to her journey's end."

The "journey's end" for most unseaworthy ships is a watery grave. Let us drown the constitution!

* * *

A not intelligent, not hard-working, not honest, not industrious, not well-educated, not experienced, not decent, not young, not energetic accounts general clerk, typist [illegible] good salary, good treatment, light work, short hours, all holidays. Easy work preferred. Bright prospects essential. Box . . . . "

—Advt. in local paper.

The "not young" man will be well-advised to take up writing for journals which publish all sorts humour.

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLER

An American lady has actually arrived in India who is "very much interested in India—her art religious, philosophy and history" and would tour the country for 15 days—but would *not* write a book about India.

* * *

School Teacher: "How many days are there in a year?"

Boy: "Seven".

Teacher: "I said a year, not a week. Try again."

Boy: "Seven, sir. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday. Sunday—I've never heard of any other!"

9 Wkts. Victory For Tennyson's At Lahore

LACK OF FAST BOWLERS ON INDIAN SIDE

Col. Mistri On Excellent Team Work: Batsmen Fail

LAHORE, November 15.

Col. Mistri, Selector of the Indian Test Team, said in an interview with the Associated Press special representative that the better side won.

Lack Of Fast Bowlers

"We lost through a lack of fast bowlers and the fast bowling of our opponents also played an important part. Our batting undoubtedly fell below expectations. We hope to do better in Bombay.

Excellent Team Work

However, I was glad to see the excellent team work and the good spirit in the team which is exactly what I should like to see. The two men selected, namely, Hazare and Ramsingh, have justified their inclusion both in their batting and fielding".

WE HAD A VERY GOOD MATCH

Lord Tennyson said: "We had a very good match and a sporting game with very nice feeling prevailing on both sides. We won, thanks to the magnificent bowling of our fast bowlers and sound batting of Edrich and Yardley. It will, however, be long before I forget Yardley's catch. It was one of the finest catch I have ever seen. Now, we are looking forward keenly to future tests".—A. P.

Scores:—

INDIA XI (1st Innings) ...	**121**
INDIA XI (2nd Innings) ...	**179**
TENNYSON'S (1st Inns.) ...	**207**
**TENNYSON'S (2nd Inns., for 1 wicket) ..... **	**114**

TENNYSON'S won by 9 wickets.

MONDAY'S PLAY

All India's second innings terminated within 15 minutes when the game in the test match was resumed on the third day. Gover captured Hazare's wicket in his first over and Edrich took Amir Elahi's wicket in his second over.

Each Batsman cut Edrich for a single. Gover then moved short-leg shortly slightly forward and almost immediately Hazare put up a simple catch in that very place (195-9-31). Hazare had been batting for an hour and ten minutes altogether.

Mubarak Ali came in and after hooking Gover for a single cut Edrich for a couple. In the same over Elahi was caught at fine short-leg and the Indian Innings closed for 199.

Requiring 114 runs to win the Tourists commenced their innings at 11-37 a.m. With Parks and Edrich. On a wicket, which was showing distinct signs of wear and was drying after the morning dew this margin gave India just a fighting chance. When they went in to field their earnestness was unmistakable. Amar Singh took three short-legs, Merchant, Amir-elahi and Hazare three slips.—

Amarsingh went on from one end for nearly an hour, while two changes were made at the other end. Parks twice drove Amarsingh to off for a couple, but carefully avoided a leg-trap. Edrich got four off the Jamnagar bowler.

SCORE MOUNTS UP

The score mounted quickly in singles and twos, both batsmen concentrating on the easy and dead certain placements, rather than on strong strokes. At 22. the first change was made, Amarnath relieving Mubarak. He gave four runs in his first over and five in his third, whereupon he was changed in favour of Amir Elahi. The new bowler gave six runs in his first over and Parks later pulled him nicely to leg boundary. At 44 in his eighth over, Amarsingh got Parks l.b.w. for 23 (44—1—23). Hardstaff came in at noon and survived an appeal for l.b.w. from Amir Elahi. Fifty of the innings was telegraphed in 45 minutes.

After bowling five overs for 24 runs, Amir Elahi was taken off and Mubarak returned, but Amarsingh continued at his end and in his twelfth over, Hardstaff made a very risky shot through leg-trap, the ball going almost within reach of the short fine-leg who immediately afterwards moved to that position but Hardstaff was careful to avoid the stroke.

At the end of sixty minutes' play, the total was 75 for one wicket. Edrich then off drove Mubarak to the boundary sending 80 on the board. Amarsingh himself now showed signs of being overbowled. In his fourteenth over, (bowled without break) he was hit by Hardstaff for the second four scored off him. For some time before this Amarsingh had been bowling without a slip and Hardstaff placed him through the slips for four. Ramsingh came on at 87 and gave five singles in his first over, both Edrich and Hardstaff driving him strongly. The Yuvaraj fielded one powerful drive from Hardstaff splendidly.

At lunch the score was 98 for one.

The necessary runs were scored in ten minutes on resumption. Edrich hitting two fours and getting his 50 with the last strokes. There were five fours in Edrich's 50 which was faultless score.

SCORES:

INDIA XI—(Second Innings).

Merchant, c Gibb, B Wellard	15
Hindlekar, c Yardley, b Gover	23
Mushtaq Ali, l.b.w., b Gover	6
Amarnath, c Peebles, b Smith	44
Yuvaraj, c Langridge, b Wellard	2
Jai, b Gover	9
Amarsingh, b Smith	22
Ram Singh, c Parks, b Smith	22
Hazare, c Edrich, b Gover	31
Amir Elahi, c Wellard, b Edrich	12
Mubarak Ali, (not out)	4
Extras	9
Total	199

TENNYSON'S XI (Second Innings)

Parks, l.b.w., b Amarsingh	23
Edrich (not out)	50
Hardstaff (not out)	34
Extras	7
Total (for one wicket)	114

BLUE RIBAND FOR "NORMANDIE"

Sir Malcolm Campbell Presents Trophy

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Aboard the "Normandie" between Southampton and Havre, Sir Malcolm Campbell presented the Hales Blue Riband trophy to the Captain.—Reuter.

Lady Yule To Sell Her Race-horses

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Lady Yule is selling race-horses at New Market December Sales but retaining St. Albans' stud and some fillies, which are likely to be used for breeding purposes.

Although she has raced ten years, Lady Yule never had a really good horse.—Reuter.

LONDON-CAIRO AIR RECORD

CAIRO, Nov. 15.

Clouston who landed here at 08/59, resumed at 10/05 G.M.T.

It is understood they have captured the London-Cairo record despite bad storms.—Reuter.

Dutch Banker Dead

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 15.

The death has occurred of the distinguished banker and financial expert, M. Termeulen.—Reuter

National Scouters' Union

The first meeting of the Indian National Scouters' Union was held on Saturday evening at Fellowship School, Mr. U. S. Shukla presiding. All the Scouters took part freely in the discussions and gave their wholehearted co-operation to the New Scout Movement in India.

CLOUSTON AT KHARTOUM

CAIRO, Nov. 15.

Closton and Mrs. Mirbygreen left for Khartoum at 10-05 a.m. and arrived at Khartoum at 3-19 p.m.—Reuter.

VIDYA MANDIR PLAN FOR C.P.

Corporal Punishment In Schools To Go

NAGPUR, Nov. 15.

The Educational Conference, which was convened by the Hon. Pt. Ravishankar Shukla, Minister for Education, concluded its deliberations to-day.

VIDYA MANDIR SCHEME

After prolonged discussions the Conference passed a resolution endorsing Pandit Shukla's Vidya Mandir Scheme, which designed to impart primary education to boys and girls of every village in the Province. It is estimated that there are about 25,000 villages in the Province.

It was opined that the Vidya Mandir Scheme was workable and it was recommended that the Provincial Government accept it.

NO CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

The total abolition of corporal punishment in schools was suggested by another resolution, which was accepted.

The question of reducing the educational course from eleven to ten years was discussed but a decision was deferred for the present.

Pt. Shukla told the "Associated Press" that the two important decisions of the meeting were wholehearted support for his scheme for the spread of primary education in rural areas and the abolition of corporal punishment.

It is understood Government will give immediate effect to the decision of the Conference recommending the stopping of the practice of holding the High School Entrance Examination this year, which will save Rs. 30,000.—A. P.

JUSTICE WASSOODEV CONFIRMED

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

Mr. Keshavrao Balkrishna Wassoodev at present an Additional Judge of the Bombay High Court has been appointed a permanent Judge of that Court in succession to Mr. Justice Barlee on his retirement, with effect from November 29.—United Press.

U. P. Political Conference

BENARES, Nov. 14.

Acharya Narendra Deo announces that the U. P. Political Conference, which was to be held on November 28 and 29 at Hatuaganj in Aligarh District, has been postponed to a further date in December owing to the "Ramzan."—United Press.

BRITAIN OUT FOR ALLIANCE WITH GERMANY?

BERLIN, Nov. 14.

The statement by the National Socialist Party's official news service on the Halifax visit is given prominence by the Press which deprecates sensationalism.

The papers generally speak of Britain's desire to come to terms with Germany but do not discuss the possible subject of the talks.

It is noteworthy that the discussion of Germany's Colonial claims which, until a few days ago, were carried on heatedly, has disappeared from the Press overnight.—Reuter.

LORD HALIFAX FOR BERLIN

LONDON, Nov. 15.

It is now definitely decided that Lord Halifax will leave for Berlin to-morrow afternoon.—Reuter.

ENDOWMENT FUND FOR ANGLO-INDIANS

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Archbishop of Canterbury is issuing an appeal on Nov. 18, for endowment funds for Anglo-Indian schools in India, Burma and Ceylon. The appeal has the wholehearted support of Lord Linlithgow, Lord Zetland and Lord Willingdon, who is Vice-Chairman of the Appeal Committee. Lord Halifax and most of the ex-Governors of Indian Provinces and Burma will be present at the inaugural meeting for the appeal at Mansion House on December 6.—Reuter.

LAJPATRAI ANNIVERSARY

Public Meeting At Matunga To-morrow

The General Secretary, B P C C., writes:—

The 9th anniversary of the late Lala Lajpat Rai will be observed at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to-morrow (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the open maidan near the Napoo Hall, Matunga, when Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B. P. C. C. will preside and Sjt. S. Satyamurti, Deputy Leader of the Central Legislative Assembly will address.

Arrangements have been made to install loud speakers.

B. P. C. C. MEETING

The adjourned ordinary meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Saturday, the 20th November, 1937, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

CONGRESS VOLUNTEERS

Inspectors' Class To Be Inaugurated On Nov. 21

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

The G. O. C. of Volunteers of the Haripura Congress sends the following:—

"The Inspectors' Class for the volunteers for the Haripura Congress will be inaugurated by the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai on 21st Nov. at 5 p.m. at Varad Taluka. Bardoli.

"As the time for announcement was short it was not possible to send individual invitations. All Congress workers of Gujarat and members of the Reception Committee are invited to attend".—A. P.

SUBHAS FOR ENGLAND

For Month And A Half's Stay For Reasons Of Health

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

It is understood that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose is leaving for England this week by air for about a month and a half's stay there for reasons of health.—A. P.

Bye-Election To C. P. Assembly Postponed

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 15.

The bye-election to the C. P. Assembly caused by the death of Mr. Majeeduddin Ahmed (Congress) from the Saugor-Narsinpur Rural Mahomedan constituency and for which nomination is due to-morrow, has been postponed by cided to set Begum Majeeduddin

The Congress Muslims have de the Governor until further notice on account of Ramzan fasting. to fill the vacancy caused by her husband's death.—United Press.

Defamation Case Acquittal

VISNAGAR, Nov. 15.

The Secretary Prajamandal, Visnagar, wires:—

The accused Messrs. Chimanlal Kansara and Ramniklal Pandya in the Nondhani Kamdar (Survey Officer) defamation case are acquitted.

TOLL OF SEC. 144 AT JUBBULPORE

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 15.

The order under Section 144 which was promulgated here one month back due to the outbreak of communal riots during Dusserah, was withdrawn to-day, after the restoration of the normal condition.

Sixty-two arrests have hitherto been effected for alleged breach of the order.—United Press.

Mahatma To Wait For Brabourne?

Bengal Cabinet To Decide Its Detenu Policy: Governor To See State Prisoners

CALCUTTA, November 15.

The Bengal Government's plan of action relating to the Bengal detenu's and political prisoners' relief problem is going to take final shape at to-morrow's Cabinet meeting after which the Bengal Ministers headed by Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq will meet Mahatma Gandhi either to-morrow evening or on Wednesday morning.

In Case Of Release

It is understood that the Home Minister summoned a conference of District Magistrates at Writers' Buildings last Saturday, when the scheme tentatively drawn up was placed before them for eliciting their views thereon with special reference to the problem of maintenance of law and order in their respective jurisdictions in case a large-scale release of detenus and other political prisoners was effected.

Anderson For Hijli

Meanwhile H. E. Sir John Anderson, will, it is reliably understood, avail himself of his visit to Kharagpur to-morrow morning on official business to meet some prominent Regulation III prisoners, at present detained in the Hijli Jail, who are supposed to have considerable influence on the younger elements among detenus.

Mahatma Waits For Brabourne?

It is understood that Mahatma Gandhi's present plans are to leave Calcutta on Wednesday and come back by the first week of December in order to continue discussions on this subject with Lord Brabourne, who assumes charge as Governor on November 27 next.—United Press.

MAHATMA AND MYSORE

Demand For Sifting Inquiry Sequel To Criticism On A.I.C.C. Resolution

BANGALORE, Nov. 15.

In view of the statement made by Mahatma Gandhi in the latest issue of the "Harijan" regarding the resolution passed by the A. I. C. C. on the Mysore situation, the President of the Mysore Congress Board has addressed letters to Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, requesting them to clarify the position.

He urges a sifting enquiry into the whole position relating to States by the Committee.—A. P.

GANDHIJI AND BENGAL CABINET

CALCUTTA: Nov. 15.

The Associated Press reliably understands that Mahatma Gandhi will meet some of the members of the Bengal Cabinet to-morrow morning either at the residence of the Premier or that of the Finance Minister.—A.P.

ANDERSON AS "TRAINER"

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

H. E. Sir John Anderson was today entertained at a dinner party given by the Bengal Ministers.

Mr. Fazlul Huq, the Chief Minister, proposing the toast said that on April 1 last a new Government was started with a sporting eleven and His Excellency was the trainer. Though the team was new it had done commendable work under the guidance of His Excellency.

His Excellency made a suitable reply.—A. P.

TRAFFICKERS IN WOMEN

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 15.

The local police have unearthed an alleged gang of traffickers in women by apprehending five persons. The arrested persons are, it is alleged, responsible for abducting about 100 women and selling them in the Punjab.

The police expect to effect more arrests in this connection in the United Provinces and the Punjab —United Press.

Rs. 6,000 For Village Industries In Orissa

CUTTACK, Nov. 14.

The Government of Orissa have sanctioned Rs. 6,000 for the promotion of village industries in Orissa. The money has been left at the disposal of Mr. Gopabandhu Choudhury and Dr. Prafulla Ghose, who are in charge of the All-India Village Industries Association in Orissa.

Centres will be opened at different places to train up young men. —United Press.

Amendments Galore

Special Session Of Council Of State Takes Up Insurance Bill

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

The November session of the Council of State, specially convened for considering the Insurance and other Bills disposed of by the Lower House during Simla session, opened this morning Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy in the chair.

Sir Nripendra Nath Sircar was sworn in amidst cheers for piloting the Bill in the Council.

BANNED BOOKS

Quite a large number of important and interesting interpellations were answered during the question hour, some of which related to objectionable and banned books published abroad.

Mr. J. A. Thorne, the Home Secretary, informed Raja Yuvaraj Dutt Singh that the Government of India had examined the book entitled "As a man's hand" written by Miss D.H. Southgate, published in England, and decided that it did not call for any action.

Mr. Thorne told the same member that the importation of the books entitled "World revolution" by Mr. C.L.R. James and "The White Sahibs in India" by Mr. Reginald Reynolds into British India had been prohibited, the first because it advocated communism and revolution and the second because its aim was clearly to bring Government in India into contempt. The entry of "Africa and World Politics" into India had not been prohibited. Government were not aware whether or not these books were banned in other countries.

Government, added Mr. Thorne, had not hitherto examined the book "After Mother India", but they were considering now whether it called for any action.

The Home Secretary, replying to the Hon. Mr. Brijlal Biyani, stated that Maulvi Obeidulla, who is now 70 and who has been an exile for about 22 years, had never applied for return to India.

PASSPORTS IN KENYA.

Sir Jagdish Prasad told Yuvaraj Dutt Singh that Government had no information if certain Indians in Kenya were refused passports to England on the ground of their illiteracy.

INSURANCE BILL

The Insurance Bill, which was discussed by the Assembly for 11 days during the last Simla session and had emerged out of nearly 1,200 amendments, was then taken up.

Already about 200 amendments have been tabled by non-official members of whom Mr. Kumar Shanker Chowdhury alone is responsible for 163.

An indication of the official amendments which will be pressed was given by the Law Member in the course of his speech moving for the consideration of the Bill. Sir N. N. Sircar stated that Government would move amendments for the reduction of agent's commission from 30 per cent to 20 per cent., on initial premia in the case of non-life and a reduction from 45 per cent to 40 per cent. (There was a general agreement) in the case of life insurance, and the corporation of a provision to prohibit the payment of any rebate by the Chief Agents.

He, however, stated that al-

(Continued in Col. 6)

Wrestling:

"King Kong" And Wong Bock Cheung Draw

Sardar Khan And Goldstein Give Good Display

RIZA BEY BEATS AUSTRIAN OPPONENT

The billed All-In fight between Emil Tzayea (Hungary) and Wong Bock Cheung (China) was a great box office draw on Monday night, and the management of the All-India Professional International Wrestling Tournament had a full stadium to witness their star event and four other bouts of the tournament. Excitement was tense when the Hungarian and China's representative entered the ring for their All-In contest. The former has become famous for his bulk and foul wrestling and the Chinaman has gained some notoriety for his quick temper and gameness for a fast and rough scrap. Hence, expectations for a great do—to were rightly entertained. These hopes were, however, not quite reached, as the Chinaman was not as frantic as he has been on occasions, and was disinclined to seek trouble at the hands of the huge Tzayea. But Wong Bock Cheung gave "King Kong" more than he has suffered at the hands of other wrestlers. Besides the Chink went the full three rounds. In the second round the referee got mixed up with the wrestlers and with difficulty extricated himself.

The opening bout was between Scott (Bombay) and C. Stanciu (Albania) under the Catch-As-Catch-Can rules. The Albanian had the advantage of weight and reach and apparently was the stronger man. Scott after throwing his man early was in difficulties soon, and went easily on to his back in the fifth minute, to be defeated by an opponent he had not the slightest prospect of beating.

E. Korochenko (Czechoslavakia) fought Kartar Singh (India) next. The bout was governed by the Catch-As-Catch-Can rules. A rough first round in which throws and holds came to each man in turn. Kartar Singh got into trouble early in the second round and the Albanian held him between his legs and twirled him about the mat. Both men then resorted to massaging and kicking The second gong saw the wrestlers tired. Korochenko had to be pulled up for foul tactics early in the third round. First the Czech and then the Indian was put through the ropes, but came back none the worse. The closing minutes were spoilt by Korochenko losing his head and he had to receive official rebukes. The verdict was a draw.

Jiji Goldstein (Palestine) opposed Sardar Khan (India) in the third contest. Here again the Catch-As-Catch-Can rules were observed. The fight was a pleasantly clean affair when compared to bout number two. The men hurled each other, troubled one another with strong holds, but tempers remained unruffled. The first round was level. Goldstein with a nelson had the Indian on the floor early in the second round, and again had him down with a flying mare, but Sardar Khan got out of trouble. It was the Indian's turn next and an arm hold had Goldstein writhing in pain on the mat. This was not for long. The rest of the round was a display of some scientific and good wrestling in which Goldstein was the better man. The man from Palestine did everything, but put his opponent on his back in the last round, and had to be satisfied with a verdict in which honours were divided.

In the fourth match Arnold Webber (Austria), opposed Riza Bey (Turkey). The men having to obey the Greco-Roman rules. After some manoeuvring Webber threw the Turk twice holding him about the neck. Webber, however, saw himself going through the ropes shortly after. The Turk was the superior wrestler. This was apparent before the initial round closed. Riza Bey played with Webber in the next round. He, however, concluded matters before the second gong sounded.

The All-In contest came last and ended in a draw. The bout itself fell below expectations from the wrestling point of view. There was, however, much rough play that pleased those who had come to see a scrap. Both men did everything to hurt his opponent, and at times succeeded. It can't be said "King Kong" had it all his own way on Monday, but the Chinaman had to resort to tactics not in the game to deal with an opponent, who could do damage and meant to do so. An exciting encounter in a way, that ended in a draw.

TUESDAY'S BOUTS:—

Riza Bey (Turkey) v. Wong Bock Cheung (China).

A. Webber (Austria) v. Bellgard (Germany).

C. Stanciu (Albania) v. Kartar Singh (India).

Biliciu (Bulgaria) v. Harbans Singh (India).

E. Tzayea (Hungary) v. Sardar Khan (India).

Tanganyika Ordinance

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

It appears the Marketing Ordinance in Tanganyika will be confined to the Regulation of coffee trade alone, and the name of the Ordinance will accordingly be altered.

It is understood the Tanganyika Government have accepted the suggestions of the Government of India on these lines.—United Press.

(Continued From Col 7)

though a big fight over the clause relating to Chief Agents was anticipated, it would not probably be possible to accept any amendments for the definition of Chief Agents or for the limitation of their commission.—United Press.

Key To General Uplift Of Masses

C. P. Govt. Plan To Make Primary Education Universal

NAGPUR, November 13.

"The key to the general uplift of the masses is primary education and it is our aim to make it universal."

Secretariat Conference

A resolution to this effect was adopted at the Educational Conference which met here under the presidency of the Hon. Pt. Ravishankar Shukla, Minister for Education, at the Secretariat.

Educationists Invited

The Conference was attended by officers of the Education Department and a few educationists who were invited.

The Conference will continue its deliberations till November 15.

QUESTION OF COMPULSION

It was resolved as a first step, that compulsion should be introduced for boys as well as girls in places, where schools are functioning at present, and immediate steps should be taken to apply compulsion for girls in these places.

The Conference favoured co-education to be adopted in villages though, not in towns. The Conference suggested that the curriculum of the primary schools should be adjusted and modified to suit the requirements of the double-shift system, which should be adopted, where the number of boys and girls are in excess of the required number.

SAVING TO GOVT.

The Conference further decided by 10 votes to 6 to urge the abolition of the High School Entrance Examination. The High School, Scholarship Examination will continue, but it will be made self-supporting as far as possible. In the case of poor candidates, exemption from payment of examination fees may be considered, as also in the case of Harijans and Muslims.

It is learnt that the Government will effect a saving of about Rs. 30,000 annually if according to the Conference's decision, the High School Entrance Examination is abolished.—A. P.

"EMPHASISE IDENTITY OF MAJOR ECONOMIC INTERESTS"

Hindu-Muslim Unity Association Appoints General Committee To Draw Up Scheme

CALCUTTA, November 14.

That the Hindu-Muslim question could best be approached by emphasising the identity of their major economic interests was the decision arrived at at a meeting of the Hindu-Muslim Unity Association at the residence of the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad this morning. The Nawab Bahadur was elected to the chair.

It was suggested that a general Committee be formed in order to draw up a programme of work to create a better understanding between the communities through political discussions, economic propaganda and mitigation of the communal bitterness in the Press.

The Association will hold a meeting and invite Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mr. Syud Hossain to speak on Hindu-Muslim unity.

A general committee was formed with the Nawab Bahadur as President and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Dr. B. C. Roy, Prince Yusuf Mirza, Dr. Suresh Chandra Bannerjee, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Mr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, and Nawabzada Syed Hasan Ali Chowdhury among others as members.

The first meeting of the general committee will be held on November 17.—A. P.

MOPLAS ENTER CONGRESS FOLD

Over 3,000 Enrolled So Far

CALICUT, Nov. 12.

Within the past one year nearly 3,000 Moplas (Muslims) have enlisted themselves as members of the Congress.

It is expected that there will be a rush of Moplas into the Congress fold in the future, by reason of the Government's gesture exhibited in the repeal of the Moplah Outrages Acts.

The Muslim League, in the meanwhile, is carrying on a roaring anti-Congress campaign by establishing branches in Calicut and generally engaging themselves in pricking holes in the Congress armour.—United Press.

"C. R." JUSTIFIED OUR CONFIDENCE"

Mr. Grubb's Plea For Support To Madras Ministry

TRICHINOPOLY, (By Mail)

Mr. Frederick Grubb, General-Secretary of the Ango-Indian Temperance Association, London, in a letter to Mr. L. N. Gubil Sunderasan of Trichinopoly writes:—

"Mr. Rajagopalachariar, as Prime Minister of Madras, has fully justified our confidence. The manner in which he has pushed forward his prohibition proposals is admirable. He has really set the pace for the whole country and we are glad to notice the Ministers in other provinces are following his good example."

Mr. Grubb adds; "Of course the Ministry will need all possible public support if these measures are to be carried to a successful end. It is therefore, very important that Temperance Societies and other voluntary agencies should do everything possible to educate and organise public opinion in support of the new policy. I am glad to see that the Madras Temperance League and kindred bodies have already taken action with this object in view."—United Press

PROCESSION TO MADRAS M. L. A.'s MEETING

Mr. Giri's Promise To Prof. Ranga

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

Mr. V. V. Giri, Labour Minister, who has been to Coimbatore in connection with the labour dispute, returned to Madras this morning. It is understood a satisfactory settlement between the mill-owners and labourers has been reached and the strikers will resume work to-morrow. A deputation of the South Indian Federation of Peasants and Workers, led by Prof. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central), marched in procession to the Assembly Building this afternoon, when the Congress Legislative Party meeting was going on there. The processionists, numbering about thirty, raised slogans when Mr. V. V. Giri and Mr. Muniswami Pillai, Ministers came out from the meeting and met the processionists.

Prof. Ranga explained to the Ministers the necessity of urgent relief of rural indebtedness and a substantial permanent debt relief measure side by side with an agricultural moratorium. The Ministers promised to examine their case and do the needful.—A. P.

Labour Leaders To Quit Kashmere

ALLAHABAD, November 14.

A communication received by the A.I.C.C. office from Kashmere State reveals that in connection with the reported Red Flag procession there, the State authorities had been taking very strong action against the workers.

Section 144 had been promulgated in the Silk Factory area and fifteen labour leaders had been ordered to submit unqualified apologies on pain of dismissal. Some other labourers had been turned out and Mr. Faiz Mahomed Faracha, one of the workers, was externed from Kashmere for one year. Mr. Premnath Bazaz, secretary Mazdur Sabha, was 'gagged' for six months.—United Press.

Harijan Service A Crime?

SYLHET, Nov. 15.

For the "offence" of having taken a very prominent part in the Harijan movement in Sylhet, it is stated that the relatives of Mr. Asutosh Bhattacharya, a young Brahmin, who died in his country home at Ghaghutiya, refused to cremate his body.

Mr. Bhattacharya was also an ardent Congressman and worked hard to propagate the ideal of the Congress throughout the district.

Not long ago, and for the same "offence", he was outcasted by the other Brahmins of his village and when, later, his father died, he was punished by not being allowed to perform the "Sradh" (the last religious rites performed by a Hindu for a deceased parent.)

The remains of the late Mr. Bhattacharya were cremated with due solemnity by the local Congress workers.—A.P.

CONGRESS AND "VANDE MATARAM"

Calcutta Literary Men To Wait On Mahatma

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

An informal Conference of prominent literary men in the city, including Mr. Ramananda Chaterjee, Dr. Dinesh Sen and others, was held here to-day to consider the situation arising out of the decision of the Congress Working Committee on the "Vande Mataram."

The Conference decided to wait in deputation on Mahatma Gandhi to request him to direct the Working Committee to sound the views of literary men throughout India on the meaning and significance of the song, before coming to any definite decision on the subject.

It was also decided that youngmen be sent to different parts of India to popularise the song among all classes of people.—United Press.

VIJAYA LAXMI NEEDS REST

LUCKNOW, Nov. 13.

Owing to ill-health, the Hon. Mrs. Vijaya Laxshmi Pandit, Minister for Local Self-Government, U. P., has been advised by doctors to take rest for at least one month. The Congress Committees and public bodies are being requested not to worry her by inviting her to participate in any functions.—United Press.

SARDAR PATEL'S APPEAL TO SURAT

Make Haripura Congress A Success

SURAT, Nov. 15.

Before a crowded meeting held this night at Allaya Vadi, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel spoke on "Haripura Congress and our duty."

The Sardar in his lengthy speech said that Surat has obtained this second opportunity for holding Congress session and he made an appeal to the Surat and the District public to make the Congress session successful by assisting the Congress Reception Committee and also enlisting as members of the Congress Committee and paying Rs. 25 for the membership.

MUNICIPAL PARTY.

As regards Municipal election the Surat District Congress Committee has already announced that it will form a Congress Municipal Party and as the Election Manifesto has already been published by the District Congress Committee Sardar Patel from his long Municipal experience at Ahmedabad pointed out the necessity of forming a strong party for municipal work and appealed to the public to support it.

LAHORE:—A dozen wells costing Rs. 1,441 have been dug by the Harijan Sewak Sangh from the Harijan Pani (water) Fund in various villages in the Districts of Lahore, Lyallpur, Sheikhupura, Rohtak, Ambala, Gurgaon, Jullundhur and Hisar.

BEWARE OF COMMUNAL TROUBLE

Azad League Deplores Actions Of Muslim Leaguers

LUCKNOW, Nov. 13.

At a meeting of the Azad Muslim League Executive, Lucknow, held on November 11, the following resolution was passed:—

This meeting of the Executive Committee of the Azad Muslim League congratulates the Hon. Mr. Hafiz Mahomed Ibrahim on his brilliant success at the polls and the Muslim voters of the Bijnor constituency for showing their patriotism in a striking manner.

This meeting while condemning the outrage on the life of Maulana Haziruddin expresses its disapproval at the action of those members of the Muslim League, who are using objectionable language towards respected "Ulemas" and leaders of the Muslim Community like Maulana Husain Ahmed, Ataulla Sa Bukhari, Kifayatullah, Ahmed Saeed and others.

This meeting views with great concern the present attitude of the Muslim League, which is likely to create communal tension all over the country, and appeals to the Mussalmans not to be led away by the false propaganda of the Muslim League and not resort to any action, which might prove detrimental to the peace and tranquility of the country.—United Press.

CONGRESS AND LOCAL BOARDS

CHALISGAON, November 13.

The Bombay Congress Ministry was warmly congratulated and their prohibition proposals welcomed at the Chalisgaon Peasants' Conference held at Vadala-Vadali, a village near Chalisgaon. Mr. Rajmal Lakhichand presided.

About 1,500 people attended. The President was taken in a procession.

Resolutions were passed demanding moratorium; 50 per cent. reduction in land revenue; redress of peasants' immediate grievances; and release of all political prisoners and detenus. Wars were condemned. Bombay Congress Ministry was congratulated. Another resolution recommended the Congress to contest all elections to Local Boards.—United Press.

AMBALA CONGRESS TO CONTEST DT. BOARD ELECTIONS

AMBALA, November 13.

The Ambala District Congress Committee has set up a sub-committee consisting of Mr. Ratan Singh, Lala Mangat Ram, Lala Naukria Ram, Lala Ramchandra and Mr. P. Arya Nand, to select

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 4.)

Fire Havoc In Ahmedabad

Navajivan Karyalaya Gutted: National Publications Destroyed

AHMEDABAD, November 15.

A serious fire broke out at mid-night yesterday in a cycle shop on Richey Road. Before the arrival of fire engines, the fire spread to the office of Navajivan Karyalaya, which was completely gutted and many valuable national publications destroyed.

THE FIRE WAS BROUGHT UNDER CONTROL EARLY THIS MORNING. DAMAGE IS ESTIMATED AT ABOUT RS. 2,00,000. THE BUILDING IS BELIEVED TO BE INSURED.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Jivanji Desai, Manager of "Navajivan," who is out of Ahmedabad, have been informed telegraphically of the fire.—United Press.

CONTROLLED AFTER TWO HOURS' FIGHT

An A. P. Message adds:—

A disastrous fire broke out late last night at Ahmedabad on Gandhi Road in a building part of which is occupied by the office of the "Navajivan," which is still maintained by Gandhiji for the publication of his books.

A large stocks of these books including a Gujarati edition of Pandit Nehru's auto-biography was destroyed by the fire which was controlled after two hours' incessant fighting by the fire brigade. The total damage is estimated at about rupees two lakhs.

Confidence In "C. R."

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

At the conclusion of a meeting of the Madras Legislature Congress Party held to-day in the Assembly Chamber it was officially announced that the meeting adopted a resolution approving of the action of the Premier Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar with regard to preservation of Law and Order and affirming full confidence in him. Discussion on the resolution lasted for three hours. The resolution was passed by an overwhelming majority, 137 voting for the resolution and only 4 against. Two members remained neutral.

The meeting adjourned till 3 p. m. to-morrow, when it will transact other business.—A. P.

NEIL STATUE TO GO

MADRAS, November 15.

The Government of Madras have decided, in deference to the public sentiment expressed from time to time, to order the removal of the statue of Col. Neil, situated in a busy part on the Mount Road in the city from the present site and preserve it in the Government Museum.

It may be recalled that during the last Civil Disobedience Movement a part of the railings round the statue was removed, and attempts were made to demolish it as a result of which several Satyagrahis courted arrest and suffered imprisonment.—United Press.

RELIEF TO PEASANT DEBTORS

Madras Legislature Congress Party's Proposals

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

The Madras Legislature Congress Party met this afternoon in the Assembly Secretariat under the presidency of Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Premier and Leader. About 100 members were present.

Discussion centred round debt relief measures. Several members participated in the discussion and placed their view-points before the meeting which lasted nearly four hours.

OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE.

At the termination of the meeting the following official communique was issued:—

"At the Legislature Congress Party meeting this afternoon Principles and proposals regarding relief to agricultural debtors were discussed. It is understood that the members have agreed to the above proposals. The Ministry will draft concrete proposals in this behalf in the course of time"—United Press.

EMPIRE AIRMAIL ROUTE

Surveying Boat At Gwalior

GWALIOR, Nov. 15.

On the second survey flight over the Empire Air Mail route the flying boat "Cardelia", the sistership of "Caledonia" and "Cambria", reached Madhosagar, Gwalior, from Karachi, stopping "en route" at Udaipur at 2 p.m. She carried six passengers and a crew of four.

Interviewed the pilot, Capt. Egglesfield, said that they experienced sunny and calm weather, and that the flight was exceedingly pleasant. The average speed of the flight was 168 miles per hour. The boat is leaving for Allahabad to-morrow at 7 a.m. —A. P.

NO "ULTIMATUM" TO BOMBAY PREMIER

Sholapur M. L. A.s Explain Their Memorandum

Messrs. R. B. Grime, M.L.A., Ahmednagar, and T. S. Jadhav, M.L.A., Sholapur, have issued the following statement:—

Some of the newspapers have deliberately or otherwise completely misrepresented the true intention of the signatories to the memorial that was sent three months ago by some Congress M.L.As to the Hon'ble Mr. Kher praying for a moratorium. The submission of the above memorial has been amazingly interpreted in some quarters as an ultimatum given to the Prime Minister. We can only say that this is a misrepresentation of facts. The spirit in which the memorial was submitted was neither to give an ultimatum nor to create any dissentions in the Congress Party.

As a matter of fact the memorial contained only a simple proposal for moratorium which was intended for the consideration of the party in order to be able to find out ways and means to tackle the vexed problems of moratorium and debt-redemption. The Congress Party is as strong as ever and we are satisfied that the Party is harmoniously doing what best it can do under the circumstances.

BOMBAY TEXTILE LABOUR INQUIRY

Questionnaire Under Consideration

The Bombay Textile Enquiry Committee met at 2 p.m. on Monday at the Town Hall. It appears that the Committee considered the questionnaire to be issued by the Committee.

The Committee has appointed a Sub-Committee to draft certain questions of a technical character. The Sub-Committee will complete its draft by to-day and the Enquiry Committee will consider them to-day.

The questionnaire will be ready within a couple of days and after it is printed will be issued to the persons and organisations concerned. The public enquiry is expected to commence early next month.

The first Bihar Provincial Conference of Excise Officers will be held at Darbhanga on Dec. 27 and 28 next, under the presidentship of Rai Bahadur Brajanandan Singh, Retired Commissioner of Excise, Bihar.

YOUR LIVER IS AN ORGAN NOT DESIGNED TO BE IDLE

One of the chief functions of the liver is to convert the food we eat—in other words, fuel—into energy. It is the combustion engine that keeps the complicated mechanism of our body on the move day and night. Whilst the liver, like other engines, has variable speeds, it cannot be allowed to idle, because it is not supposed to idle. When it does, one of its most important functions, the secretion of bile and its flow into the intestine, is impeded and biliousness, headaches, constipation and sluggishness result.

Excesses in eating and drinking, or neglect to take proper exercise, will cause the liver to idle. Andrews Liver Salt will restore its normal activity and promote the free flow of bile. Fats are then properly digested, poisons in the bowel waste are destroyed and waste matter gently assisted on its way to natural elimination.

But liver stimulation is only one important function of Andrews Liver Salt. Through its natural action known as *osmosis* it increases temporarily the water content of the lower bowel and quickly remedies constipation without harming the delicate bowel lining or forming habits. It is pleasant to take, does not purge or gripe. Because it is thorough and safe, Andrews has the endorsement of the Medical Profession, and may be taken regularly.

Obtainable from all Chemists and Stores

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

IN THE NAME OF THE KING

One day, when the king had as usual paused to shoot magpies, and the three musketeers, instead of taking part in the sport, had stayed at an inn by the high-road, a man came on horse-back from La Rochelle. He pulled up at the door to drink a glass of wine. While he was waiting for this to be brought to him, he glanced into the room where the musketeers were seated.

"Holloa, M. d'Artagnan!" said he. "Is it not you, sitting there?"

At the sound of his voice, d'Artagnan jumped up, drew his sword, and rushed towards the door. It was his enemy from Meung and so many other places. But instead of escaping, the unknown jumped from his horse and went to meet d'Artagnan.

"At last we meet", said the young man. "This time you shall not escape me!"

"Neither is it my intention, Monsieur, for this time I was seeking you. I arrest you in the name of the king!"

SWORDS AND PROMISES

"What did you say?" shouted d'Artagnan.

"I say that you must surrender your sword to me, and without resistance. Your head is at stake, I warn you."

"Who are you then?" asked d'Artagnan, lowering his sword, but not yet surrendering it.

"I am the Chevalier de Rochefort", answered the other, "the equerry of M. le Cardinal Richelieu, and I have orders to conduct you to his Eminence."

"We are returning to his Eminence, Monsieur the Chevalier", said Athos, "and you will accept the word of M. d'Artagnan that he will go straight to Rochelle."

The Chevalier de Rochefort glanced around and discovered Porthos and Aramis between him and the door; he realised that he was completely at the mercy of these four men.

"Gentlemen," he said. "If M. d'Artagnan will surrender me his sword and give me his word of honour, I will be satisfied with your promise to convey M. d'Artagnan to his Eminence the Cardinal's quarters."

"You have my word, Monsieur," answered d'Artagnan, "and here is my sword."

Fields and Factories

Unemployment Conditions In The World

WHY INDIAN STATISTICS ARE NOT INCLUDED IN I. L. O. SURVEY

By "Mazdoor"

Unemployment was perceptibly on the wane in 1936 and that in nine countries—Estonia, the Union of South Africa, Denmark, Bulgaria, Sweden, Latvia, the United Kingdom, Finland and Yugoslavia—the recorded level of employment in 1936 was greater than that in 1929. But the question arises: "What about unemployment conditions in India?"

It is true that the I.L.O. statistics of unemployment do not at present include India, as the Government of India has up to now not been in a position to collect returns of unemployment conditions in the country and forward them to Geneva. It may however be hoped that the inauguration of the Reformed Constitution and the advent of Congress into power in seven out of eleven Indian provinces, with the resultant quickening of the social conscience, would soon see this defect remedied. while the absence of authoritative data about Indian unemployment conditions is very much to be deplored, it need not induce in the inquirer's mind any doubts as to the insistency of the problem in the country. India is a country where even during the pre-depression years unemployment and under-employment had assumed an almost chronic aspect. It is worth while to recall in this connection that so competent an Indian economist as Sir M. Viswesswaraiya has estimated the unemployed in India to come up to the staggering total of forty millions, and that this figure has not met with serious challenge from any authoritative quarter. Granted that India has an abnormally large unemployed population of its own, the main world trends with regard to employment and unemployment conditions cannot but be of immense importance to it.

PRINCIPAL TENDENCIES.

A careful study of the index numbers of employment for 1936 reveals the following principal tendencies. In the first place, of the nine countries where the recorded level of employment in 1936 was greater than that in 1929, all but the Union of South Africa, Sweden and the United Kingdom are agricultural countries. This aspect of the situation conveys a positive message of hope to India, a country with a preponderantly agricultural economy. For one thing, it instils the encouraging lesson that, while an acceleration of the pace of industrialisation is certainly desirable for a country like India, the preponderance of agrestic pursuits need not in itself, constitute a factor for aggravating unemployment conditions. A second and equally, interesting tendency revealed by the I.L.O. index numbers of employment is that, among the industrial countries employment increased least, or even actually decreased, in the countries of the former gold 'bloc.' The pathetic faith in the virtue of adherence to the gold standard manifested by certain countries has thus been proved to be illusory, and it is certainly up to them and other countries to profit by the lessons of experience and mould their financial and currency policies in such a manner as to secure the maximum advantage in the all-important sphere of international trade.

LABOUR-SAVING DEVICES.

A third feature is that industrial production has increased faster than employment in the recovery period. Perhaps there is nothing novel in this, as previous periods of recovery from industrial depression have also shared this tendency. New methods of production and the shift to new industries cause greater resort to labour-saving inventions and machines. Then, again, the deliberate efforts of several governments to maintain the level of industrial wages by legislation, and later, by various "New Deals," to increase the remuneration of wage-earners and improve their conditions of life and work, have acted as a powerful stimulus on employers to reduce the growing costs of production by a more pronounced resort to labour-saving devices and accelerated methods of production. The tendency for elimination of the human agency in production and quickening the pace of production, it must be conceded, opens out disturbing possibilities and disconcerting vistas of mechanised production. Nevertheless the concurrent phenomenon of increasingly frequent reports of shortages of skilled labour in several industries seems to indicate that mechanisation of production has certain impassable limits which preclude the possibility of total elimination of the human agency.

The latest trends in the U.S.A., where mechanisation has advanced most, show that with increasing machine precision the demand for the really skilled operative has been stimulated. The nearer the machine approaches to fool-proof perfection, the further it recedes from its position as a machine capable of being operated by an unskilled workman. This tendency certainly obvious the fear that completely mechanised processes of production will totally eliminate the human element from these processes. What the future has in store for humanity is rather the increasing displacement of unskilled labour, with the resultant necessity for finding alternative forms of employment in new industries. The disease thus brings its own remedies; fresh displacements of labour are to be met by new alignments of the labour force in new industries created by higher standards of living leading to new wants. In the air-conditioning, automobile and aeroplane industries, we have already tantalizing glimpses of the higher levels of living and standards of comfort which tend to eliminate unemployment.

Satyamurthi To See Sind Governor

KARACHI: Nov. 15.

Mr. Satyamurti was accorded a civic reception last evening at Khalikdina Hall by the Mayor and councillors of the Municipal Corporation.

Replying to the address, Mr Satyamurti paid a glowing tribute to Karachi as being the cleanest city he had seen in the East or West. The system of nominations to the local bodies and communal electorates must go he said. Government, he felt, must find money for a water supply scheme

Mr. Satyamurti urged the Corporation to municipalise the transport and milk supply.

Concluding he pointed out that it was high time for them to introduce compulsory primary education.

Mr. Satyamurti addressed a public meeting last night under the auspices of the Congress Committee at the Khalikdina Hall, which was filled to overflowing. Adumbrating a three-fold programme, namely, the elimination of corruption in Public Services; drastic reduction in rural and agricultural indebtedness and elimination of separate electorates and creation of joint electorates, the speaker said that, if local Congress organisations, including the Assembly Congress Party, put this programme before the Province there was no doubt that Hindus and Muslims alike would rally round the Congress banner.

Reject Federation.

Dealing exhaustively with the Federation, Mr. Satyamurti recounted Congress objections to the scheme, and also to the Federal Railway Authority, which was "Imperium in Imperio," and urged the total rejection of Federation.

His Excellency will see Mr. Satyamurti at 10 a.m. to-day and after fulfilling a number of other engagements, the Madras leader will leave for Bombay by the Quetta Mail at noon.—A.P.

WIN SWARAJ IN GANDHIJI'S LIFE TIME

KARACHI, Nov. 13.

"India has won half its battle and I speak with great confidence that within ten years India will have achieved its freedom. While I am confident that India is gaining freedom within this period, one hope of mine is still there. We want India to win Swaraj during the life time of Gandhiji who has made India what it is to-day", observed Mr. Satyamurthi, addressing over 1500 people in Karachi Swadeshi Exhibition grounds to-night on "India's fight for freedom".

COCHIN LABOUR LEADER SENTENCED

Mrs. Kamaladevi Asked To Open Cochin Conference

(From Our Own Correspondent).

ERNAKULAM.

Mr. P. S. Namboodiri, a prominent Cochin Labour Leader was sentenced yesterday by the District Magistrate, Cochin for six months simple imprisonment on a charge of defamation. The charge against the accused was brought about by Mr. Sankaran Kutty Menon, Harbour Sergeant of the Cochin Harbour. Mr. Namboodiri was speaking to a huge gathering at Palluruthi in connection with the Tin Factory Strike there some time back, he criticised the action of the Sergeant in handling the situation there. The Sergeant then filed a complaint before the District Magistrate for defamation. The Court room was fully crowded to hear the judgment.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi has wired to the conveners of the All Cochin Political Conference that it will not be possible for him to open the Political Conference to be held at Trichur on November 20 and 21.

The conveners have now approached Mrs. Kamaladevi Chatopadhyya to open the Conference.

Poona Municipal Chairman

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, November 12.

At its meeting held last evening the Standing Committee of the Poona City Municipality accepted the resignation of the chairmanship tendered by Mr. Ghole, its President.

The meeting then elected Mr. A. A. Khan, Advocate, as its Chairman.

Satyamurthi Suggests Mahatma-Viceroy Interview

KARACHI, Nov. 14.

A suggestion that the Viceroy should invite Gandhiji to discuss with him the question of Federation and bring about a solution of the problem, was made by Mr. Satyamurthi, addressing an overcrowded meeting in Khalikdina Hall this evening.

Mr. Satyamurthi dwelt at length on the subject condemning the Federation as unacceptable. He reiterated that the eleven Provincial Governments should convene special Assembly sessions, pass resolutions against the Federation and approach the Rulers of States not to join it.

ADVICE TO SIND

The speaker appealed to Sind Congressmen to concentrate on replacing the present Ministry by a Congress one. To do this Mr. Satyamurthi suggested a three-fold programme, namely, to root out corruption, solve the rural indebtedness problem and obtain joint electorates.—United Press

CONGRESS AND DISTRICT BOARDS

(Continued from Page 8.)

candidates to be put up for the District Board elections.

Mr. Ratan Singh, President of the District Congress Committee, accompanied by Mr. Arya Nand, has gone on tour in the Narain-garh Tehsil for Congress propaganda in connection with the ensuing elections.

Mrs. Duni Chand arrived at Ambala this morning to go on tour in the various villages of the district. —United Press.

FROM MUSLIM LEAGUE TO CONGRESS

ERODE, Nov. 12.

Janab K. Abdul Razak Sahib, a strong man in the Muslim League of the Madras Presidency, who resigned his place on the Executive of the Erode Muslim League and joined the Congress, says in a press statement that Mr. Jinnah has done the greatest injustice to Indians in general and to those living in Zanzibar in particular.

He condemns the Muslim League for treating the Hon. Mr. Yakub Hussain, Madras Minister, and Sir Wazir Hussain, in the manner they did and observes that his conscience does not allow him to continue to be a League Member.—United Press.

JUSTICITES' FULMINATIONS AGAINST CONGRESS

MADRAS, (By Mail).

The Madras Congress Ministry was subjected to severe criticism, when Sir A. P. Patro delivered a lecture on "Provincial Autonomy and Democracy" at Komaleswaranpet on Thursday evening. Sir K. V. Reddi Naidu presided.

Referring to the weakness of the Opposition in the Madras Legislature and the duty of the Ministry consequent thereof. Sir A. P. Patro observed that democratic government could be successfully worked only when there was an effective Opposition. In the absence of such an Opposition, the present Government ought to place its cards on the table and take such opposition as there was and the public into consultation.

"On the other hand," went on Sir A. P. Patro, "it is now the Executive that legislates. A herd mentality is being developed. Independent thinking is discredited and even the intelligent and educated are subjected to this malady. British Parliamentary democracy with reference to the provinces seems to become for the present an unsuccessful experiment. It is, therefore, inevitable that in the conditions in which we are placed. one-party government is growing towards autocracy, and the provinces with the Congress majority are drifting nearer to the conditions in Germany, Italy or Russia."

Sir K. V. Reddi Naidu, speaking next, described the fundamental principles of a democratic government and examined how they were being observed by the Congress Ministry.

According to Sir K. V. Reddy, the prohibition scheme was a fantastic and impossible thing. The Interim Ministry had accepted the land revenue reform of the Marjoribanks Committee and the Congress Ministry was unwilling to give effect to it.

Concluding, Sir Reddi Naidu asked what all these acts meant but a campaign of hatred towards the previous Ministries?—United Press

INDIA IN CENTRAL EUROPE

(Continued from page 6)

ed public in Europe, Gandhiji symbolises the Indian national movement and it is only the more well-informed who know the name of the Congress. Indeed, a Zurich paper inviting a well-known Indian leader to write about Indian politics cautioned him not to confuse the public mind or harm his cause by unnecessarily stressing the differences of this or that wing of the Congress or the errors of Gandhiji's ways. Our main objective to-day is national independence (by whatever name it is described) and our "ideological differences should not be allowed to be exported and exhibited abroad. In other words, we should seek to emphasise the points of agreement which are far more important than those of disagreement in the national front and draw attention to creative forces and constructive activities in the economic and social and cultural sphere. But this does not mean the exclusion of publicity or of correction of misrepresentation. In the present state of Europe with its warring creeds and its national hysterias and dishonest propaganda, it is hard to believe that truth can prevail. None-the-less we should not be swept off our feet by this madness and must keep our feet firmly on the ground. There is no propaganda so effective as truth and no publicity so efficient as honest and accurate statement of facts.

(To Be Continued).

This Bungalow Business

George takes housekeeping (or rather, bungalow-keeping) very seriously. Prides himself on having the latest labour-saving ideas. Took me on a tour of inspection yesterday. It went like this: (Kitchen.) George: "See, I've got Shine-O for the servants—it's the newest thing for cleaning floors and sinks. Then there's Rubb-O; grand stuff for tableware and washing-up!" (Bathroom.) "Notice what a well-stocked shelf I've got? That's Bath-O; just add a little to the bath—it's wonderfully refreshing. And you should try my Face-O; grand for your skin after shaving!" (Bedroom.) "Of course, I always keep a bottle of Sting-O by the bed, in case I get bitten" . . . and so on.

"Well," he said beamingly at the end of the tour, "pretty well stocked, aren't I?" "George," I said firmly, "it's a nice bungalow, but why fill it with about two hundred bottles too many? (Whisky excepted, of course.) One bottle of Scrubb's Ammonia would more or less run the house for you—do all the work of Sting-O and Bath-O & Co. at about one-eighth of the cost." "Ah, but does it clean crockery or remove stains from suits?" asked George, weakening. "It has at least ten other uses as well," I answered. George seized on his last straw: "Must be a new thing," he muttered. "Precisely fifty-eight years old," I replied cuttingly, "but I expect you've been going so hard for the latest that you haven't had time to know about a good old universal cleaner." Needless to say, George, in his usual wholesale fashion, now has at least two bottles in every room.

Have you seen the new Gift list?
STILL MORE ATTRACTIVE GIFTS
Ask your tobacconist for the new illustrated List.
PLAYER'S MAGNUMS
Quality Cigarettes. Quality Gifts.
PLAYER'S
10 PLAYER'S NAVY CUT MAGNUM SIZE 10
PL/147

MINIMUM WEAR...
MAXIMUM PROTECTION
SLACK, worn bearings . . . scored cylinder walls . . . result from oils incapable of withstanding the exacting operating conditions of the modern motor car engine
Gargoyle Mobiloil provides an enduring oil film which protects bearings and cylinders from premature wear . . . and saves the expense of costly overhauls and repairs.
NO OTHER OIL DOES SO MUCH FOR you
GARGOYLE
CLEAROSOL
Mobiloil
Prolongs the life of your engine
STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY
(THE LIABILITY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY IS LIMITED)

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 7 POINTS DOWN

Bullion And Wheat Easy And Base Metals Dull

BOMBAY, Nov 15

On Monday cross rates ruled steady.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton was easy on account of Mr. Wallace's gloomy survey on the American cotton position.

BULLION WEAK

London gold and silver ruled weak.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy. Base metals were dull.

SECURITIES STEADY

The London Stock Exchange was uncertain with an irregular trend. Gilt-edgeds securities kept fairly steady on the renewal of support.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

DECEMBER 1937

New York, Nov 15

Previous closing	7.85
To-day's opening	7.78
Difference	—.07
To-day's closing	7.78
Difference	—.07

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Nov 15

Previous closing	4.57
To-day's opening	4.52
Difference	—05
To-day's closing	4.51
Difference	—06

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May Rs. 159

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 15

New York cotton was depressed by reason of Mr. Wallace's gloomy survey of the American cotton position with the resultant easier trend which was in no way relieved by other cables.

Trading in December commenced at 7.78 i.e. 7 points lower than previous closing. Prices fell under lower Liverpool cables and scattered foreign and local selling with some liquidation but lower levels attracted covering and trade demand under which prices partially rallied to 7.83 with a steady undertone.

New York cotton finally closed at 7.78 with a decline of 7 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 15

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (7.93/7.92) 7.79/7.77
January (7.97/.7.97) 7.81/7.81
March (8.02/8.02) 7.88/7.87

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 15

American December (4.54) 4.45
American January (4.57) 4.49
Sakels November (6.46) 6.33
Sakels January (6.56) 6.43

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Nov 15

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 160-4 and Rs. 158-8 at night. The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 159.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov 15

The rates at 2-30 p m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10) 1-10

JUTE

New Crop October November (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 5/8 paid and sellers
Dunlop November (£23) £23 sellers.
Lightning November (£22) £22 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 1/4 buyers) 7 1/16 buyers
Forward January March (7 7/16 paid and buyers) 7 3/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay November December (£14 sellers) £14 sellers
Linseed Calcutta November December (£15 sellers) £15 sellers
Linseed La Plata November (£12 11/16 sellers) £12 11/16 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal December (£12 1/2 sellers) £12 3/8 sellers

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 15

Chicago wheat opened quiet with December at 0.90 1/4. Prices declined on local selling and liquidation as a result of lower outside cables and easier Winnipeg cables with the rate further fallingg to 0.89 7/8.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 15

Liverpool wheat opened easy with December at 99 3/4 and March 96 1/2. Prices declined on local selling and liquidation induced by lower overseas cables but later developed somewhat steadier tendency on scattered support.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Nov 15

May Delivery.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 11 6
Rates at 12-3 noon	7 11 3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 10 9

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Nov 15

Previous closing	4.98 1/2
To-day's opening	4.99 11/16
To-day's closing	4.99 3/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 15

Previous closing	4.98.50
To-day's opening	4.98.75
To-day's closing	4.99.20

FRANC RATE

London, Nov 15

Previous closing	147.21
To-day's opening	147.25
To-day's closing	147.43

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 15

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.98.75 and developed renewed strength on good enquiry with the rate steadily improving to 4.98.65.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.99.20

Franc opened at 147.25 and then weakened to 147.40 on scattered selling pressure.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 147.43.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.114) 11.121
New York on Bombay (37.65) 37.65
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/4
London on Milan (94.75) 94.90
London on Shanghai (1-2 5/32) 1-2 5/32
London on Kobe 1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£198 1/2 buyers £199 sellers. Weak) £197 buyers £197 1/2 sellers. Dull
Lead (£17 5/8 buyers £17 11/16 sellers. Firm) £17 11/16 buyers £17 3/4 sellers. Barely steady
Electrolytic Copper (£46 to £47 1/2) £46 1/2 to £47 1/2
Glasgow Iron sh. (112-0) 112-0

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov 15

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India and speculators sold. America bought. Business small. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 15

Spot	(19 3/4d) 19 5/8d.
Forward	(19 11/16d.) 19 9/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 15

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-4) £7-0-1

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov 15

Silver ready	50	2	0
Silver 1st settlement Kartak	50	3	0
Silver 2nd settlement Magsar	50	5	0
Gold ready	34	8	9
Gold 1st settlement Kartak	34	9	0
Gold 2nd settlement Magsar	34	9	3
Sovereign	22	4	6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

London, Nov 15

Liverpool wheat December closed at 96 3/4 as against the previous closing at 100 3/8

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 15

Wheat January	5	6	0
Wheat May	5	1	0
Linseed May	7	10	3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 15

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 39 7/8) dol 40 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 30 3/4) dol 32 1/8
U S Steel Common (dol 59 3/8) dol 60 3/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 112) dol 113

3½ P. C. GOVT PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 15

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 98-12-0 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 98-12-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	98	12	0
Highest	98	12	0
Lowest	98	11	6
Closing	98	12	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov 15

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling closed at £91 1/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 15

2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian (£93) £99
3 per cent Indian (291 1/4) £94 1/2
4 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 1/2) £111 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 3/4) £109
6 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112) £111 3/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£104) £104

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-79 (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77) £76 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 3/8) £102 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/2) £107 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£112 3/4) £112 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 3/4) £101 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 5/8) £111 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 15

2-30 p.m.

The general tone was irregular. Gilt-edged and Indian loans were quietly steady. Oils were firm. Home industrials and minings were generally steady.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (18-1 1/2) 18-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (61-10 1/2) 61-3
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/2) dol 5
Musical Industries (17-7 1/2) 18-3
Princhin Johnson (40-3) 40-3
Imperial Chemical (36-9) 36-9
Woolsworth Ordinary (70-4 1/2) 70-4 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£83 1/2) £55 nominal
Dunlop Rubber (32-9) 32-9
Unilever Ordinary (36-0) 36-0
Ford Motors (23-9) 23-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£65 1/2) £66
British American Tobacco (108-1 1/2) 108-1 1/2
Carreas A (£8 3/4) £8 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (153-9) 153-9
P and O S N Company Deferred (22-3) 23-3
Distillers (107-6) 107-6
Bredfords Dyes (£5 3/4) £5 3/4
British Celanese (£4 1/8) £4 3/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (42-7 1/2) 42-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (47-7 1/2) 47-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-10 1/2) 6-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (25-6) 25-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 44) dol 45 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (67-6) 63-9
Tata Steel Preference (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-3) 20-3
Donaro Teas (47-0) 47-0
Empire of India (33-6) 33-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (31-6) 30-7 1/2
Gula Kelampong (25-0) 25-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-0) 29-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (51-10 1/2) 52-6
Burma Corporation (14-6) 14-6
Rio Tintos (£17 3/8) £17 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (58-9) 59-4 1/2
Rand Mines (£8) £8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 5/8) £14 5/8
Associated Portland Cement (89-4 1/2) 90-0
Trinidad Leaseholds (100-0) 102-6 ex div
Sub Nigel (£10 1/2) £10 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (32-6) 32-6
Union Corporation (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (40-0) 40-7 1/2
Anglo Iranian (79-4 1/2) 81-3
Burma Oil (115-0) 116-3
Musical Eagle (8-9) 12-9
Shell Transport (92-6) 95-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£37) £38 1/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62 1/2) £63
L and S Ordinary (£30 1/4) £30 1/4
L N E R Deferred (£4 3/8) £4 3/8
Southern Dutch (£19 3/4) £19 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/2) £126 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£80 1/2) £81 1/2

Mysore Grant For Improvement Of Towns

BANGALORE, Nov. 13.

The Government of Mysore, have, in the current year's budget, provided a sum of Rs. 1 lakh for grants for improvements in the towns and minor municipalities in the State. Many of these municipalities also have set apart their own funds for such improvements. —United Press.

Sea-Borne Trade Of Bombay Presidency

MARKED RECOVERY IN EXPORTS

The official summary of the Sea Borne trade for the year 1936-37 issued in a revised form approved by the Central Board of Revenue for the Bombay Presidency excluding Sind is as under:—

Steady progress was made during the year under report towards a return of general trading conditions. Recovery was most marked in exports which increased considerably due to greater industrial activities in foreign manufacturing countries. There was a general rise in the prices of agricultural commodities whereas the prices of goods of Indian manufacture declined. The hope expressed in last year's report that European and American manufactures would enter the Indian market on a larger scale than has been the case in recent years was not fulfilled owing to the higher prices of such goods and the Japanese competition.

With the repealing of sanctions against Italy imports from that country gradually revised and the figures for the closing months of the year indicate that the trade is assuming normal proportions.

The civil war in Spain had an adverse effect on the trade with that country which was most noticeable in the reduction of her demand of Indian raw cotton.

The aggregate value of the foreign trade of the Presidency amounted to Rs. 136.82 crores as compared with Rs. 139.26 crores last year, the value of merchandise being Rs. 94.36 crores as against Rs. 88.25 crores and that of treasure being Rs. 42.46 crores as against Rs. 51.01 crores in the preceding year.

IMPORT TRADE.

The total value of imports of private foreign merchandise into the Presidency of Bombay amounted to Rs. 49.33 crores showing a fall of Rs. 5.2 crores, or over 9 per cent. as compared with the corresponding figure for the last year while that of private treasure (gold and silver) was Rs. 12.98 crores against Rs. 4.8 crores. The principal articles contributing to the fall in merchandise were metals and ores, raw cotton, sugar, cotton manufactures, machinery and millwork, oils, cotton twist and yarn, postal articles not specified, silk manufactures and dyeing and tanning substances.

Variations in the more important articles of import have been separately commented upon. Of the articles of lesser value the following showed noticeable variations, viz., grain, pulse and flour (—Rs. 18.34 lakhs) owing mainly to there being no importations of wheat from Australia and to smaller receipts of rice from Siam, carriages and wagons and parts for railways—(—Rs. 18.17 lakhs due almost entirely to smaller arrivals from the United Kingdom) and bobbins (—Rs. 9.36 lakhs). Imports of tea recorded a fall (—1,187,612 lbs. in quantity and—Rs. 7.71 lakhs in value) owing chiefly to smaller receipts of green tea from China. Imports of leather and leather manufactures and belting for machinery also declined by Rs. 5.72 lakhs and Rs. 5.18 lakhs respectively. Under spices, cloves of the value of Rs. 10.26 lakhs were imported from Madagascar as against worth Rs. .97 lakh only last year but pepper from Java was valued at Rs. 4.21 lakhs as against Rs. 15.63 lakhs in 1935-36. Imports of seeds improved from Rs. 55.27 lakhs to Rs. 62.85 lakhs. The increase from Rs. 7.94 lakhs to Rs. 23.75 lakhs under clocks and watches is due to the inclusion of imports of watches by post which prior to April 1936 were being recorded under the head "Unspecified articles imported by post."

EXPORT TRADE.

The total value of exports of foreign private merchandise including re-exports rose from Rs. 33.11 crores to Rs. 44.41 crores or by 34 per cent. but that of treasure (gold and silver) fell from Rs. 40.57 crores to Rs. 29.27 crores, the value of gold exported being Rs. 29.25 crores as compared with Rs. 38.26 crores last year. The increase in exports of merchandise is chiefly attributable to larger shipments of raw cotton, seeds, postal articles not specified, hides and skins (foreign) and cotton manufactures.

The principal articles have been separately dealt with in Part II. As regards the remaining articles there were noticeable variations in the exports of postal articles, jewellery and plate of gold and silver, fruits and vegetables and metals and ores. The increase from Rs. 1.39 crores to Rs. 2.57 crores under postal articles was due chiefly to larger exports of skins to the United Kingdom. Larger shipments of jewellery to France and of fruits and vegetables, dried, salted or preserved—other sorts chiefly to the United States of America accounted for the increases under jewellery and plate of gold and silver and fruits and vegetables respectively. Increased shipments of manganese ore to Belgium, the United Kingdom and France, or iron, old for remanufacture to Japan and the Union of South Africa were responsible for the increase under metals and ores. There were also larger shipments of leather and hides and skins tanned and bristles chiefly to the United Kingom and gums and resins—other sorts to Germany and the Netherlands. Exports of hemp raw and myrobalans, on the other hand, recorded decreases.

COASTING TRADE.

The total value of the private coasting trade excluding treasure of the Presidency increased from Rs. 47.84 crores to Rs. 50.16 crores of by nearly 5 per cent. both imports and exports sharing in the increase. Imports rose from Rs. 21.86 crores to Rs. 23.2 crores owing mainly to larger arrivals of raw cotton from Kathiawar, Goa and British ports within the province and rice from Burma. Imports of foreign sugar however were less by Rs. 39.91 lakhs. Exports increased from Rs. 25.98 crores to Rs. 26.96 crores chiefly as a result of larger shipments of cotton piecegoods to Burma and Sind, of raw cotton to British ports within the Province and of carriages and cars, etc., to Bengal.

PRICES

The average prices of the most important commodities of imports except kerosene oil, cotton grey goods and woollen piecegoods were higher than those in the previous year. On the export side while there was a decline in the average prices of cotton seed, til or jinjili seed and cotton grey and coloured piecegoods, there was an improvement in those of the other oil seeds, rice and wool raw.

DISTRIBUTION.

The British Empire accounted for 37.62 per cent. of the total foreign private trade, the share of the United Kingdom increased from 24.1 to 26.25 per cent. and that of Japan from 25.85 to 29.04 per cent. The shares of Germany and the United States of America however decreased from 8.38 to 7.71 per cent. and from 6.64 to 5.13 per cent. respectively.

SUBORDINATE PORTS.

There are 78 subordinate Customs ports in the Presidency and for administrative purposes they are grouped under 28 Talukas which are again grouped under 6 Ranges.

Trade at the subordinate ports with foreign countries is negligible and is restricted mainly to dried fruits such as cashew nuts, cashew kernels, dates and rice. Foreign private imports amounted to Rs. 8.74 lakhs as compared with Rs. 4.96 lakhs last year and exports amounted to Rs. 20.58 lakhs against Rs. 14.96 lakhs.

The coasting trade mainly represents the movements of Indian produce and manufactures from the subordinate ports to and from ports in other provinces as also between themselves. The total value of this trade rose from Rs. 6.18 crores to Rs. 6.43 crores. Exports increased from Rs. 2.54 crores to Rs. 2.82 crores but imports decreased from Rs. 3.64 crores to Rs. 3.6 crores.

MISCELLANEOUS

The total number of vessels which entered inwards was 706 of 3,159,555 tons as against 703 of 3,156,378 tons and that which cleared outward was 598 of 2,840,541 tons against 621 of 2,897,157 tons. Of the total tonnage of 6,000,096 tons that of steam vessels of British Nationality was almost equal to that in the preceding year, but that of the Japanese and of German Nationalities showed increases. The tonnage of vessels of American and Norwegian Nationalities however showed noticeable decreases.

(b) Revenue.—The amounts of import and export duty excluding the various cesses collected during the year compared with those in the preceding year were:—

	1935-36	1936-37.
Import duty	15,76,42,210	15,25,94,784
Export duty	1,61,066	1,34,835

The ratio of true expenditure to revenue at the Bombay Custom House during the year was 1.17 per cent. as against 1.05 per cent. in the previous year.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE IRREGULAR

Activity In Mexican Eagles

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Nov 15

The Stock Exchange was generally quietly irregular but there were some interesting features notably the activity in Mexican Eagles following the news that the company had signed an agreement with the Mexican Government for which the former acquires exclusive rights to the remainder of 13,000 acres of Pozarica fields of which it already holds 7700. The price closed at 11/10 compared with 9 on Friday.

In commodities cotton was depressed by liquidation. Wheat eased sharply on reports of better Argentine weather.

Wall Street opened firm.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals Slightly Easier

CALCUTTA, Nov 15

In Jutes there was only limited business at about steady prices.

Coals displayed slightly easier tendency.

Teas were practically neglected.

In the miscellaneous section Indian Irons opened easier but steadied up as the day progressed. Others showed no particular chances.

Government securities were steady.

Following were the closing quotations.

Government securities: Three per cent Government paper 90-5; three per cent loan 1951/54 102-12; three per cent loan 1941 103-10 small lot; three and half per cent paper 98-10; three and half per cent 1947-50 106-10; four per cent loan 1960-70 113-14; five per cent loan 1945-55 120-13; five per cent loan 1940-43 107-15.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1585; C T Conty 390; Reserve 125/4

Railways: Ahmadpur Katwa 93 ex div; Futwah Islampur 90; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar 101-8 small lots; Shahdara (Delhi) Sharanpur 145.

Cotton: New Victoria 1-6

Coals: Aldih 5; Bengal 368; Bokaro and Ramgur 20-12; Brrakur 17-7; Churulia 2-2; Deoli 9-4; Equitable 42-4 small lot; Hurriladih 18-4; Jainty Central 1-12; Kuardi 2-9; New Beerbhoom 24; pref 14-4; North Damuda 8-1 small lot; Samla 3; Union 23-8;

Jutes: Bally 178; Fort Gloster 455 small lot; Howrah 52; Hukumchand 9/4 small lot; India 313; Kamarhatty 500; Kelvin 460; Lawrence 372; Presidency 4; Reliance 63 c div.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation: 9-13; Consolidated Tin 7-3; Indian Copper 2-14; Rhodesia Copper 2-3; Tavoy Tin 2-6; Dalmia Cement ord 11-2 small odd lot; pref 99; Bengal Telephone 20/8; Cuttack Elec 10; Jubbulpore Elec 14-4; Rawalpindi Elec 25-4 s o l; Britannia Eng 1/3; Burn and Co ord 294/8 small lots; Hukumchand Steel ord 12; defd 3-2; Indian Iron and Steel 43-3; Indian Malleable Casting defd 3 ct; Kumardhubi Eng pref 82 small lot; Marshalls 1-8; Steel Corporation ord 7-8; pref 85: Birds Investment pref 100; B I Corporation ord 3-15 small lot; Dunlop Rubber ord 17-14; First pref 122-8; Second pref 100 small lot; Indian Cables 15/12; Indian Rubber Manfg 22-8; Ivan Jones 2-4; Kalimpong Ropeway 12-12; Rohtas Industries ord 20-5; Pref 125 small odd lot; Spences Hotel 5-8 c div; Tide Water Oil 13-4; Bengal Paper ord 105-8; Orient Paper 2-4 disc; Midnapore Zemindary 85-8; Assam Saws 1-11; Bengal Timber 189; Calcutta Landing and Shipping 20; India General Navigation ord 117; Bairampore Sugar 12; New Savan 9-8 Sri Ganga 9-8.

Serugaon 10-12; Tezpore 9.—A.P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Nov 15

F F Campbell ss Pres Monroe of 6195 reg tons Captain W H Wavers arrived on 13th instant from Los Angeles via San Francisco, Honolulu, Kobe, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

K Nixon ss City of Agra of 3866 reg tons, Captain P O Halloran arrived on 13th instant from Birkenhead via Portsaid with general cargo.

Anglo Iranian Oil Coy's ss British Judge of 4011 reg tons, Captain E Garland arrived on 14th instant from Rangoon in water ballast.

M B Kaisha ss Kenkon Maru of 2721 reg tons Captain S Adachi arrived on 14th instant from Yokohama via Shimazu, Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Colombo with general cargo.

B I S N ss Howra of 4096 reg tons, Captain J C Brown, arrived on 14th instant from Rangoon via Tuticorin and Cochin with timber and general cargo.

B I S N ss Sirsa of 3387 reg tons, Captain N Cockburn arrived on 14th instant from Calcutta via Madras with coal and general cargo.

T Morrison ss Akbar of 2479 reg tons, Captain H Morini arrived from Calcutta via Port Okha and Bhavnagar in ballast.

N Y Kaisha ss Toyooka Maru of 4388 reg tons, Captain S Shimizu arrived from Kobe via Osaka, Moji, Sakito, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

Volkart Bros ss Skagerak of 2315 reg tons, Captain O Stein arrived from Miike via Singapore, Calachel and Marmagoa with ore and cashewnuts cargo.

SAILED

F F Campbell ss Pres Monroe of 6195 reg tons, Captain W H Weaver sailed for New York via Suez with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

K Nixon ss City of Venice of 5492 reg tons, Captain H Percival, sailed for Marseilles, Dunkirk, Antwerp, and Liverpool via Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 15-11-37.

S S Conte Verde (L T) for Europe and American Ports via Aden

S S Durenda (M M) for Red Sea Ports Europe and American Ports via Aden and London.

S S Sumatra (L T) for Sigon via Colombo and Singapore.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Nov 15

4 Lindenfels 5193 Karachi 17-11 L Edward
5 City of Agra 3865 Karachi 19-11 K Nixon
6 Toyooka Maru 4388 Karachi 19-11 N Y Kaisha
8 Kidderpore 3223 Colombo 18-10 M M T End. Br Judge 4011 Abadan 19-11 Anglo I. Oil
9 Alipore 3241 Karachi 17-11 M M
16 Skagerak 2315 N F, Volkart Bros
17 Olcades 4065 Abadan 19-11 M M

Victoria Dock

1 Janaki 530 M Coast 15-11 Malabar S S
3 Bankura 1896 Persian Gulf 17-11 M M
10/11 Konkan Maru 2721 Marmagoa 16-11 M B Kaisha

Prince's Dock

D/E Netravati 699 N F B S N
F Khosrou 2471 Jeddah 16-11 T Morrison.
G Oosteapelle 348 Malabar Coast 16-11 Merchant S N
K Jehangir 2157 Calcutta 20-11 T Morrison
K Khosrou 2471 Jeddah 16-11 T M
M Jalapalaka 2630 N F, N F, S N Co.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathaird 18-11-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 25-11-37 P and O
Corfu 9-12-37 P and O
Mooltan 2-12-37 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Circassia 19-11-37 Anchor Line
C/o Agra 11-11-37 Killick Nixon

FROM SYDNEY

Maloja 20-11-37 P and O S N

FROM GENOA

Victoria 30-11-37 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Tijuka 17-11-37 L Edwards

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

London Maru 23-11-37 O S Kaisha
Conte Bencomeno 29-10-37 L Triestino
Mikage Maru No. 18 23-11-37 N Y K
Toyooka Maru 15-11-37 N Y K

FROM HAMBURG

Braunfels 18-11-37 L Edwards
Kandelfels 24-11-37 L Edward

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Adams 25-11-37 F F Campbell
C/o Birmingham 18-11-37 F F Campbell
Wellington Court 18-11-37 M M
Unicoi 14-11-37 L Edwards

FROM BASRA

Varela 24-11-37 M M
Barala 18-11-37 M M

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 15-12-37 L Triestino

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 27-11-37 M M
Karanja 13-11-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Howra 14-11 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jairashmi 17-11-37 S S N

FROM KARACHI

Vita 18-11-37 M M
Durenda 16-11-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Sirsa 15-11-37 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Comorin 27-11-37 P and O
Maloja 20-11-31 P and O
Ranchi 11-12-37 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 4-12-37 P and O S N
Bangalore 23-11-37 M M

FOR SYDNEY

Strathaird 18-11-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Venice 1-12-37 Killick Nixon
City of Benares 19-11-37 Killick Nixon
Circessia 1-12-37 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Lindenfels N F L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Monroe 13-11-37 F F Campbell
C/o Birmingham 20-11-37 F F Campbell
Skagerak 19-11-37 Volkart Bros.
Pres. Adams 26-11-37 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 16-11-37 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Soudan 10-11-37 P and O
Corfu 9-12-37 P and O
Sumatra 15-11-37 L Triestino
Tango Maru 13-11-37 N Y K
Mikage Maru No. 18 26-11-37 N Y K
Victoria 30-11-37 L Triestino
Celebes Maru 23-11-37 O S K

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancamano 23-11-37 L Triestino

FOR JEDDAH

Khosrou 16-11-37 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Vita 20-11-37 M M
C/o Venice 14-11-37 Killick Nixon
City of Agra 19-11-37 K Nixon
Alipore 18-11-37 M M
Toyooka Maru 19-11 N Y Kaisha
Lindenfels 17-11-37 L Edwards

FOR BASRA

Toyooka Maru 18-11-37 N Y K
Barala 24-11-37 M M
Bankura 17-11-37 M M
Varela 18-11-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 24-11-37 M M
Takliwa 8-12-37 M M

FOR CALCUTTA

Jahangir 20-11-37 T M

FOR RANGOON

Jalvillar 14-11-37 Scindia S N

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Djanbi 12-11-37
S S Conte Rosso 12-11-37
S S Kalavati 13-11-37
S S Irrawadi 13-11-37
S S Janabi 13-11-37

EXPORTS

S S City of Agra for Manchester: 204 drums castor oil A Hargovindas; 50 bs cotton raw Swastik G Trading; 53 bales cotton raw B Karsondas; 50 bales cotton raw Thakordas and Co; 130 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 125 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 122 bales cotton waste clean P D Vora; 64 bales cotton waste oily M Narotamdas; 31 bales cotton fly clean M Narotamdas; 19 bales cotton fly clean M Narotamdas; 112 bs cotton fly Supt Textile Products; 58 bgs gum N Muljee.

For Liverpool: 560 bags g nut oil cake Kishan Prasad; 174 bags cotton fly Supt Textile Products (India); 13 bags cotton waste oily M Narotamdas; 54 bales wool raw H Hirji.

S S Durenda for Middlesbrough: 2500 tons manganese ore J Finlay

For London: 1000 bags soap stone powder Shaw Wallace.

S S Conte Verde for Trieste: 55 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 125 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

For Venice: 780 bags g nut seed The Cotton Agents

For Mersin: 50 bales grey cotton yarn A E Ejel.

For Beyrouth: 15 bales grey cotton yarn A E Ejel

For Alexandretta: 15 bales grey cotton yarn A E Ejel

For Izmia: 25 bales cotton grey yarn The Swadeshi Mills Co.

For Portsaid: 13 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab.

For Istambul: 13 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab

For Famagusta: 13 bales grey cotton yarn Sassoon J David.

S S Lindenfels for Gothenburg: 10 bs cotton fly Champakial and Co.

For Hamburg: 100 bags g nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 1400 bags g nut oil 5cake H Rawji; 44 bales cotton fly Supt Textile Products (India).

For Limasol: 17 bales cotton piecegoods K Gordhandas

For Antwerp: 510 bags kardi seeds G Gokalchand.

For Portsaid: 20 bags myrabollams R Shantilal

For Suez: 20 drums g nut oil R Shantilal.

For Famagusta: 26 bales cotton piecegoods K Gordhandas.

S S Skagerak for New York: 30 bales wool raw Bombay Shipping Agency; 145 bags sesame seeds D Abraham; 106 bags flea seeds D Abraham; 94 bags psyllium seed D Abraham; 4 bales kid skins raw D Abraham; 85 bags turmeric E Mahomed.

For Philadelphia: 74 bales goat skins D Abraham

S S Kidderpore for Osaka: 105 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co.

For Nagoya: 155 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co.

For Hongkong: 50 bales cotton grey yarn David Sassoon; 42 bales cotton grey yarn Jethabhai Jewan.

IMPORTS

S S M V Potter, Agents L Edwards from Philadelphia: 2655 drums lubg oil; 100 drums all weather axle oil.

From New York: 120 cases medicines harmless; 70 cases powdered glucose; 143 boxes auto parts; 66 cases dry batteries; 31 cases writing ink; 111 drums dyestuff; 59 bales fertilizers; 67 bundles auto springs; 362 bales old newspapers; 64 cases machy; 474 cases motor truck chassis; 76 cases advertising matter; 3165 pieces galvd steel; 77 kegs enamel 30 cases dental cream; 51 cases cotton fents; 331 pieces auto springs; 292 cases wheels; 208 loose rubber pneum tyres 45 cases truck parts; 40 coils steel cable

S S Taijin Maru, Agents O S Kaisha from Singapore: 700 bags betelnuts; 19 bags sago flour; 262 bundles rattans; 7 bundles pine apples.

From Colombo: 7626 bag scopra; 26 bundles mattress fibre.

From Penang: 733 bags pearl tapioca 57 bags betelnuts.

From Tokyo: 340 bales grey cotton yarn; 58 cases clocks.

From Yokohama: 59 cases weaving machines.

From Otaru: 325 packages potato starch.

From Moji: 92 cases sheet glass; 151 cases ground glass; 50 cases window glass; 210 pieces sanitary ware; 75 cases wax veg.; 50 bales auto tyres; 150 bales strawboard; 225 drums calcium carbide.

Uncertainty Over U. S. Farm Legislation

DIVISION IN AGRICULTURAL COMMITTEE

Long Liquidation And Hedge Selling

Bombay, Nov. 15.

On Saturday the New York cotton market was inactive with lower Bombay cables contributing to the decline with foreign orders on both sides. Advices from Washington indicate doubts as to whether the Farm Bill will be ready for the special session on Monday.

The Agrtcultural Committee is divided and the programme was suddenly altered. Both compulsory clause and process tax were eliminated. Sentiment of the House Agricultural Committee definitely favoured voluntary soil con servation programme with benefit payments rather than compulsory marketing quotas. The Senate Committee is inclined to delay the formulation of the Agricultural Bill until January and uncertainty exists as to whether the special session will enact farm legislation. Thus there will be no compulsory crop control but rather something like domestic allotment plan.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

Despite the record Bureau figures, prices after easing slightly slowly advanced due to very small Southern offerings and a little trade, foreign and local buying. The earlier decline may not have fully discounted the large crop estimate but growers were not disposed to sell one to two cents below the loan.

Some investment buying was attracted by the relative stability of prices in the face of the enormous crop but most interests are holding off pending more definite prospects with regard to the Farm Bill. Sentiment of the House Agricultural Committee definitely favours voluntary soil conservation programme with benefit payments rather than compulsory marketing quotas. The Senate Committee is inclined to delay the formulation of the Agricultural Bill and uncertainty exists as to whether the special session will enact Farm Legislation. Meanwhile with the trade inclined to adopt a waiting attitude, narrow and trading markets are expected

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened steady with a little more hedge selling and liquidation due to lower Liverpool cables. Consumption figures were slightly below expectation indicating unfavourable conditions in the textile trade. Spot demand was poor but the session was steady.

At the opening December was 5 points down at 7.93 which was the highest level for the day. Later on prices declined further 8 points and December was quoted 7.85 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 13 to 10 points. American spot cotton prices declined 13 points at 8-00 per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was also easy and closed at a decline of 8 to 9 points. Spot Cotton prices were reduced 7 points at 8.07c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with January quoted at 4.56. There was Bombay selling and hedging with a small offtake. Later on prices recovered on local short covering and trade calling. The market closed at a net decline of one to two points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 4.66d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was irregular. Giza futures closed unchanged to 2 points up while Uppers declined one to 2 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. December Highest (10 a.m.) 7.93—05
N. Y. December Lowest (12 noon) 7.85—13
Liverpool January Highest 4.58—01
Liverpool January Lowest 4.54—05

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from New York:—

"Declined on hedging and awaiting opening Congress."

"Controversy with regard to control legislation restricting support. Strong opposition to process tax."

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—Shortage contracts locally owing lessened liquidation and hedge selling to cope with Bombay and Alexandria buying political interference may cause temporary advance and advantage therefore should be taken of any material rise.

New York:—Cotton better tone of securities markets and prospective crop restriction proposal though entirely indefinite as yet caused some short covering but trade holding off being uneasy over possibility of renewed processing taxes would not follow advance. Sufficient cotton withheld from loan will be sold on further strength to prevent any appreciable advance at present would confine purchases good recessions.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co. have received the following cable:—

Garside: World consumption August September compared last year American 2044000 against 2034000, foreign 2826000 against 2678000; all 4870000 against 4712000. Cloths slow America abroad. Commodities steadier. Hedging light.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Following a decline of 13 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 159/8 for Broach A/M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 160/12 on improved buying on hopes of encouraging Presidential message to the U. S. Congress. The tone of the market was very steady but Farm Bill uncertainty exists.

Liverpool market opened easy at a decline of 5 points and later was quoted 7 points down. In the local market there was increased selling and Broach A/M. delivery declined to Rs. 159. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	158	8	0
Oomra D/J	141	8	0
Oomra March	141	12	0
Bengal D/J.	126	12	0
Bengal March	126	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Nov 15

M G Bengal U P—	
Superfine	145
Fine	142
Fully Good	139
Good	136

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov 15

Bengal Fine new 138/43
C P 1 new 161 Nov +14 Dec +10
C P 2 new 153 Nov +10 Dec +5
Arvi Nov +10 Dec +5
Berar new 151 old 118/28 Nov +7 Dec +3
Khandesh new 147 old 113/18 Nov +1 Dec —5
Jalna Sailu old 118/23
Burwah Sanavad old 118/23
Mathia old 83/103
Broach old 148/52
Punjab 4 F Nov +12/13
Punjab 289 F +62/65
Sindh 4 F new 174/76 Nov +12/14
Sindh N T new 210/12 Nov +48/50 Dec Mr/Ap.
Kampala new 105/15 Dec +125

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Nov 15

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	13-11-37.	This year.
Khandesh		613
Central India	11	11
Barsi and Nagar		767
Berar		125
Central Provinces	44	92
Total Oomras	55	1,608
Dholera		1,465
N W Provinces		459
Sind Punjab	734	37,999
Broach		1,406
Coompta and Dharwar		4,668
Westerns Northerns		723
Cocoanada		12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		809
American		317
Egyptian, African and Sudan	1,762	74,808
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		268
Total	2,551	124,542

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 12th Nov

In full-pressed bales	13-11-37.	This year.
Europe	82	19,251
Japan and China		53,724
Coast Ports	8	17,115
Up-country by Rail		63,553
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		809
Total	90	154,452

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
December 154 Jan. 156 March 162 May 169 at Cross Rate 4.98 1/2.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1938 160—Liverpool May 1938 6.67 Rs. 43 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1938 160—New York May 8.00 Rs. 18 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.98 1/2.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 12th November	4,968
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	112,991
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	115,887
Decrease	2,896

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Nov. 13.

GIZA—	
Spot	7.40+2.
November	6.46+2.
January	6.56+2.
March	6.66—0.
May	6.73—0.
July	6.81—0.
October	6.94—0.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.15—4.
November	5.80—2.
January	5.71—1.
March	5.71—2.
May	5.75—2.
July	5.78—2.
October	5.81—2.

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 13-11-37	4465000	3911000
Receipts yesterday 13-11-37	29000	34000
Exports to date 13-11-37	2119000	1928000
Stock at Ports 12-11-37	3234000	2864000
Stock at Interior Towns 12-11-37	2385000	2342000
Stock at Liverpool 12-11-37	781000	801000
Visible Supply 12-11-37	7199000	6554000
Quantity in sight 12-11-37	8015000	7420000
Quantity out of sight 12-11-37	3688000	4128000

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 15.

On Saturday London gold prices declined 1/2d. to £7-0-4. London/Paris Exchange rate was 3 points up at 147.21 Dollar-Sterling cross rate was 4.98 1/2 London silver prices declined 1/16d. speculators sold and business was small. The market was steady Montreal futures were unchanged to 37 points up and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1.2 1/4. The local market was easy with extensive selling by local professionals in silver while gold was quietly steady.

GOLD			
Ready	34	9	6
Kartak	34	9	9
Magsar	34	10	3
SILVER			
Ready	50	1	0
Kartak	50	1	6
Magsar	50	2	6

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Wheat	3,235 cwts.
Linseed	3,055 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	98 cwts.
Gingellyseed	1,237 cwts.
Poppyseed	354 cwts.
Groundnuts	7,026 cwts.
Rice	23,931 cwts.
Myrabollams	710 cwts.
Cottonseed	1,102 cwts.
Mowraseed	146 cwts.
Gram	725 cwts.
Joowar	477 cwts.
Barley	288 cwts.
Bajree	5,970 cwts.
Indian Sugar	14,788 cwts.

New York Sugar

New York, Nov. 13.

December	2.34—3.
March	2.36—3.
May	2.38 unchgd.
July	2.40 unchgd.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Nov. 13.

December	100 3/8d.
March	97 5/8d.
May	96 7/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Nov. 13.

December	dol 0.91 3/4.
May	dol 0.92
July	dol 0.86 1/2.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Yellow Metal	40	0	0
Copper Sheets	44	0	0

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

(Issued by The Hindustani Native Merchants Association.)
342, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
Bombay, Nov 15

Khadi.

	Rs. as. ps. Per lb.
Tata	0 7 0
Textile	0 7 9
Bradbury	0 7 3
E. D. S. Group	0 7 3
Sassoon	0 7 3
Century	0 7 0
Toyo Podar	0 7 9
Simplex	0 7 3
Madhusudan	0 7 4-1/2

Long Cloth (full weight in. 36.38) 92-1/2 93-1/2

	Per lb.
Mahal Brand	0 10 0
Madari Brand	0 9 9
Uttam Kheti	0 0 0
Daud Saheb	0 9 9
Hindustan 8605	
Hindustan 8705	0 10 6

Long Cloth (Light Weight) No. 5202, 5303.

	Per lb.
Western	0 0 0
Hindustan	0 0 0
Century	0 0 0
Kurla	0 10 0
Idsu	0 10 0

Long Cloth X Quality.

Appollo	0 9 7½
Century	0 9 6
Jam	0 10 9
Textile	0 9 9
Spring	0 9 9
Madhusudan	0 9 7½
Victoriya	0 9 3

Long Cloth Satin Calander 34-42 In.

	Per lb.
Textile (Hand)	0 9 3
Spring (Merchant)	0 9 3
Century (Bugal)	0 9 1½
Pehlad Siwala	0 9 0
Hindustan (Tiger)	0 9 6
Western 92½-92½ Circus Horse)	0 9 3
Madhusudan	0 9 1½
Tijuri	0 9 6
Bharat Mill	0 9 0
Sundri	0 9 3
Jubily	0 8 4½

Hight Class Long Cloth. (Edsu Mill).

	Rs. as. ps. per Piece.
8851-351	6 9 0
9821-656	6 3 0
1200-181	5 14 0
542-352	7 3 0
414-657	6 13 0
1400-191	6 4 0
548-353	7 11 0
9191-658	7 4 0

Long Cloth Vegitable.

	Per lb.
Apollo	0 8 10½
Idsu	0 8 10½
Sentury	0 8 7½
Madhusudan	0 8 9
Moon	0 0 0
Union	0 0 0
Hindustan	0 0 0

Salita.

1215 Idsu	0 8 6
1215 Shri Nivas	0 0 0
1215 Madhusudan	0 8 6
1215 Sassoon	0 8 6
AAA Billi	7 6 0
6200 Sassoon	0 0

Dhoties 7—8—9 Yard.

	Per lb.
Spring Mill (Balance)	0 10 6
Crown 4310	0 10 3
Western	0 0 0
Hindustan	0 10 13
Barsi	0 0 0

Dhoties 10 Yards.

	Per lb.
Spring Mill (Balance	0 9 9
Hindustan	0 10 3
Barsi	0 0 0

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Nov. 15.

B. C. RATES— T. T. D. D. 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 286 3/4
Bank's buying T T 264 5/8

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,108
Bank's buying T T 1,123

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 77 1/2
Banks buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/2

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/4

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 5/8

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 79 3/4

SINGAPORE—
Bank selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 91 7/8

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.98 3/4 13th instant
Japan/London 1/2 1/32 15th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/16 15th instant.
Shanghai/London 1/2 1/4 15th instant.
Java/London 8.99 15th instant.
London/Paris 147.21 13th instant.
London/Belgium 29.36 1/2 13th instant
London/Switzerland 21.62 13th instant.
London/Berlin 12.36 13th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 13th instant.
London/New York 4.98 1/2 13th instant.
London/Amsterdam 9.01 1/4 13th instant.
London/Italy 94.75 13th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-0-4 1/2 12th instant.
Gold £7-0-4 13th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 13/16 12th instant.
Silver London Ready 19 3/4 13th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 3/4 12th instant.
Silver London Forward 19 11/16 13th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 12th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 13th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 12th instant
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 13th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 12th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 13th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, Nov 15

Receipts from 1st September to 11th November 1937	117,023
Same time previous season	112,566

Exports from 1st September to 11th November 1937

	1937	1936
United Kingdom	2,136	3,522
Continent	34,192	48,149
China	19,532	2,000
Japan	32,824	90,456
Coast Ports	17,115	2,681
U. S. A.		80
	105,299	146,888

Total exports by rail, 1st September to 11th November 1937	63,553
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September to 11th November 1937	158,000
Same period last year	127,831
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and Mills in Bombay on 11th November 1937	544,761
Same time last year	574,568

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts from Up-country from 1st September to 4th November 1937	150,973
Same time previous season	267,555
Total cotton shipped from 1st September to 28th October 1937	55,063
Same time previous year	135,940

Western	0 0 0
Crown	0 10 3

Gin Coloured.

	per Piece.
B 1515 Ratilal	7 14 0
1415 Ratilal	7 1 0
1414 Khajuri	0 0 0
779	
4141	8 10 0
979 Kohinoor	7 2 0
1579 Century	0 0 0
M. B. W.	8 4 0

Dhoti Mahin 44x10.

	Rs. as. ps. per Piece.
115 Hirji Kuria	0 0 0
115 Victoria	1 4 6
2142 Western	1 6 6

Lepad Big Size.

	Per lb.
Crown	0 9 6
Hindustan	0 9 4½
Apollo	0 9 3
Edsoo	0 9 3
Spring	0 9 4½
Tex	0 9 4½
Century	0 9 3
Union	0 0 0
Madhusudan	0 9 3

Lepad Small Size.

	Per lb.
Century	0 9 0
Madhusudan	0 9 0
Tex	0 9 1½
Spring	0 9 1½

Dukdi Yards 12-13-14.

	Per lb.
9712 Kamala	0 10 3
8712 Madhusudan	0 10 4½
5250 E. Keshri	2 1 3½
8712 Kalyan	0 10 6
8712 Shri Nivas	0 10 6
8350 Dhanraj	0 0 0
8750 Dhanraj	0 0 0
9250 Kohinoor	2 4 6
8550 Dhanraj	0 0 0
9850 Madhusudan	2 1 0

Industrial Shares Quietly Steady

TATA STEELS CLOSE LOWER

Cotton Textiles Steady

BOMBAY: November 15.

There was a limited turnover on the Stock Exchange. There was more inclination to await President Roosevelt's message to the Special Session of the U. S. A. Congress, which is meeting to-day.

There was scattered realising in Tata Steel shares, which resulted in a steady decline, but low prices induced some covering. Cotton Mill shares were steady with a moderate business.

On the whole the market was quietly steady and price fluctuations were narrow. The market will be guided by Washington developments.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1,047 and fluctuated between Rs. 1,050 and Rs. 1,036 and closed at Rs. 1,047. Century shares closed at Rs. 373. Central Indias were placed at Rs. 302. Kohinoors were quiet at Rs. 365. Simplex changed hands at Rs. 110 and Swadeshi shares closed at Rs. 298.

Associated Cement shares closed at Rs. 152 and Andhras were quiet at Rs. 1,580. Hydros changed hands at Rs. 158 and Tata Powers after opening at Rs. 1,498 declined to Rs. 1,487.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,592 and after declining to Rs. 1,557 rallied to Rs. 1,575. Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 349. Bellapurs closed at Rs. 187 while Bombay-Burmas were done at Rs. 757 at the close.

TEXTILE SHARES.

Bombay, November 15.

	Rs.	As.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	401	9
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	1,047	9
100 CENTURY	273	2
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	302	8
100 COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	256	4
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	110	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	465	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-8-3	
100 Finlay (Rs. 2)	155	0
166 GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	220	10
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1 720	0
100 Indore	75	10
100 Khatau (Rs. 3)	150	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 10)	365	0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	640	0
250 Madras United	35	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	1,365	0
250 Model	55	8
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	126	4
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	315	0
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	46	8
100 Phoenix (nil)	295	0
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	85	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2 210	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	110	10
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	296	4
100 Swan	120	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,440	0
1000 Western (Rs. 10)	915	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118	0
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	30	10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,595	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	393	2
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	147	8
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3)	126	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5-8-3	
CEMENTS.		
100 Associated	152	0
INSURANCE.		
100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	970	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	10
20 Mercantile	55	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	8
200 Oriental (125)	4,650	0
10-50 Vulcan (Rs. 8)	7	13
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old	151	4
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1,580	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	2
50 BOMBAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	128	12
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6)	182	8
10 Broach	14	0
100 Karachi (4)	271	4
100 Poona (4)	212	8
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	195	0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	158	12
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 37-8)	1,487	8
RAILWAYS.		
950 Ahmedabad Prantij	950	0
100 C. Province	97	8
100 Dhond Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat	97	0
100 Mandra Bhon	37	0
100 Pachora Jamner	94	0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99	8
500 Tapti Valley	765	0
MININGS.		
9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	9	15
8sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	2	14
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Re. 1)	42	8
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	70	0
30 TATA STEEL DFD. (Rs. 36-3-6)	1,575	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 16)	349	0
MISCELLANEOUS.		
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	320	0
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 6)	187	8
200-250 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 13-12)	276	4
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	259	6
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12)	757	8
50 D. Conty. (Rs. 8)	255	10
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	4-15-6	
50 TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	100	8
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	152	8
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	50	8
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	527	8
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	450	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Bombay Dyeing (1042/8) 1047 1050 1036 1050 1047 1048 1047
Century (270) 272 267 272 272
Central India (301/4) 304 300 303 302
Kohinoor (365) 367 363 366 365
New Great (315) 316 312 313 315
Simplex (110) 111 109 111 110
Swadeshi (295) 296 293 296
Associated Cement (152/8) 153 153/4 152 152/8 152
Andhra (1582/8) 1585 1580
Tata Hydro (158/12) 158
Tata Power (1497/8) 1498 1497 1490 1492 1490 1487
Tram. Ord. (128/2) 128 128/12
T. Steel Dfd. (1587/8) 1592 1570 1557 1577 1570 1577 1575
T. Steel Ord. (350) 351 348 347 350 349 349/8 349
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (167/4) 168 168/12
Bellapur (188/2) 188 186 188 187
B. Steam (256/4) 256 257 256 258 259
B. Burma (757/8) 757 753 760 757

GOVT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 15.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 100/6
3 per cent 1951/54 102/6
4 per cent 1941 103/14
per cent U P Bonds 97
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 98/12
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106/10
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 108/9
4 per cent 1960/70 113/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 119/12
5 per cent 1939/44 105/1
5 per cent 1940/43 108/2
5 1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan 103/2

TAX FREES.

4 per cent 1953/63 112/4
5 per cent 1955 123
5 per cent 1945/55 120/11
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 103/4

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

per cent B P T 1974 109/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 109
5 per cent M Deb 1949 118/8
5 per cent 1954 131/8
5 per cent K P T 1956 131/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper remained practically unchanged at Rs. 98/12 and finally closed at Rs. 98/11/6.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 13.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.—

	Del.
Amr. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	44
Amr. Forn. Power Com.	5
Amr. Forn. Power Gold D 5 p.c.	60
Electric P and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	49
Columbia Gas	11
American Tel. and Tel.	151 1/2
Western Union Telg.	30 1/2
Canadian Pacific Rly.	8
New York Central Rly.	20 1/4
U. S. Rubber	29
Steel of Canada	62
Boeing Airplane	24
4 1/2 per cent Int. Tel. and Tel.	83
Bethelehem Steel	55
Ludlum Steel	20
United States Steel	68 1/2
Amr. Car Foundary	23
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	8 3/4
Amr. Rolling Mills	25
Youngstown Sheet	43
Anaconda Copper Mining	31 1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	44 3/4
General Motors	49 1/4
General Electric	42 1/4
Socony Oil	16 3/4
Chase Bank	33 1/2
National City Bank	30
Imp. Oil of Canada	18
Amr. Can	89
4 1/2 per cent Japan	68
5 1/2 per cent Japan	78

Market steady but quiet; reaction unimportant. Outlook still good. Turnover 510,0000 shares.

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Nov. 15.

November	226.50+50
January	224.30—40
February	223.80—90
March	224.00—90
May	223.40—90

1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	780	0
30 PREMIER CON. (Rs. 2-15)	91	0
15 Scindia	27	8
25 Ttata Oil Mill	34	0
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,515	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	285	0
7 p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	75	0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	537	8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	108	0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	103	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	150	10
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power X.D.	1,557	8
6 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	202	8
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	168	12
7 p.c. Vishnu	703	12
DEBENTURES.		
3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	8
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	109	0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	52	0
7 p.c. Sholapur	83	12
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	109	6

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List).

HOPEFUL UNDERTONE ON CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Calcutta, Nov 12

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co. have issued the following report:—

The period under review was a short working session as Thursday and Friday were holidays on account of Gopastmi and Jagadhatri Poojah. The week opened with a more hopeful undertone in Iron and Steel shares. The bear raid seems to have exhausted itself and on account of assuring news from London about the maintenance of the present level of prices of Pig Iron and manufactured steel goods till end 1938 the bear account is being squared up gradually. A substantial account has still to be covered. The U. S Steel common is gradually improving. The nadir of price levels has touched and so there is every prospect of gradual improvement in Indian Iron and Steel shares. After touching the low level of 41/8 the market gradually improved to 45. The coal section in sympathy followed the fluctuations in Iron shares and on balance it was a subdued section. It is reported that the Railway requirements on account of increased raisings from Railway Collieries will fall short by ten lakhs of tons in their public tenders and this may result in prices being unduly inflated. We think Deshergarh and Poniati seams collieries will quote Rs. 5/8 or about and good second class coals 4/8 or about. There will therefore be a substantial margin of profits and the leading counters such as Bengal, Equitable, West Jamria, Bokaro-Ramgarh, New Beerbhoom, Dhemo Main will be good to pick up at all setbacks. Burma Corporation—the unfortunate scrip—has met with a constant hammering especially at every bear raid. The price of this scrip at one time touched as low as 9/9 but with improvement in quotations of Indian Iron the quotation gradually hardened to Rs. 10. Indian Copper were quoted as low as 2/11 but recovered to Rs. 3. Rhodesian copper receding to Rs. 2/3 firmed up to Rs. 2/6. B. B. Petroleum hovered round 5/1. The other feature of interest has been a slight improvement in Jute shares consequent upon the prospects of an early settlement with 'outside mills' being bright. We believe some new working agreement will be arrived at on account of the manufacturing profits dwindling day by day. Better sense should prevail with those at the helm of affairs.

COAL

The leading counter Bengal Coal touching as low as 362 improved to 375. Equitable receding to 41 were quoted at 42/2. Bokaro-Ramgarh were ruling at 21, New Birbhoom 24, receding to 22/12, Dhemo Main at 13/12, Burra Dhemo at 5/4, Aldih at 5, Nazira at 10/4, West Jamuria 32/12, South Karanpura 7/12, Sendra 14/8, Searsole 6/12, Raneegunj 39/4, Pench Valley 41/4, North Damuda 7/14, Mundulpore 10/8, Khas Kajora 13/8, Hurriladih 18/14, East Indian 29/4, Burrakur 17/14, Borrea 17/4, Bhalgorah 6/2, Bansra 5/14, Amalgamated 27/4, Standard 36, Katras—Jherriah 27, Union 25, Bengal Nagpur Coal 32/12.

Cotton: Hardly anything of interest to record Kesoram were marked at 7/6. Cawnpore Textiles 2/6, New Victoria ord 1/5, Dunbar ord were recorded at 176, Elgin Mills improved to 120 from 116.

Jute: There was a better tone in this section, Howrah were quoted at 52/4, Kamarhatty at 500, Kanknarrah at 400, Anglo India at 326, Bally at 178, Barnagore at 132, Delta at 370, Fort Gloster at 463, Gourepore at 570, India at 315, Kinnison at 562, Auckland at 172, Naihati at 415, Clive 23/8, National 21/12, Agarpara 19, Empire 28, Northbrook 37, Reliance 63.

MISCELLANEOUS

Indian Iron and Steel were a rising market business being done upto 45/12 in the Bhitar Bazar on Friday evening. Steel Corporation of Bengal ord were quoted at 7/10, Pref at 84. Hukumchand Steel ord were no better than 11/12, Deferred 3/2, Burn and Co ord hovered round 298. Indian Steel and Wire Products deferred were taken at 416. I. C. ord were good at 3/15, Consolidated Tin sagging to 6/10 stiffened to 7/2, Tavoy Tin were reported at 2/4, Dunlop Rubber ord were done at 18/4, Kalimpong Ropeway at 12/12. In sugar section Murray Brewery were quoted at 14/12, Carew Sugar were unavailable at 15/12, Sellers being reserved. India General were marked at 117, Bengal Paper ord at 104, Muttra Electric at 10/14. Reserve Bank moved in the region of 125.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Broach A/M. 1938 op. 162 3/4; highest 163 1/4; lowest 161; closing 161 1/2.

Oomra D/J. op. 145; highest 145 3/4; lowest 144; closing 144 1/4

Oomra March op. 146 1/2; highest 146 1/2; lowest 144 3/4; closing 144 3/4.

Bengal D/J. op. 130 1/2; highest 130 1/2; lowest 128 1/2; closing 129 1/4.

Bengal March op. 130 1/4; highest 130 1/4; lowest 128 3/4; closing 128 3/4.

Jeji/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-11-37) Rs. 4 1/2.

Jeji/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs. 18.

COTTON OUTLOOK

Messrs. Breul and Co. state:—

"Our prices have for long been and still remain hopelessly out of parity with Americans, and with no loan facilities available in this country to absorb the surplus of a normal crop, our cotton is entirely dependent for support on the Mill Industry of the World and will have to be available at competitive prices before it can hope to attract Buyers. With Japan certain to curtail purchases and World Trade generally on the decline, the prospects look to us to be far from bright and seem to point to lower rather than to higher prices for our commodity.

We feel that our friends will be very unwise to be influenced by temporary upturns into taking a 'bull' position and we continue to counsel patience."

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Nov. 15.

March	54.00
April	54.00

WAL

Regd. No B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No B. 1065

DR. WOHLING'S
GONOMED DRAGEES
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ANY STAGES—Acute or Chronic.
A FEW TABLETS WILL SHOW IMMEDIATE RESULTS.
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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1937

Millowners' S. O. S. To Premier Kher

Strike Situation Critical

Ahmedabad Appeal For Immediate Govt. Action

AHMEDABAD, November 15.

The workers of two more mills have struck work bringing the total number of mills to 19.

The "United Press" understands that the Millowners' Association has sent an S. O. S. to the Premier and to the Home Minister, Bombay Government, stating that the condition has become critical as the strikers are getting violent and are intimidating loyal workers.

The message requests for immediate Government action.—United Press.

Police Hold Up Red Flag Procession Near City

AHMEDABAD: November 15.

A procession of the Red Flag Union paraded through the mill area this morning. When the procession reached the City, it was stopped by the Police near Panchkuva on the plea of hindrance to traffic.

The processionists, therefore, had to change their route. After parading through the principal routes, it ended in a meeting, where speeches were made by the Kamdar Union leaders asking the workers to keep faith in their strength and not to take a step back. The strike was powerful enough, but what was wanted was absolute loyalty of strikers and the iron will to face difficulties make sacrifices and to see that justice was a thing which could not be denied even to workers.

A meeting of the Strike Committee appointed by the Kamdar Union, resolved to call a General Strike.—United Press.

ADDITIONAL POLICE FOR MILL AREA

AHMEDABAD, November 15.

The mill strike situation is taking a turn for the worse.

The operatives of five more mills downed tools this morning and walked out of the mill.

There was tense excitement in the mill area. Additional police have been drafted to the mill area and lathi police have been stationed at strategic centres.

The total number of mills affected is seventeen and the total number of strikers 8,000.

Meanwhile, millowners are in conclave to find out ways and means to combat the strike and strict secrecy is being observed as to what they propose to do.

Various schemes are being put forward by millowners but there seems to be fundamental differences among them.

Meanwhile, Labour leaders are addressing meetings of the strikers calling upon them to fight till the bitter end.—United Press.

POLICE "BUNDOBUST"

AHMEDABAD: Nov. 15.

Additional Police has been drafted to the Ahmedabad Mill-area and Lathi Police are stationed at strategic centres.

OUT TO FIGHT "RED FLAG" MENACE

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 14.

The strike situation becomes more and more grave day by day. The influence "Red Flag" is increasing among the strikers.

Millowners view the crisis alarmingly. They are holding meetings daily to consider the situation. No conclusion seems to have been arrived at.

Several schemes to combat the strike are understood to have been discussed. One of the schemes discussed is reported to be closing of the night shifts, thus rendering about 40,000 men idle. They believe that this will tire out workers. They opine that there could be only one Union to represent workers' grievances and are determined not to yield to any coercion by an unrecognised agency.

Meanwhile the strike is spreading.

Tenants of Worli Chawls marched in procession with placards to the meeting where a reception was held in honour of the Ministers.

GOVT. MOVE OPPOSED

Holders Of Lands Forfeited During C. D. Won't Part With Them

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 15.

It is learnt that the people who purchased lands confiscated by Government during the Civil Disobedience days are declining to re-sell them to Government at cost price. Some refuse to sell at all, while others demand the present price.—A. P.

Textile Labour Association's Rejoinder To Mill Kamdar Union

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 14.

In a statement to the Press, the Textile Labour Association refutes the allegation of the Mill Kamdar Union that the Association is trying to break the strike.

The Association says that it can have no hand in breaking the strike and warns the labourers against "insidious" anti-Mahajan propaganda.

"Mahajan had always worked for labourer's welfare. What it wants is consolidation of workers by asking them not to be misled by Red propaganda at this critical juncture", adds the statement.—United Press.

Special Printing Press For Haripura Session

BARDOLI: November 15.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Reception Committee of the ensuing session of the Indian National Congress was held to-day at Swaraj Ashram, Bardoli, Mr. Manilal C. Shah, Vice-Chairman, in the absence of the Chairman, presiding.

It was resolved that Mr. Laxmidas Purshottamdas Asar, of Sabharmati Ashram, be placed in charge of the General Store Department. He was also authorised to purchase provisions for which a sum of Rs. 45,000 was sanctioned.

A Publicity Committee, with Mr. Valji Desai of Sabharmati Ashram as President, was appointed. This Committee has been asked to start its office at Haripura from December 1.

The proposal put forward by Mr. Ravishanker Raval for the collection of exhibits of fine arts and crafts was sanctioned, and a provision of Rs. 1,000 was made for the purpose.

It was resolved that a special printing press for the Congress session work be set up in Vithal Nagar and Rs. 8,000 was sanctioned for the purpose.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel came here from Rajkot on the 11th instant and visited Haripura village, which has been selected as the venue for the Congress session. He also inspected the progress of construction of the Nagar and made several suggestions.—United Press.

CONGRESSMEN TO EXPLAIN PRINCIPLES TO VILLAGERS

An A. P. Message adds:—

Brisk preparations are being made by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and others for the Haripura Congress session.

It has been decided to open a printing press for work in connection with the session, as there is no printing press nearby.

It has also been decided by the Propaganda Committee to take out small batches of Congressmen on foot through an area of about twenty miles to explain to the people the principles of the Congress, and appeal to them to clean their villages, and give up drink and put on Khadi, etc.—A.P.

Rates Of Fees And Rents

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Nov. 14.

A meeting of the Working Committee of the Haripura Congress Reception Committee was held yesterday, Mr. Manibhai Chaturbhai Patel in absence of Darbar Gopaldas was in the Chair.

The meeting fixed rates for stalls and shops, which are to be erected at Vithalnagar and also for family quarters Rs. 100; and for delegates and visitors Rs. 5 and Rs. 6 respectively. For lodging during Congress Sessions Rs. 10 for first class, Rs. 5 for second class, Rs. 2 for third class and Re. 1 for fourth class visitors was fixed.

SECTION 144 IN SHOLAPUR

Persons Guilty Of Violence To Be Dealt With

WHY MEETINGS ARE PROHIBITIED

The Director of Information Bombay writes:

Since August last the Red Flag Union of Sholapur has been carrying on agitation for the removal of all restrictions on the members of the Criminal Tribes Settlement at Sholapur including the repeal of the Criminal Tribes Act and has been organising meetings at which intemperate speeches have been made inciting settlers to indiscipline and disobedience of the rules of the Settlement.

The Criminal Tribes Act is applied to certain classes of persons who are addicted to the systematic commission of non-bailable offences and the object of placing these persons in Settlements is to reform their criminal tendencies with a view to their release when they can be absorbed in the body of respectable citizens. The immediate repeal of the Criminal Tribes Act would in the opinion of experts result in some 10,000 members of criminal tribes being left to their own resources, and a considerable percentage of these persons would, without the help and support at present given them by the Settlement Department, be unable to subsist otherwise than by crime.

QUESTION OF CRIMINAL TRIBES.

Government are however of opinion that the whole question of the Criminal Tribes Act and its administration requires investigation and reconsideration. The whole policy of Government in regard to members of so-called criminal tribes is being considered with a view to revision. A Committee was therefore appointed for this purpose at the beginning of last month which has already made progress with its enquiries. The terms of reference are very wide and the problem of the Criminal Tribes is being examined in all aspects. Full scope has been and is being given to all who may be willing to place any grievances or suggestions before the Committee. Nevertheless attempts to foment unrest among the settlers by the members of the Red Flag Union have not ceased and they are advising the settlers to defy all rules of discipline.

STATE of TENSION.

At the beginning of the last month the District Magistrate, Sholapur, considered that the state of tension and unrest created amongst the settlers was such that acts of violence were imminent. He was therefore authorised to issue an order under section 144, Criminal Procedure Code, prohibiting the holding of meetings and processions in the vicinity of the Settlement for a period of a fortnight. This order was extended for a further period of a fortnight and was thereafter allowed to lapse in the hope that the agitators would not resume their activities. This hope has however not been realised as intemperate speeches have continued to be made and have once again resulted in an atmosphere of violence in the Settlement.

MEETINGS PROHIBITED.

Three settlers, under outside influence, were giving trouble in the Settlement. As their activities were likely to create a difficult situation, orders were issued for their transfer to another Settlement. The District Magistrate now reports that when arrangements were made on the night of the 10th instant for the transfer of these men, a large crowd of settlers held up the cart conveying their families and began throwing stones with the result that the officers were forced to seek shelter within the office of the Settlement. The Medical Officer was injured by a stone and the police lorry had its windscreen smashed.

Government cannot tolerate a state of affairs in which the peace and safety of the settlers and officers are placed at the mercy of outside agitation and have decided to take all steps necessary to maintain peaceful conditions. They have accordingly authorised the District Magistrate to issue a fresh order under section 144, Criminal Procedure Code, prohibiting meetings and processions as on the previous occasion and to deal adequately with persons who may be guilty of offences involving violence.

Maharashtra Physical Culture Conference

BARODA, Nov. 14.

The forthcoming session of the Maharashtra Physical Culture Conference will be held here on December 24 and two following days under the presidency of Raja of Aundh. His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda has consented to inaugurate the Conference.

Sardar Dattatraya Mazumdar is the Chairman of the Reception Committee.—United Press.

Govt. Help To Sind Co-op. Bank

KARACHI, (By Mail).

Following the report submitted by Mr. C. B. B. Clee, Finance Secretary of Sind Government and Mr. B. T. Thakur, Agent of Central Bank, who were appointed to enquire into the financial position of the Sind Provincial Co-operative Bank, the Sind Government, it is understood have decided to financially support the Bank in order to relieve it from immediate burden.—A.I.

JULLUNDHUR:—With the object of encouraging re-marriage of widows among the Hindus, particularly of the orthodox section, the Vidhwa Vivah Sahaik Sabha, Punjab, Jullundhur has decided to hold a Conference at Bilga in the Phillaur Tehsil on November 20 and 21.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"THE BLACK"*

HURRY, ASSIM!--- ONCE INSIDE, THE POLICE WILL NEVER KNOW WE LEFT MY HOUSE AT ALL!
IT'S SURE MONOTONOUS WATCHING MR. HAMON'S HOUSE!
YOU BETTER STOP LEANIN' AGAINST THAT WALL--HERE COMES INSPECTOR WADE!
HOW LONG AGO DID HAMON LEAVE?
INSPECTOR, I BEEN WATCHING ALL EVENING ---HAMON NEVER LEFT HIS HOME AT ALL!
SEE?--- THERE HE IS NOW, AT THE DOOR! THAT PROVES HE NEVER WENT OUT!
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